The Kc value for the dissociation of iodine molecules into iodine atoms is 5.00x10⁻⁴ at TK.

$$I_2(g) \rightleftharpoons 2I(g)$$

An analysis was carried out on sample of iodine at TK and the following concentration were obtained [I₂]=0.02M and [I]=0.001M. which of the following is **TRUE**?

- A. Qc<Kc, reaction is moving forward
- B. Qc<Kc, reaction is moving backward
- C. Qc>Kc, reaction is moving backward
- D. Qc=Kc, reaction is at equilibrium
- At 25°C, the decomposition of N₂O₄ has a Kp value of 0.14.

$$N_2O_4(g) \Longrightarrow 2NO_2(g)$$

If the partial pressure of NO at equilibrium is 0.15 atm, what is the partial pressure of N_2O_4 in the mixture?

- A. 0.0032 atm C. 0.16 atm
- B. 0.15 atm
- D. 1.07 atm
- At 25°C, the value of Kp for the reaction

$$2NO_2(g) \Longrightarrow N_2O_4(g)$$

is 7.13. At equilibrium, the partial pressure of NO_2 in a container is 0.15atm. what is the partial pressure of N_2O_4 in the mixture?

- A. 7.13
- C. 0.16
- B. 0.15
- D. 0.17
- At 44°C, the value of Kc for the equilibrium

$$2HI(g) \Longrightarrow H_2(g)+I_2(g)$$

is 50. If at equilibrium, [HI]=0.5moldm $^{-3}$, what is [I₂]?

- A. 0.0025
- C. 0.0045
- B. 3.5355
- D. 0.0055
- 13. For the equilibrium

$$2HI(g) \rightleftharpoons H_2(g)+I_2(g)$$

the value of Kc is 50 at 445°C. If 0.75 mol each of H_2 and I_2 gas are placed in a 1.00dm⁻³ flask at 445°C, what are the concentrations of HI, H_2 and I_2 after equilibrium is established?

- A. 0.7, 0.7, 0.0992
- B. 0.8, 0.08, 0.0992
- C. 0.6, 0.7, 0.0992
- D. 0.7, 0.7, 0.7
- 14. For the Haber process

$$N_2(g)+3H_2(g) \Longrightarrow 2NH_3(g)$$

Kp=1.45x10⁻⁵ atm at 500°C In an equilibrium mixture of the three gasses, the partial pressure of H₂ is

0.928 atm and that of N_2 is 0.432 atm. What is the partial pressure of N_3 ?

- A. 0.432
- C. 1.45x10⁻⁵
- B. 0.928
- D. 2.24x10⁻³
- 15. Hydrogen iodide decompose according to the reaction

$$2HI(g) \rightleftharpoons H_2(g)+I_2(g)$$

If a certain temperature, 30% of HI has dissociated to achieve equilibrium and the total pressure is 2.0 atm, calculate the equilibrium constant, Kp.

- A. 0.15
- C. 2.0x10⁻²
- B. 0.3

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D. 4.6x10⁻²