

Emergencies ~

Home / Newsroom / Q&A Detail / Q&A on coronaviruses (COVID-19)

that	belong to each	section (1-8)?				
a. What	are the symptoms?		b. How does COVID s	pread?		
c. How	can we protect ourse	lves?	d. Is there a vaccine, drug or treatment?			
e. Can a	Can anyone with no symptoms spread the virus?		f. What is COVID 19?			
g. How I	How long does the virus survive on surfaces?		h. How can we stop the virus?			
i. What	should I do if I suspe	ect I have been infected?				
b. <u>Fill i</u>	n the gaps in ea	ch section with the	most appropriate	words.		
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	outbreak	pandemic	infectiou	ıs		
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chronic respiratory disease, and cancer are more likely to ______ serious illness. Most people (about 80%) recover from the disease without needing hospital treatment.



spreads prevent by alcohol based The best way to and slow down transmission is be well informed about the COVID-19 virus, the disease it causes and how it Protect yourself and others from infection washing your hands or using an rub frequently and not touching your face. 4? isolate minor guidance in advance seek If you have symptoms, such as a slight cough or a mild fever, there is generally no need to medical care. Stay at home, self and monitor your symptoms. Follow national on self-isolation. Seek immediate medical care if you have difficulty breathing or pain/pressure in the chest. If possible, call your health care provider, so he/she can direct y to the right health facility. 5? sink stainless droplets handrails sneezes cardboard spreads surfaces The disease primarily from person to person through small from the nose or mouth, which are expelled when a person with COVID-19 coughs,, or speaks. These droplets are relatively heavy, do not travel far and quickly to the ground. This is why it is important to stay at least 1 metre (3 feet) away from others. These droplets can land on objects and around the person such as tables, doorknobs and Studie have shown that the COVID-19 virus can survive for up to 72 hours on plastic and steel, less than 4 hours on copper and less than 24 hours on 6 ? People can become infected by touching these objects or surfaces, then touching the eyes, nose or mouth. This is why it is important to wash your hands regularly with so and water or clean with alcohol-based hand rub.						?
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not yet known how	often it happens.			
8				?
WHO (World He	alth Organisation)	vaccines	trials	updated
At this time, there a	re no specific	or treatr	ments for CO	VID-19.
However, there are	many ongoing clinical _		evaluating po	tential
treatments.	will continue to provide		ir	nformation as
soon as clinical find	ings become available.			

