HANDOUT 7 (UNIT 7)

PART 1: VOCABULARY

Task 1: Fill in each blank with the suitable given words in the box

resembles, wooden, Pillar, palaces, doctorates dynasty, aquarium, sword, wooden, construction

1. During this city tour, the kids can see different kinds of animals living under the sea in a(an) _____ in Times City of Hanoi.
2. Ly Thai To monument, which is a large bronze sculpture of Emperor Ly Thai To, founder of the Ly _____ of Vietnam, is situated opposite the "Guom Lake" in the centre of Hanoi.
3. The Forbidden Palace, China is home to some of the oldest _____ houses and buildings in the world. The material to make these structures is rare nowadays.
4. In front of the main house, tourists will find a big _____ surrounded by small trees and plants. This is an ideal place for outdoor performance in the evening.
5. Names of students who achieve the highest marks in the exam or the ones who get the _____ are crafted on stelae along in the courtyard of the Temple.
6. The _____ of the Tiananmen Square - a gate in the wall of the Imperial City, was designed and built in 1651, and has since been enlarged by four times its original size in the 1950s.
7. The center of the Nguyen Empire still stands in the Hue citadel complex, with its high stone walls and the _____ and temples behind them.
8. The structure of the pagoda _____ a lotus flower - a symbol of Vietnamese people.
9. Le Loi renamed the lake which has been a famous Hanoi landmark in the centre of Hanoi capital "Lake of the Returned _____".
10. Rising from one stone column in the centre of a square-shaped lotus pond, The One _____ Pagoda is said to represent a lotus flower growing up out of the water.

Task 2: Choose the correct answer for the following blank

1. In Mid-Autumn, the central park is decorated with many living things reflecting the ancient culture of Hanoi city. This helps to _____ the traditional things of a thousand – year – old city.

A. preserve B. design C. build

2. Our capital Hanoi is famous for _____ with unique and modern architecture such as the Keangnam Hanoi Landmark Tower, Lotte Tower, Hanoi Museum.

A. monuments B. pagodas C. works

3. We are going to visit the _____ where the Queen and King lived in the past. As you can see it stands on the west bank of the river.

A. pavilion B. mausoleum C. palace

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4. The _____ Lake - one of the most peaceful and quiet places in the centre of Hanoi capital city- attracts tourists all over the world and locals as well to visit every day.

A. Sword B. Returned C. Sword Return

5. This Lake is also famous for ancient Turtle tower, The Huc bridge and Ngoc Son temple and many other places nearby such as the Old Quarter and the Ly Thai To _____.

A. mausoleum B. monument C. pagoda

6. Of the tourist attractions that travellers should visit in Hanoi is the historical construction-Ho Chi Minh _____. This is the rest place of our beloved great father.

A. mausoleum B. monument C. pagoda

7. The Temple of Literature was built of wood on a single stone pillar. It was _____ to resemble a lotus blossom, the symbol of purity, rising out of a sea of sorrow

A. named B. designed C. preserved

8. The One Pillar Pagoda was constructed by the _____ Ly Thanh Tong from 1028 to 1054.

A. doctors B. emperor C. royalty

Task 3: Complete the sentences with the correct words basing on the first given letter

1. The Temple of Literature was built as a university in 1070 and it was only for the children from royal families or the r_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ to study there under Ly Thanh Tong's dynasty.
2. Nowadays, the people in Hanoi can also have a look at the under-sea living animal shows such as the dolphin or whale shows in the a_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ of Bao Son Paradise park.
3. Directly to the north of Tiananmen Square, tourist can find another famous l_ _ _ _ _ _ called the Forbidden Palace – a must-see place in China.
4. China is home to many of the world's most exciting landmarks and among these are Tiananmen Square and Forbidden P_ _ _ _ _.
5. Tianamen Square is the largest square in the world. At the center of the square, you will see the m_ _ _ _ _ _ _ to remind everybody of the People's Heroes of the country.
6. There are a total of 82 tombstones with names and origins of 1,307 d_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ in the Temple of Literature – the first university in Vietnam.
7. With super-light g_ _ _ _ panels that can hold up to 10 people, the Skywalk of Lotte Tower, Hanoi gives visitors a more realistic feeling when looking at the beautiful city at their feet.
8. Bao Son Paradise Park is l_ _ _ _ _ _ on a large space, just 6 km far from the National Convention Center, is an entertainment area with the combination of traditional and modern factors.

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9. One Pillar Pagoda, which is often used as a s_ _ _ _ _ for Hanoi, is one of the most special architectures in Vietnam.
10. Visiting the Temple of Literature you will discover historic buildings from the Ly and Tran d_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ in a place that has seen thousands of doctors graduated in.

PART 2: GRAMMAR

Task 1: Choose the best option for each blank in the following passage about My Dinh National Stadium

My Dinh National Stadium is a multi-use stadium in Nam Tu Liem district, Hanoi, Vietnam. My Dinh National Stadium is the second largest national stadium in Vietnam after Can Tho stadium. It (1) _____ a capacity of 40,192 seats and is the centerpiece of Vietnam's National Sports Complex. It (2) _____ in September 2003 and (3) _____ the main venue for the Southeast Asian Games later that year, hosting the opening and closing ceremony as well as the men's football and athletics events. The first match on My Dinh Stadium (4) _____ between Vietnam U23 and Shanghai Bodybuilding Club (China). In addition, this (5) _____ as the venue for the Opening Ceremony of the 3rd Asian Indoor Games held on October 30 - November 8, 2009. In July 2007, My Dinh Stadium (6) _____ one of four stadiums in four different countries hosting the Asian Cup.
My Dinh stadium (7) _____ with 4 stands (A, B, C, D) in which stands A and B with a 2-storey roof design. Stands C and D (8) _____ with 1 floor, no roof. The main side of the yard is 105 meters by 68 meters.

1. A. has B. have
2. A. officially opened B. was officially opened
3. A. were B. was
4. A. was held B. was hold
5. A. was use B. was used
6. A. became B. was become
7. A. is designed B. designed
8. A. are designed B. designed

Task 2: Choose the correct verbs given to fill in each blank in the following sentences

1. **(started, built, finished)**

A: When was the Temple _____ ?
B: The construction _____ in 1998 and it _____ in 2000.

2. **(constructed, married, handed, gave)**

Legend has it that, in the dream of a fatherless emperor, Quan The Am Bo Tat _____ him a male child. After that, he _____ a young peasant girl and _____ birth to a baby boy. The emperor _____ this pagoda to show his gratitude to her.

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3. **(built, produced, designed, worked)**

Marks and Barfield _____ and _____ the London Eye in less than 16 months. More than 1.700 people _____ on building the work and many parts of its was _____ in other countries.

4. **(made, began, coated, put)**

Finally, on August 5th, 1884, workers _____ building the Statue of Liberty's pedestal, or foundation, on a small island in New York Harbor. The statue is _____ of a covering of pure copper, _____ on a framework of steel with the exception of the flame of the torch, which is _____ in gold leaf.

5. **(lived, was, were, ruled)**

China is over 5000 years old. In the beginning, there were many tribes that _____ in China. From the 21st century BC until 1911, China was _____ by different dynasties. The Xia dynasty _____ the first ruling family. Other dynasties _____ the Han, Yuan, Ming, and Qing.

Task 3: Identify one error in the following sentences and correct it.

For example: A. went

0. Yesterday I go (A) to the disco with (B) my boyfriend and we had (C) a great time (D) there.

1. The landmark rebuilt (A) several times and the work wasn't (B) stopped until (C) 1957 with its (D) present appearance.
2. The palace we was visited (A) this afternoon is further up (B) the hill. This area is known (C) as the place where the King and Queen used (D) to live in the past.
3. King Ly Thai Tong married (A) a young girl and had (B) a son after his dream. As a way of (C) expressing his thanks for this event, a pagoda was constructed him (D) in 1049.
4. Designed (A) by Callison, an (B) American company, Lotte Tower completed (C) on 2nd September 2014 as a center that features (D) a modern architectural style.
5. The wheel of London Eyes developed (A) in the Netherlands while (B) the experts in (C) the Czech Republic and Italy made (D) some of its metal parts.
6. Katoomba open (A) only 3 years ago but (B) it has already been (C) one of Northern Africa's most famous resorts (D) in this area.
7. This Tower was not named (A) after the person who was built (B) it, actually it was named (C) by its (D) designer.
8. The city needed (A) a new stadium because the old ones was (B) not large enough for (C) the number of supporters going to see (D) matches every weekend.
9. Tourists can see the (A) magnificent twin towers (B), the Arts Hotel and the Mapfre Tower which constructed (C) overlooking the (D) port.
10. Our next stop in (A) Barcelona is the famous Magic fountains named (B) *Placa d' Expanya*. It locates (C) in the 'Spain Square' opposite (D) the National Palace.

PART 3: LISTENING

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Task 1: Listen to a conversation between a tour guide and tourists taking about Forbidden Palace and answer the following questions WITH NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS AND/OR A NUMBER from the recording

1. What thing does the guide remind tourists to prepare when visiting the Forbidden Palace?
2. How many square meters does the palace cover?
3. When did the construction of the palace begin?
4. What materials does the palace have for some of its structures?

Task 2: Listen and put the words in the column on the right into the correct spaces.

Time stands still in London

Time (1) _____ still in London on May 27. Big Ben, the 147-year-old clock that is famous around the world, mysteriously (2) _____ for 90 minutes. The clock's minute hand (3) _____ at 10.20 PM and then (4) _____ moving again at 11.50 PM. Engineers are baffled and cannot explain why the clock stopped. It is usually very reliable and rarely loses even one second.	started stood stopped froze
Big Ben is well known for both its accuracy and its hourly chimes. It miraculously (5) _____ the bombing attacks on London during World War II. It even (6) _____to keep time to within one and a half seconds of GMT (Greenwich Mean Time). However, it hasn't always been so reliable: snow (7) _____ the clock to ring in the New Year ten minutes late in 1962.	survived managed caused
Many people mistakenly believe Big Ben is either the name of the clock itself or of the clock tower. In fact, it is neither. Big Ben is the name of the 13-ton bell that (8) _____ on every hour. It was (9) _____after Sir Benjamin Hall, who (10) _____the clock's construction. The official name for the tower that houses Big Ben is St. Stephen's Tower.	ordered named strikes

PART 4: READING

Task 1: Read the passage about Lotte Center and answer the following questions WITH NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS from the passage

Lotte Center Hanoi, a 272m high sky garden tower in Hanoi, Vietnam is a celebration of Vietnamese culture and sustainable design. Completed on 2 September 2014, the center features a modern architectural style designed by Callison, an American company. This tower is the second highest building in Hanoi after the Keangnam Hanoi Landmark Tower in Cau Giay district.

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The tower's unique architecture is inspired by Vietnam's traditional long dress, the ao dai. Besides, the unique design with high-strength glass panels on all four sides of the building, allowing daylight in the sun, Lotte Center allows you to see the capital closer than ever before, reducing every Space constraints

Tourists can have chance to experience the transparent glass balcony, called Skywalk in this centre. With super-lightweight glass panels that can hold up to 10 people, the Skywalk gives visitors a more realistic feel when looking at this beautiful city at their feet. The balcony area is designed to allow visitors to project 360-degree visibility to the entire city. Look we are here and we can see streets and people below.

1. What is the second highest tower in Hanoi?
2. What is the design of the tower inspired by?
3. What material is used to make the tower with daylight in the sun?
4. How is the feeling of walking on the Skywalk in this Tower described?

Task 2: Read the passage and fill in each blank with NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS AND A NUMBER from the passage.

Explore Hanoi, the thousand-year capital of Vietnam, on a full-day tour with a friendly, knowledgeable guide. Witness the city's many ancient monuments, enjoy a meal of traditional Vietnamese food for lunch, and sit back for a ride in the Old Quarter via a pedal-powered cyclo.

Get picked up from your hotel in Hanoi and begin a day-long exploration of one of Vietnam's most important cultural centers. Visit the Ho Chi Minh Mausoleum, an important location in modern Vietnamese history and the final resting place of Ho Chi Minh, the country's former leader. Afterward, visit Tran Quoc Pagoda, the oldest in the city at almost 1,400 years. Continue to Quan Thanh Temple - a Taoist temple - and then the Temple of Literature, a Confucian temple constructed in 1070 that housed the country's first national university.

Eat lunch at a local restaurant before visiting the Ethnology Museum, a unique museum that focuses on Vietnam's 54 officially recognized ethnic groups, and is considered to be Vietnam's finest modern museum. Next, board a pedal-powered cyclo for a leisurely tour around Hoan Kiem Lake. Enjoy exploring Hanoi's Old Quarter before getting dropped off back at your hotel.

Summary:

Let's explore Hanoi, the ancient (1) _____ city of Vietnam on a full-day tour by seeing lots of old monuments, enjoying traditional Vietnamese food and travelling round the Old Quarter by (2) _____. Tourists can visit (3) _____, Vietnam's former leader final resting place first, then go to Tran Quoc Pagoda, Quan Thanh Temple and the Temple of Literature in the morning, enjoy lunch at (4) _____ before coming to the Ethnology Museum, going around (5) _____ to explore Hanoi's Old Quarter in the afternoon.

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