

PRESENT CONTINUOUS

The Gerund

Rules to form verb with ING (GERUND)

- Most verbs take **ING**
TALK-TALKING
WORK-WORKING
- Verbs ending in **-Y**, just add **-ING**
PLAY-PLAYING
- Verbs ending in **-E**, drop the **E** and add **ING**.
DANCE-DANCING
MAKE-MAKING
- Verbs ending in a stressed vowel between two consonants, double the consonant and add **ING**
SWIM-SWIMMING
SIT-SITTING
- Verbs ending in **-IE**, drop the **-IE** and add **-Y + -ING**
LIE-LYING
DIE-DYING



SEE-SEEING
AGREE-AGREEING



1) Choose the correct option. (Elegir la opción correcta)

1. Come (venir): _____
2. Be (ser-estar): _____
3. Stay (quedarse-permanecer) : _____
4. Mop (fregar-limpiar): _____
5. Do (hacer): _____
6. Water (regar): _____
7. Bake (hornear): _____
8. Die (morir): _____
9. Fly (volar): _____
10. Flee (huir): _____
11. Run (correr) : _____
12. Sleep (dormir) : _____



How do we form the Present Continuous?

I am playing football at the moment.

Subject + verb to be + verb-ing + Complement

I / You /
He/ she/ it/
we / you/ they

AM
IS
ARE

Playing
Living
Reading
writing

At the moment
Right now
A book

POSITIVE SENTENCES



What are they doing? (¿Qué están haciendo?)

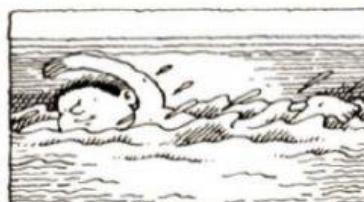
2) Choose a verb from the box and describe the pictures. Use the Present Continuous (Elegir un verbo del cuadro y describir las imágenes. Usar presente continuo) La primer oración está hecha como ejemplo.

write sleep talk drink swim eat run read play sing cook dance



She is drinking

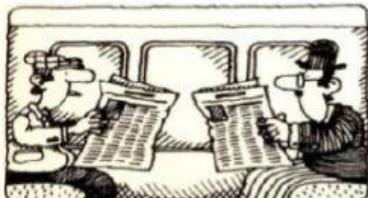
We



I



You



How do we form the Present Continuous?

We are not playing football at the moment.
aren't

Subject + verb to be + NOT + verb-ing + Complement

Am not ('m not)
Is not (isn't)
Are not (aren't)



NEGATIVE SENTENCES

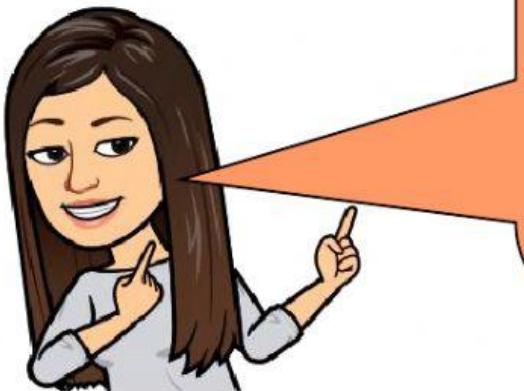
3) Choose five sentences from exercise 2) and turn them into the negative. (Elegir 5 oraciones del ejercicio 2 y cambiarlas a negativo)

4) For example: She is dancing → She **isn't** dancing

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

Present continuous- questions

QUESTIONS



Recuerden que para las preguntas tenemos que hacer un cambio de lugares.

She is Reading

Is she Reading?

Pay attention! Pregunto con verbo **to be** → respondo con verbo **to be**

Is she Reading? Yes, **she is** / No, **she isn't**.

Are you studying? Yes, **I'm** / No, **I'm not**

Are they sleeping? Yes, **they are** / No, **they aren't**

5) Answer the questions - Use short affirmative (+) and negative (-) answers.

(Responder las preguntas- usar respuestas cortas afirmativas (+) y negativas (-))

1. (-) Is she reading a comic? No, she isn't
2. (+) Are they climbing a tree? _____
3. (-) Are you sleeping? _____
4. (+) Is Susan playing the piano? _____
5. (-) Are they doing the shopping? _____
6. (-) Is she wearing red trousers? _____