Task 1: Choose the best answer

C. CodonD. Anti-codon

A. mRNAB. Amino acidC. CodonD. Anti-codon

8. The complement to a codon is called ______.

9. What is the nitrogen base complement to Adenine in RNA?

1. Choose the statement(s) that describe DNA replication? A. Is the process by which DNA makes a copy of itself during cell division. B. The separation of the DNA into two single strands. C. follow 4 steps according to 4 enzymes' function. D. All of the above. 2. What process results in each chromatid of a chromosome having identical genetic information? A. DNA replication B. Protein synthesis 3. When does DNA replication occur? A. When the double helix structure of DNA unzip. B. When the DNA break a half. C. When one strand of the DNA is untwisted. D. When the nitrogen bases pair up with sugar phosphate strand. 4. Which of the following is the correct pairing of nitrogen bases? A. Adenine-Thymine & Guanine - Cytosine B. Cytosine - Thymine & Guanine - Adenine C. Guanine - Adenine & Guanine - Thymine D. Thymine - Guanine & Adenine-Cytosine 5. What's inside a cell that around the nucleus? A. Plasma membrane B. Ribosomes C. Cytoplasm D. Vacuoles 6. It's a small structure that produces protein. What is it? A. Endoplasmic Reticulum B. Ribosome C. Cytoplasm D. Nucleus 7. A sequence of three bases that codes for one amino acid is called a _____. A. mRNA B. tRNA



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A.	Ad	enine

- B. Guanine
- C. Cytosine
- D. Uracil
- 10. A substance found within all living things that forms the structure of muscles and organs is called _____.
 - A. Protein
 - B. Carbohydrates
 - C. Minerals
 - D. Vitamins



