

Unit 1: HOME LIFE

I. VOCABULARY: Choose the best answer A, B, C or D.

1. My father takes the responsibility _____ teaching us to study in the evening so that our homework has been finished before bedtime.
A. in B. to C. for D. at
2. My husband and I both go out to work so we share the _____.
A. happiness B. household chores C. responsibility D. employment
3. A(n) _____ child means a child who behaves badly and saddens his parents.
A. active B. hard-working C. obedient D. mischievous
4. He was very respectful at home and _____ to his parents.
A. responsible B. caring C. obedient D. lovely
5. He was looking at his parents _____, waiting for recommendations.
A. obey B. obedience C. obedient D. obediently
6. Whenever problems come up, we discuss them frankly and find solutions quickly.
A. happen B. encounter C. arrive D. clean
7. Billy, come and give me a hand with cooking.
A. help B. prepared C. be busy D. attempt
8. It's hard work looking _____ three children all day.
A. after B. up C. to D. through
9. - "You look great in this new dress." - "_____."
A. With pleasure B. Not at all
C. I am glad you like it D. Don't say anything about it.
10. - "What an attractive hair style you have got, Mary!" - "_____."
A. Thank you very much. I am afraid B. You are telling a lie
C. Thank you for your compliment D. I don't like your sayings

II. PRONUNCIATION: Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. A. parents B. enjoys C. boys D. speeds
2. A. nurses B. watchs C. chores D. dishs
3. A. cooks B. loves C. joins D. spends
4. A. advises B. raises C. devises D. goes
5. A. clothes B. cloths C. roofs D. books

Choose the word that has the stress pattern pronounced different from that of the others.

6. A. family B. father C. brother D. believe

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|-----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| 7. A. generally | B. biologist | C. mischievous | D. secondary |
| 8. A. hospital | B. mischievous | C. supportive | D. special |
| 9. A. confident | B. important | C. together | D. exciting |
| 10. A. possible | B. university | C. secondary | D. suitable |

III. GRAMMAR: Tense revision

Exercise 1: Choose the best answer A, B, C or D.

- This wine _____ in the cellar for 15 years. When we take it out and open it, it will taste beautiful!
A. was B. has been C. have been D. is
- I went out into the garden to fetch my bike, but I _____ that someone _____ it.
A. found – had stolen B. was finding – stole
C. found – stole D. was finding – had stolen
- Last week I _____ my scarf, and now I _____ my gloves.
A. lost – just lost B. lost – have just lost
C. had lost – just lost D. lost – am just losing
- In the last hundred years, traveling _____ much easier and more comfortable.
A. becomes B. has become C. became D. will become
- "Hurry up. What is taking you so long?" - "I _____ for an important phone call."
A. wait B. will wait C. am waiting D. have waited
- Robert is going to be famous some day. He _____ in three movies.
A. appeared B. had appeared
C. has appeared D. has been appearing
- "Where is Polly?" - "She _____."
A. is studying in her room B. in her room studying
C. study in her room D. has in her room studied
- What _____ about the new tax law?
A. are you thinking B. do you think
C. have you thought D. have you been thinking
- Next week when there _____ a full moon, the ocean tides will be higher.
A. is being B. is C. will be D. will have been
- Now he _____ a book about English. I don't think he will finish it.
A. writes B. has written C. wrote D. is writing
- You may leave the classroom when you _____ writing.
A. will finish B. are finishing C. have finished D. had finished
- _____ a noise just then?

A. Have you heard B. Were you hearing

C. Did you hear D. Are you hearing

13. My mother often _____ morning exercises.

A. do B. does C. doing D. has done

14. She _____ working on that manuscript for 2 years now.

A. will be B. has been C. had been D. is

15. I _____ there once a long time ago and _____ back since.

A. went / have not been B. go / am not
C. have gone / was D. was going / had not been

Exercise 2: Choose the words or phrases that are not correct in standard English

1. When I was a child, I was riding a tricycle to school.

A B C D

2. I can't come out because I didn't finish my homework yet.

A B C D

3. We'd better wait here until the rain will stop.

A B C D

4. When the film started, I already arrived ten minutes before.

A B C D

5. As a scientist, my father doesn't come home until very late at the night.

A B C D

IV. WRITING:

A. Using the given words to rewrite the following sentences.

1. When you phoned me, it was my lunchtime.
2. I have studied English for five years.
3. Sue cleaned the house. Then she fell asleep on the sofa.
4. Nancy hasn't been here since 1986.
5. How long have you studied English?

B. Choose the sentence that has the same meaning as the root one.

1. Someone knocked on the door during my lunchtime.
A. I had lunch when someone knocked on the door.
B. When I had had lunch, someone knocked on the door.
C. I was having lunch when someone was knocking the door.
D. I was having lunch when someone knocked the door.
2. I have never felt happier than I do now.
A. I felt happier before. B. I feel happy now.

C. I have never felt happy.

D. I have always felt happy.

3. I / see / friend / you / moments / ago

A. I see a friend of yours a few moments ago.

B. I saw a friend of yours a few moments ago.

C. I have seen a friend of yours a few moments ago.

D. I saw a friend of you a few moments ago.

4. This / be / first time / I / be / a plane.

A. This is the first time I am on a plane.

B. This is the first time I will be on a plane.

C. This is the first time I have been on a plane.

D. This is the first time I was on a plane.

5. He has done this business for 20 years.

A. He started doing / to do this business 20 years ago.

B. He has started doing / to do this business 20 years ago.

C. He starts doing / to do this business 20 years ago.

D. He had started doing / to do this business 20 years ago.

V. READING:

A. Fill in each numbered blank with one suitable word or phrase.

There are many reasons (1) _____ taking regular time with our family is important:

It creates a place to listen, teach, learn, and express ourselves freely and safely.

It provides (2) _____ to discuss family joys, issues, and problems.

Family members can practice skills in a non-threatening atmosphere.

Families are a (3) _____ part of our society and the fabric of our communities - we spend (4) _____ time together to get our feelings of belonging, our values, support and understanding.

It helps (5) _____ family members together and feel safe in today's world where pressure can lead to family disintegration

1. A. that

B. why

C. when

D. which

2. A. opportunities

B. conditions

C. situations

D. circumstances

3. A. attractive

B. real

C. deep

D. basic

4. A. a

B. an

C. the

D. no article

5. A. keep

B. keeping

C. kept

D. with keeping

B. Read the passage and answer the questions below.

Jean spent her first few years in Hooper and her family moved to Otsego early in her life. She was only ten when her father died unexpectedly, leaving her mother to raise and support their family alone. Her mother soon went to work outside the home to provide for the family, and Jean, being one of the oldest, had to help care for her younger siblings. Although she had much responsibility at home, Jean thoroughly enjoyed school and was an excellent student. She went on to graduate 10th in her class at Otsego High School in 1953.

While still in high school, Jean met a young man named Charles "Chuck" Holly, at a dance in Alamo; and they were quite taken with each other. Over the next few years, their love for each other blossomed and

they were married on February 24, 1953, while Jean was still in school. At the time, Chuck was serving his country in the military, and had come home on leave to marry his sweetheart. Unfortunately, shortly thereafter, he was sent overseas to serve in Korea for the next fifteen months.

Upon his discharge, the couple settled into married life together in the Plainwell, Otsego area. To help make ends meet, Jean went to work at the collection bureau in Kalamazoo for a while, before taking a job at the cheese company in Otsego. In 1964, Chuck and Jean were overjoyed with the birth of their son, Chuck, who brought great joy into their lives. Jean remembered how her mother was always gone so much working after her father died and she did not want that for her son, so she left her job to devote herself to the role of a mother.

1. How old was Jean when her father passed away?

A. She was two years old B. She was five years old

C. She was ten years old D. She was nine years old

2. When did she go to graduate 10th?

A. In 1964

B. In 1953

C. In 1935

D. In 1946

3. What is Jean's husband's job?

A. A teacher

B. A military

C. A doctor

D. An engineer

4. Did Jean get married when she was a student?

A. Yes, she does

B. No, she didn't

C. Yes, she did

D. No, she

doesn't

5. What did Jean do to make ends meet?

A. She worked at the collection bureau.

B. She took a job the cheese company.

C. She taught at a high school

D. A and B are correct.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

1. Billy, come and give me a hand with cooking.

A. help

B. prepare

C. be busy

D. attempt

2. Whenever problems come up, we discuss them frankly and find solutions quickly.

A. happen

B. encounter

C. arrive

D. clean

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

1. Lily was always obedient to her mother's wishes.

A. disobedient

B. dutiful

C. submissive

D. well-behaved

2. We are a very close-knit family and very supportive of one another.

A. encouraging

B. helpful

C. sympathetic

D. subversive

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

1. We shall be looking an improvement in our work this term.

- A. in B. for C. from D. over

2. Whenever problems come....., we discuss them properly to find solutions quickly.

- A. up B. out C. down D. across

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences of the following questions.

1. Tom passed the test. James also passed the test.

- A. Tom, as well as, James passed the test. B. Tom, not James, passed the test.
C. Tom and James couldn't pass the test. D. Neither Tom nor James passed the test.

2. He does not smoke. He does not drink.

- A. He does not smoke but he drinks a lot. B. He neither smokes nor drinks.
C. Either does he smoke or does he drink. D. He smokes and drinks.

3. Nam had all the necessary qualifications. They didn't offer him the job.

- A. Despite having all the necessary qualifications, Nam was not offered the job.
B. They didn't offer Nam the job as he had all the necessary qualifications.
C. Nam had all the necessary qualifications, so they didn't offer him the job.
D. If Nam had had all the necessary qualifications, he would have been offered the job.