E7-TEST FOR UNIT 3

Find the word which has different sound in the underlined part.

1.	A. n<u>ea</u>r	B. l<u>ea</u>rn	C. d<u>ea</u>r	D. cl<u>ea</u>r
2.	A. knock<u>ed</u>	B. need<u>ed</u>	C. found<u>ed</u>	D. want<u>ed</u>
3.	A. v<u>o</u>lunteer	B. c<u>o</u>llage	C. c<u>o</u>mmunity	D. d<u>o</u>ctor
4.	A. prov<u>i</u>de	B. indiv<u>i</u>dual	C. s<u>i</u>tuation	D. ch<u>i</u>ldren
5.	A. t<u>u</u>tor	B. st<u>u</u>dent	C. <u>u</u>niversity	D. disc<u>u</u>ss
6.	A. cou<u>gh</u>	B. lau<u>gh</u>	C. enou<u>gh</u>	D. hi<u>gh</u>
7.	A. <u>c</u>ollect	B. <u>c</u>lean	C. <u>c</u>ity	D. <u>c</u>racker
8.	A. bl<u>a</u>nket	B. don<u>a</u>te	C. c<u>a</u>lorie	D. <u>a</u>llergy

Choose A, B, C or D for each gap in the following sentences

1. He ate a lot of fried food so he _____ fat quickly.

   A. get B. got C. gets D. will get

2. The Japanese eat a lot offish and healthy food, _____ they live for a long time.

   A. so B. because C. or D. but

3. Lan _____ English for more than a year but she can speak it very well.

   A. learns B. learn C. learned D. has learned

4. You should watch less TV because looking at screens in a long time _____ your eyes.

   A. hurt B. hurts C. is hurting D. to hurt

5. *Go Green* _____ people to recycle rubbish, such as glass, cans and paper.

   A. to encourage B. encourage C. encouraged D. has encouraged

6. *Be a Buddy* has _____ education for street children.

   A. given B. spent C. provided D. helped

7. He _____ books for poor children for years.

   A. has collected B. collects C. is collecting D. collected

8. Linh often uses her headphones when she listens to music _____ her parents don't like loud noise.

   A. so B. but C. because D. and

9. Ngoc loves _____ outdoors with trees and flowers.

   A. to be B. be C. being D. A & C

10. I think 10 years from now more people _____ going to work by bicycle.

    A. to enjoy B. will enjoy C. enjoying D. enjoy

LIVEWORKSHEETS

1. Volunteers can do general _____ such as clean-up project or home repair.

A. activities B. things C. labour D. jobs

2. My brother and I _____ a white tiger already.

A. have seen B. has seen C. see D. are seeing

3. I _____ blood twice, and _____ presents to sick children in the hospital recently.

A. donate - give B. donated - gave

C. have donated - have given D. have donated - gave

4. Volunteering is special _____ me because I can help others.

A. at B. for C. with D. to

5. How many novels _____ Charles Dickens _____?

A. did - write B. have - written C. did - written D. does - write

6. We _____ to Ha Noi several times, but last summer we _____ by train.

A. flew- went B. has flown – went

C. have flown - have gone D. have flown - went

7. She _____ blood twenty times so far.

A. donates B. has donated C. is donating D. to donate

8. He _____ lectures to foreign tourists about traditional food and games recently.

A. gives B. gave C. have given D. has given

9. They have decided to clean up the neighbourhood _____ it is full of rubbish.

A. so B. but C. although D. because

10. "Have you ever _____ to Sa Pa?

A. arrived B. been C. seen D. visited

11. We came to the remote village and _____ meals for homeless children.

A. cook B. offered C. do D. made

12. You should think of _____ the volunteer activities in your community.

A. taking in B. taking part in C. participating D. making

LIVEWORKSHEETS

13. Traditional volunteer activities include _____ moneyfor people in need, cooking and giving food.

A. rising B. raising C. getting D. taking

14. You can help young children by _____ them to do homework before or after school.

A. doing B. offering C. teaching D. helping

15. Let's collect and _____ warm clothes to homeless children in our city.

A. give away B. give back C. take off D. put on

16. To help people in remote areas, we can _____ transportation, such as giving rides to the elderly.

A. give B. bring C. provide D. donate

17. Let's help the street children because they have bad _____.

A. live B. living conditions

C. ways of life D. earnings

18. They have decided to ride to work _____ it is good for their health and the environment.

A. so B. but C. although D. because

19. Our school has a programme to _____ children from poor families in Ho Chi Minh City.

A. ask B. offer C. tutor D. volunteer

20. Americans _____ the tradition of volunteering and helping one another since the early days of the country.

A. have had B. has had C. had D. to have

Correct the tense in these sentences.

1. I have collected coins when I was a little boy.

_____

2. I see a real elephant when I went to Ban Don last year.

_____

3. We clean the beach last Sunday.

_____

4. I didn't see her for two weeks.

_____

5. Do you do your homework yet?

_____

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Put the verbs in brackets into the correct verb form.

1. I (**have**)_____ dinner when his friend called.
2. Joan (**travel**)_____ around the world.
3. We (not begin)_____ to study for the test yet.
4. Don't get on a bus while it (**run**)_____.
5. I (**invite**) them to my birthday party yesterday, however, they (**not come**)_____.
6. Look! Somebody (**clean**)_____ the room.
7. My brother (**begin**)_____ looking for a job in January.
8. Timson (**make**)_____ 13 films and I think her latest is the best.
9. She (**cook**)_____ at the moment. That's why she can't answer the phone.
10. She doesn't mind (**go**)_____ out in the evening.
11. I (**not see**)_____ him since we (**leave**)_____ school.
12. Football (**be**)_____ my favourite sport. I like (**play**)_____ it in my free time.
13. Jane (**leave**)_____ just a few minutes ago.
14. She (**be**)_____ extremely quiet since her husband died.

1. My hobby is carving eggshells and now I (**carve**)_____ nearly 100.
2. Going home from school yesterday, I (**help**)_____ an old man to go across the street.
3. Last Tuesday, I (**go**)_____ home late because there was a traffic jam near my school.
4. At Tet, my mother and her close friends often go to the hospitals to donate cakes, sweets and toys for the sick children there. She (**do**)_____ it for many years.
5. Lan never (**eat**)_____ Banh tet. She will try some this year.
6. Linh is my close friend. We (**know**)_____ each other for 5 years.
7. You ever (**do**)_____ volunteer work?

- Yes. I (**do**)_____ volunteer work last month.

8. I (**collect**)_____ hundreds of old books and clothes for street children so far.
9. My sister wants to raise funds for street children so she (**make**)_____ hundreds of postcards to sell them.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

I. Choose the correct word A, B or C for each gap to complete the following passage.

(1)_____ January 17th, 1995, a powerful earthquake hit the city of Kobe, Japan. Many buildings (2)_____ or collapsed.

Soon after the earthquake, people in Kobe (3)_____ working together to save their city. Neighbours pulled each other out (4)_____ collapsed buildings. Ordinary people (5) _____ out fires even before the fire trucks arrived. Volunteers in Kobe organized themselves into (6)_____. They worked out a system to send (7)_____to people who needed. Other teams searched for belongings in damaged stores and homes. Some people (8)_____ food, water, clothes, and electric generators to different part of the city. Some volunteers took (9)_____ of children who had lost their parents. Teams of volunteers from outside Japan helped, too.

Today, Kobe has been built. But people there still remember the outpouring of support they (10)_____ from all over the world back in 1995.

1.	A. in	B. at	C. on	D. from
2.	A. is burning	B. burned	C. burning	D. burn
3.	A. to begin	B. are beginning	C. begin	D. began
4.	A. into	B. of	C. on	D. with
5.	A. to put	B. putting	C. puts	D. put
6.	A. teams	B. pair	C. group	D. friends
7.	A. helped	B. helping	C. help	D. to help
8.	A. brought	B. bringing	C. brings	D. brought
9.	A. part	B. care	C. caring	D. note
10.	A. received	B. is receiving	C. have received	D. receiving

LIVEWORKSHEETS

II. Read the passage, and then choose the best answers.

Each country has many good people who take care of others. For example, some of students in the United States often spend many hours as volunteers in hospitals, orphanages or homes for the elderly. They read books to the people in these places, or they just visit them and play games with them or listen to their problems.

Other young volunteers go and work in the homes of people who are sick or old. They paint, clean up, or repair their houses, do the shopping. For boys who don't have fathers, there is an organization called Big Brothers. College students and other men take these boys to basketball games or on fishing trips and help them to get to know things those boys usually learn from their fathers.

Each city has a number of clubs where boys and girls can go and play games. Some of these clubs show movies or hold short trip to the mountains, the beaches, museums, or other places of interest. Most of these clubs use a lot of students as volunteers because they are young enough to understand the problems of younger boys and girls.

1. What do volunteers usually do to help those who are sick or old in their homes?

   A. They do the shopping, and repair or clean up their house.

   B. They tell them stories and sing dance for them.

   C. They cool, sew, and wash their clothes.

   D. They take them to basketball games.

2. What do they help boys whose fathers do not live with them?

   A. To learn things about their fathers.

   B. To get to know thing about their fathers.

   C. To get to know things that boys want from their fathers.

   D. To learn things that boys usually learn from their fathers.

3 .Which activities are NOT available for the students at the clubs?

   A. playing games B. learning photography

   C. going to interest places D. watching films

4. Why do they use many students as volunteers? – Because _____.

   A. they can understand the problems of younger boys and girls.

   B. they have a lot of free time.

   C. they know how to do the work.

   D. they are good at playing games and learning new things.

5. Where don't students often do volunteer work?

   A. hospitals B. orphanages C. clubs D. homes for the elderly

LIVEWORKSHEETS

VI. Read the letter and fill in the blank with the correct words.

Dear Grandma and Grandpa,

Hi. I'm on holiday (1)_____ Majorca with my friends, Tracy and Sharon. We arrived last Saturday. The first two days the weather wasn't very (2)_____, so we did some sightseeing. I (3)_____ lots of photographs. (4)_____ Wednesday we hired a car and (5)_____ out into the country. We (6)_____ for lunch at lovely little village and then in the (7)_____ we found a beautiful beach. Last night we went to (8)_____ disco. We didn't (9)_____ back till about 4 am, so we got up (10) _____ this morning and we decided to have a relaxing day by the hotel swimming pool. So that's where I am now.

VII. Use the words and phrases to form the sentences.

1. some/ she / bought / last weekend / interesting book.

_____

2. I/ love / basketball / volleyball/ watching/ and.

_____

3. teacher/ dances/ English/ gracefully/ my/ very.

_____

4. have to/ home/ I/ stay/ at/ because/ is/ raining/ it.

_____

5. Vietnam/ because/ beautiful/ I/ it/ is/ love/ very.

_____

6. born/ I/ in/ 1990/ was/ Vinh Phuc/ in.

_____

7. English lessons/ and/ I/ on/ have/ Monday/ Tuesday.

_____

8. passion/ swimming/ favourite/ my/ is.

_____

9. family/ here/ in/ moved/ my/ 2004.

_____

10. her/ Mary/ that/ are/ is/ those/ and/ students.

_____

LIVEWORKSHEETS

I. Circle the mistake and then correct it.

1. Frank has done his homework and then listened to music.
   A B
2. The children have put away their toys but they didn't make their beds yet.
   A B
3. Jim learned a lot since he started the language course.
   A B
4. Helen has finished her lunch and she went out to play.
   A B
5. They haven't seen each other since September when they have met at Mary's party.
   A B
6. Peter has bought a new MP3 player yesterday but I haven't seen it yet.
   A B
7. The hockey player hit his head on Friday and he was in hospital since then.
   A B

LIVEWORKSHEETS