

Name: .....

Date: .....



## UNIT 3:

# PEOPLES OF VIETNAM

## Part 1: Vocabulary

I. Match the adjectives in A with their opposite in B:

A

1. major
2. simple
3. modern
4. spoken
5. rich
6. developed
7. important

B

- a. written
- b. insignificant
- c. complicated
- d. minor
- e. basic
- f. poor
- g. traditional

II. Use some words from I to complete the sentences.

1. Many ethnic groups have their own languages, and some even have \_\_\_\_\_ languages.
2. People in some far-away mountainous regions still keep their \_\_\_\_\_ way of life.
3. Gathering and hunting still play a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ role in the economy of the Laha.
4. Ethnic peoples in the mountains have a \_\_\_\_\_ way of farming. They use \_\_\_\_\_ tools to do the farm work.
5. The Muong in Hoa Binh and Thanh Hoa are well-known for their \_\_\_\_\_ folk literature and their traditional songs.

**III. Match the word or phrase with its definition.**

1. shawl ( <i>khan pieu</i> )	a. a wheel for raising water to a higher level
2. costume	b. a field that is on the side of a hill and divided into layers that look like steps
3. terraced field	c. local trading site for highlanders to exchange food or hand-made product
4. stilt house	d. a traditional dance of a particular area or counted
5. waterwheel	e. a building used for the worship of a god or gods
6. folk dance	f. the largest stilt house in the village where village ceremonies and festivals take place
7. communal house	g. clothes that are typical of a particular place
8. temple	h. a metal disc that makes a loud deep sound when it is hit with a stick
9. gong	i. a house raised on piles over the surface of the soil
10. open-air market	j. a large piece of cloth worn by Thai women or girls over their head

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

**IV. Complete the sentences with the words or phrases from the box.**

**terraced fields costume stilt houses heritage site ethnic minorities  
unique diverse speciality ornaments folk dances**

1. The Nung mostly live in \_\_\_\_\_ though they also live in earthen houses.
2. Five-colour sticky rice is well-known as a \_\_\_\_\_ of the north-western region of Vietnam.
3. The goods in the open-air market are \_\_\_\_\_. You can find almost everything there.
4. Thai cloth is well-known for being \_\_\_\_\_, colourful and strong.
5. *Xoe and Sap* are \_\_\_\_\_ of Thai ethnic minority people.
6. The \_\_\_\_\_ of the Nung is not as colorful as that of other ethnic groups.
7. My Son sanctuary has been recognized by UNESCO as a world \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Thai women retain their traditional clothes including short vests, long black skirts, scarves, and \_\_\_\_\_.

9. Sa Pa is famous for the \_\_\_\_\_ located in the mountainous area.
10. \_\_\_\_\_ make up between 10 to 15 percent of the population in Vietnam.

**V. Fill in the blank with a suitable phrase, based on the photo.**

1. The \_\_\_\_\_ is used as a place of worship and village festivities.
2. People from different ethnic groups in Vietnam can be distinguished by their \_\_\_\_\_
3. Each ethnic group has its own traditions and \_\_\_\_\_ which are very unique.
4. The UNESCO recognized the Space of Gong Culture as \_\_\_\_\_ of the Intangible Heritage of Humanity in 2005.
5. When you come to Quang Nam province, don't forget to visit My Son - a very famous \_\_\_\_\_ to Vietnam and to the world.
6. One of the highlights of Sapa is its \_\_\_\_\_
7. \_\_\_\_\_ are built on columns and beams.
8. Every year, the Thai holds festivals and ceremonies to \_\_\_\_\_ their ancestors.