

E10- UNIT 1- PRACTICE 4

Exercise 1: Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

1. A. <u>works</u>	B. <u>eyes</u>	C. <u>needs</u>	D. <u>learns</u>
2. A. <u>brushes</u>	B. <u>washes</u>	C. <u>dedicates</u>	D. <u>finishes</u>
3. A. <u>chore</u>	B. <u>chemistry</u>	C. <u>chance</u>	D. <u>chilly</u>
4. A. <u>divorce</u>	B. <u>grocery</u>	C. <u>offence</u>	D. <u>official</u>
5. A. <u>husband</u>	B. <u>household</u>	C. <u>housework</u>	D. <u>housekeeper</u>
6. A. <u>sweep</u>	B. <u>feed</u>	C. <u>split</u>	D. <u>need</u>
7. A. <u>burden</u>	B. <u>budget</u>	C. <u>nursery</u>	D. <u> nurture</u>
8. A. <u>generation</u>	B. <u>grateful</u>	C. <u>grocery</u>	D. <u>glance</u>

Exercise 2 : Choose the best answer which best fits each space in each sentence.

9. 'Have you made plans for the summer?'
- 'Yes, to Spain.'
A. We'll go B. We're going C. We go D. We've gone

10. 'Do you need this paintbrush?'.
-'Ah, yes it to me please?'
A. Do you pass B. Will you pass C. Are you passing D. Have you passed

11. Mr. Gibbon usually drinks mineral water, but in this party he champagne.
A. drinks B. will drink C. is drinking D. has drunk

12. Anna drinks coffee, but this morning she is having one.
A. sometimes B. occasionally C. rarely D. often

13. He hates after dinner and sometimes breaks a bowl or a plate.
A. doing the cooking B. taking out the rubbish
C. doing the laundry D. doing the washing up

14. Our parents to give us a nice house and a happy home.
A. enjoy B. join hands C. lend hands D. deal with

15. I don't go swimming very much
A. nowadays B. recently C. now and again D. in those days

16. The captain's magnificent performance an example to the rest of the team.
A. set B. gave C. made D. laid

17. The river has risen to level for this time of year. I've never seen anything like it.
A. an extremely surprised B. an extremely astonished
C. a surprisingly extreme D. an extremely surprising

18. After , one naturally wants to put one's feet up and relax.
A. a hard-working day B. a day's hard working
C. a hard day's work D. the hard work of a day

19. Being the of the family, she is responsible for the family finances and has to work hard to provide for her children.

A. breadwinner B. housewife C. housewife D. child minder

20. That washing machine It broke down this morning.

A. isn't working B. doesn't work C. didn't work D. wasn't working

21. Most women used to be of the family in the old days. They only managed the home and raised the children instead of earning money from a job.

A. breadwinner B. mothers C. homemakers D. wives

22. Women whose husbands do not contribute the household chores are more vulnerable illness and tend to think more about divorce.

A. to - with B. for - to C. to - to D. for - with

23. Mary: Did you post the letter for me?
Bill: Oh, I'm sorry. I completely forgot. I it now.

A. am going to do B. will do C. am doing D. do

24. I of selling my car. Would you be interested in it?

A. think / buy B. am thinking / to buy
C. am thinking / buying D. will think / buying

25. There's somebody behind us. I think we

A. are followed B. are being followed
C. will be D. followed

26. Homemaking can't only be the job of the wife or the husband. Both should hands to provide for the family and to make it happy.

A. change B. shake C. give D. join

27. The trouble with you is that you're complaining.

A. forever B. often C. still D. each time

28. I don't go swimming very much

A. in those days B. recently C. now and again D. nowadays

Exercise 3: Read the text and questions below. Mark the correct letter A, B, C or D for each question.

JAMES

My name is James, I'm fourteen, and I moved to this town with my family three months ago. My parents lived here when they were young, but my brother and I didn't know anyone here except a few aunts and uncles we'd met when we spent a couple of weeks with my grandparents, during school holidays. When I started school, one of my cousins, Sophie, who was in my class, was very friendly for the first week and I was happy to have a friend in a strange place. Then, for no reason, she stopped talking to me and I felt very hurt and lonely for several weeks.

In the end I made some more friends and since I got to know them, I've been fine. Now Sophie is having a disco party for her birthday next week and she has invited me. I don't want to go. My brother says he heard someone say she only asked me because her parents said she had to. But my mum and dad say it would be rude not to accept. Some of my new friends are invited, too. How can I show Sophie that she can't behave towards me without causing a family quarrel?

29. What is the writer trying to do in the text?

A. explain a problem B. describe a family
C. offer advice D. refuse an invitation

30. Who did James know in the town six months ago?

A. no one B. Sophie's friends
C. only his grandparents D. a few relatives

31. At the beginning of term, Sophie's behaviour made the writer feel

A. embarrassed B. unhappy C. grateful D. surprised

32. The writer wants Sophie to realise

A. that he still hasn't forgiven her.
B. that her friend think she behaved rudely.
C. that his parents dislike her.
D. that she has fewer friends than he has.

33. Which of these is an answer to the text?

A. Ask your friend to come with you and we'll have all time together
B. Why not go to the party and ask Sophie why she stopped being friendly? At least everyone will know what's happening.
C. Please phone my parents and explain the situation to them, so that they'll stop worrying.
D. What about cooking a meal with Sophie and inviting all your relatives? That will be a good way to stop them quarrelling.