## Lesson 2: Vocabulary

Match the terms to their definition.

<u>Terms:</u> Human Development Index (HDI), Infant mortality, Life expectancy, Mortality rate, Inequalities, Qualitative, Fertility/birth rate, Literacy rates, Developed, Development, Developing, Gross Domestic Product (GDP), Absolute Poverty, Quantitative, Sanitation, Social mobility

Coping without the resources (food, clothing and shelter necessary
for life) barely surviving.
Able to measure the quantity of something.
Able to measure the quality of something.
The total value of goods and services produced in a country each year.
The differences that exist in people's standard of living or quality of life.
A tool to measure the wellbeing of a country taking into account more than just income.
The probability of dying between birth and one year of age, expressed per 1000 live births.
The number of live births in a population usually shown as a ratio of births per woman per lifetime or births per 1000 people per year.
The number of deaths in a population, usually shown as a ratio of deaths per 1000 people per year.
The average number of years a person born at a particular time is expected to live.
The percentage of people who can read and write.
The practices in place for the disposal of waste products, including human waste.
The ease of moving up 'levels' in society.
Economic, social and political changes that improve the wellbeing of people.
the name given to countries that have high levels of human wellbeing.
The name given to countries that have lower levels of access to basic needs for human wellbeing.

