

Bodawphaya allowed his chief queen and her relatives to become the powers behind the throne.

(1 Point)

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

2

Maha Bandoola and his army defeated the British Indian army in the battle of Ramu.

(1 Point)

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

3

Maha Bandoola used a combination of guerrilla tactics and frontal attacks at the Shwedagon pagoda.

(1 Point)

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

4

A dynasty is a succession of sons who all came from the same family.

(1 Point)

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

5

China was first united under one ruler between 221 AD and 311 BC.

(1 Point)

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

6

The Chinese were forced to recognize the Yuan dynasty as their ruler.

(1 Point)

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

7

Mongol rule in China lasted more than a century.

(1 Point)

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

8

Chu Yuan-Chang founded the Ming dynasty.

(1 Point)

- ☐ True
☐ False

9

In the Ming dynasty, the power is in the hand of the emperor himself.

(1 Point)

- ☐ True
☐ False

10

Mongols dethroned the emperor of Ming and established a new dynasty, the Ching.

(1 Point)

- ☐ True
☐ False

What did Bagyidaw do to restore his confidence when he became king?

(2 Points)

12

What would happen to Myanmar if Maha Bandoola did not die in Danubyu?

(2 Points)

13

List four developments of Song dynasty.

(2 Points)

14

What did Kublai Khan do as he distrusted the Chinese?

(2 Points)

15

What kind of period was the Ming dynasty?

(2 Points)