# IL PERIMETRO

Il perimetro corrisponde alla somma di tutti i lati. **Ricorda**
A volte i lati sono tutti uguali oppure li sono a coppie...


P= l x 4


P = l x 4

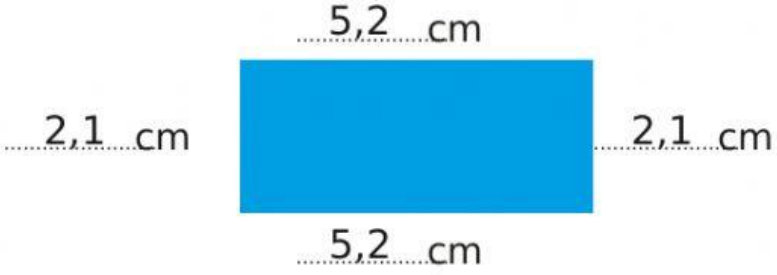

P = (b + h) x 2


P = (b + h) x 2

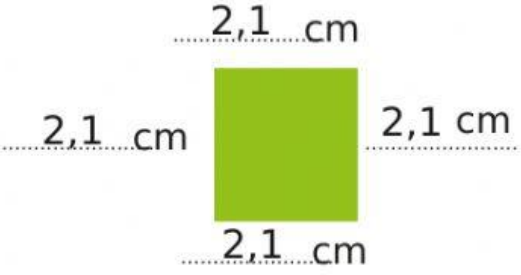

P= l x 3


P= (l X2) + b

✱ Usa le misure indicate e calcola il perimetro dei seguenti poligoni.



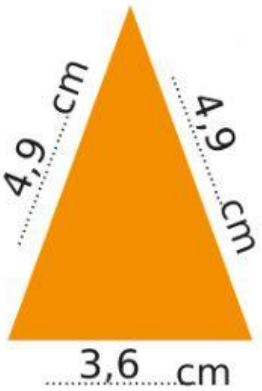

P = ..... cm



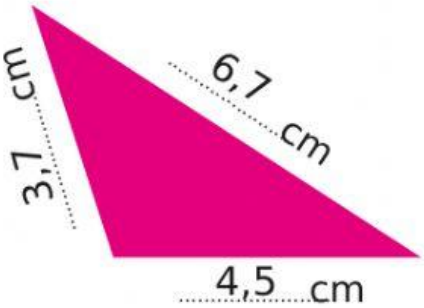

P = ..... cm




P = ..... cm




P = ..... cm




P = ..... cm

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Quando invece conosci il perimetro e ti manca un lato...

**Ricorda**



l = P : 4



l = P : 4



b = (P : 2) – h
h = (P : 2 ) – b



b = (P : 2) – l
l = (P : 2 ) – b



l = P : 3



b = P – ( L x 2)
l = (P – b ) : 2

✱ Calcola la misura del lato dei seguenti poligoni.



P = 36 cm
l =.....cm



P = 25 cm
b = 7 cm
l =.....cm



P = 124 cm
l =.....cm



P = 60 cm
b = 16 cm
l =.....cm



P = 100 cm
l =.....cm



P = 48 cm
b = 15 cm
l =.....cm

Legenda
P = perimetro **l = lato**

LIVEWORKSHEETS