

**READING COMPREHENSION ACTIVITY
(OA.9)**

**DO YOU REMEMBER
THE VOCABULARY THAT WE LEARNED
LAST CLASS?**



PART 2





Make Your Own Study Notes -Underlining - Mind Mapping

Tip 1: _____

It is one of the simplest and best-known study tips. It's easy to highlight the most significant parts of what you're reading while omitting the irrelevant ones. You should use a highlighter to identify the irreplaceable aspects only after you read for the second time and mark only one key sentence per paragraph and a few important phrases here and there. You can only retain a certain amount so it's best to retain the most important information.

Tip 2: _____

Essentially the aim of note-taking is to summarize lectures or articles in your own words so that you can easily remember the ideas. In most cases, the key is to summarize the content as quickly as possible while not leaving out any key information.

Tip 3: _____

A good mind map can save you many hours of study and organize information for your exams. Mind maps can be used for brainstorming, writing essays or study topics and for general exam preparation.



Organizing your study- Mnemonic rules- Flashcard - Brainstorming

Tip 4: _____

Using picture cards or flashcards is a particularly effective method of learning when trying to assimilate different facts, dates, formulas or vocabulary. Subjects such as History, Physics, Chemistry and Geography are made much easier if you incorporate flashcards, picture cards are a good way to learn new vocabulary.

Tip 5: _____

This is another study technique that is ideal for studying in groups. Brainstorming is a great way to expand every possible idea out of any topic. Just get a bunch of friends together. There are not wrong answers when brainstorming just talk and capture the ideas, you can review afterward.

Tip 6: _____

Organizing your study is one of the most effective study skills and, ironically also one of the most often overlooked. Creating a study timetable gives you goals, ends irresponsibility and sets the time in which to study. Having a study timetable as you study is greatly motivational.

Tip 7: _____

Mnemonics are especially useful when memorising lists and sets. Mnemonics rules basically work by associating certain concepts with other concepts that are more familiar to us. There are many different ways to make mnemonics and these can be individual to the person. A classic example is 'Richard of York Gave Battle In Vain'. This Mnemonic rule is for remember the primary colours : Red, Orange, Yellow, Green, Blue, Indigo and Violet.

1.- Using picture cards or flashcards is a particularly effective :

- a) Subject such as History
- b) Method of learning
- c) Study goal

2.- History, Physics, Chemistry and Geography are made much easier if you incorporate :

- a) Flashcards, picture cards
- b) Create ideas
- c) New and difficult skills

3.- To learn new vocabulary is useful to incorporate:

- a) Subjects such as History
- b) Picture cards
- c) Brainstorming

4.- Brainstorming is an ideal technique for:

- a) Acquiring difficult skills
- b) learning sciences
- c) studying in groups

5.- There are not wrong answers when:

- a) Students study a lot
- b) Brainstorming just talk and capture the ideas
- c) You incorporate flashcards

6.- Organizing your study is one of the most...

- a) Perfect ways to learn History
- b) Irresponsible way to work in groups
- c) Effective study skills.

**Answer
the
following
questions**

