

LESSON 4: PERIOD 7 - UNIT 2 - LIFE IN THE COUNTRYSIDE

A. PHONETICS**I. Find the word which has different sound in the underlined part in each line.**

1. A. twenty B. happy C. by D. early
2. A. what B. why C. who D. when
3. A. books B. stops C. opens D. works
4. A. wanted B. needed C. decided D. stopped

B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**II. Match a word in column A with its definition in column B, writing the answer in each blank.**

Answer	A	B
_____	1. cattle	A. food made from milk, such as butter, cheese, etc.
_____	2. a nomad	B. tasks such as cleaning, washing, ironing... that have to be done regularly at home
_____	3. pasture	C. a field planted with rice growing in water
_____	4. home-made	D. an area with mountains or hills
_____	5. a paddy field	E. a person moving from a place to another for earning a living all the time
_____	6. household chores	F. male and female cows on a farm
_____	7. countryside	G. the way that you live
_____	8. lifestyle	H. made at home
_____	9. dairy products	I. a field or land covered with grass, where cattle can feed
_____	10. highland	J. land which is away from towns and cities

III. Fill in each blank with the appropriate form of the word in brackets.

1. Iceland is considered the most _____ country in the world. (peace)
2. A _____ lifestyle has its advantages and disadvantages. (nomad)
3. My brother has been _____ a stamp for several years.
4. It is a/an _____ place to hold a picnic because it is too far from the road. (convenience)
5. Drinking water in some areas may be _____. (safe)
6. During my stay in the village, I was _____ with several local farmers. (friend)
7. Encouraging children to eat and drink _____ is very important. (health)
8. Local people in the village often wear their _____ costumes during the festivals.
(tradition)
9. Please give _____ to that charity to help the homeless after the flood. (generous)

10. The baby slept very _____ because the bed was really comfortable. (sound)

IV. Fill in each blank with the correct word from the box.

<i>ride</i>	<i>grassland</i>	<i>cattle</i>	<i>loaded</i>	<i>kites</i>
<i>beehive</i>	<i>vast</i>	<i>harvest</i>	<i>convenient</i>	<i>dry</i>

- Several people were flying _____ on the field.
- Russia is a _____ country with a lot of natural resources.
- My brother is learning to _____ a horse at the moment.
- Farmers often leave the rice in the sun to _____.
- They _____ the buffalo-drawn cart with hay.
- Farmers always need extra help with the _____.
- Local people are turning _____ into farmland.
- A _____ is a type of box that people use for keeping bees in.
- Is it _____ to meet you at the moment?
- My uncle raises a herd of _____ on his farm.

C. READING

V. Read the text and decide whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F)

Wales is a beautiful country located in the west of United Kingdoms. Its population is just under three million and most of Welsh people live in the south of the country. The capital of Wales is Cardiff. Wales has a long coastline, around 1,300 km.

The official languages of Wales are English and Welsh. Welsh is very different from English. For example, in Welsh, 'Good morning' is 'Bore da' and 'How are you?' is 'Sua mae?' Only around 20% of people in Wales speak Welsh but students have to learn this language at school until they turn 16. Street signs are also written in both English and Welsh.

The two main industries in Wales are tourism and farming. With its spectacular landscape and beaches, Wales attracts significant tourism. Cardiff is the most famous destination for visitors in Wales. Farming is dominated by raising cows and sheep, but it is now difficult to earn money from farming so many farms are closing. Many unemployed people are now leaving for the north to get jobs in the big cities.

- | | |
|---|-----|
| 1. Wales is located in the east of the UK. | ... |
| 2. There are over 3 million people in Wales. | ... |
| 3. Most Welsh people live in southern side of Wales. | ... |
| 4. There are 2 official languages in Wales. | ... |
| 5. 'Sua mae?' means 'How are you?' | ... |
| 6. Everyone in Wales speaks Welsh. | ... |
| 7. In Wales, street signs are written in two languages. | ... |

8. The two main industries in Wales are mining and farming. ...
9. Cardiff is the most popular destination for visitors. ...
10. Nowadays it is easy to make money from farming in Welsh. ...

D. WRITING**VI. Complete the sentences about what Linda thinks about the country life, using the cues given.**

Name: Linda

Home: a farm/ the country/ Colorado/ USA.

Likes: summer – hiking/ mountains; winter – snowboarding.

Reasons: relaxing/ quiet

Dislikes: city life/ not safe enough/ walk around alone/ too dangerous/ cycle/ street/ heavy traffic

1. Linda lives _____
2. In summer, she _____
3. In winter, she _____
4. She really likes it because _____
5. She thinks city life is not _____
6. She also thinks it is too _____

LESSON 4: PERIOD 8 - UNIT 2 - LIFE IN THE COUNTRYSIDE

A. PHONETICS

I. Read the following sentences aloud, and put the words in the cluster /bl/ or /kl/ into the correct column.

1. My father usually has a cup of black coffee for breakfast.
2. His eyes were bright blue.
3. Take a deep breath and blow out the candles on the birthday cake.
4. Today she is wearing a white silk blouse.
5. I went for a walk around the block.
6. I went to the table tennis club yesterday.
7. Mai and Phong are in the same class.
8. Do you like classical music?
9. Cats are very clean animals.
10. The water was so clear that we could see the bottom of the lake.

B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

II. Choose the words/ phrases that do not go with the verb.

- | | | | | |
|------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. ride | A. a donkey | B. a car | C. a horse | D. an elephant |
| 2. collect | A. tomatoes | B. entertainment | C. honey | D. tea leaves |
| 3. pick | A. blackberries | B. roses | C. wild flowers | D. passengers |
| 4. herd | A. cattle | B. cows | C. carts | D. camels |
| 5. put up | A. tents | B. a new fence | C. umbrellas | D. nomadic life |

III. Write the correct form of comparatives of adverbs and adjectives.

Adj/ Adv	Comparative	Superlative
1. beautiful		
2. hot		
3. few		
4. little		
5. bad		
6. good		

IV. Choose the best answers.

1. She is singer I've ever met.
A. worse B. bad C. the worst D. badly
2. Mary is responsible as Peter.
A. more B. the most C. much D. as
3. It is in the city than it is in the country.

A. noisily

B. more noisier

C. noisier

D. noisy

4. She sings among the singers I have known.

A. the most beautiful

B. the more beautiful

C. the most beautifully

D. the more beautifully

5. She is student in my class.

A. most hard-working

B. more hard-working

C. the most hard-working

D. as hard-working

C. READING

V. Read the following passage and complete it with one suitable word in each blank.

My grandmother told me that our village (1) _____ very poor many years ago. The villagers had to work hard in the fields all day but they could not earn enough for their living. Their lives were very simple. Many people had to (2) _____ in houses made of straw and mud.

Nowadays my village has (3) _____ a lot. People live in big brick houses. In the evening, they can listen to the (4) _____ on the radio or watch TV for entertainment. All people in my village try their best to make their living better. They raise and resurface the roads (5) _____ the roads will not be muddy and flooded after the rains. They widen the roads so cars and lorries can get to the village easily. They build a medical centre so people's health can be looked (6) _____ at any time. They build a new school so their (7) _____ have better learning conditions. They build a bridge (8) _____ the river so the villagers have a shorter way to town. They also build a football ground so their children can (9) _____ sports. And they grow cash crops so people can export the crops and have more money.

I would like to become an agricultural engineer in the future so I can apply new technology to our farming and do more for the village (10) _____ our parents did.

D. WRITING

VI. Use the words or phrases given to write meaningful sentences.

1. Villagers/ usually earn/ living/ farming/ raising animals/ making handicrafts.

2. They/ live/ a small community/ a temple/ where great events/ such as/ festivals/ organized.

3. Villagers/ the Southern/ usually live/ houses/ built on stilts/ keep above flood waters.

4. Along/ coastal lines/ fishermen/ depend/ sea/ live on.

5. People/ Central Highlands/ and/ northern regions/ live/ growing rice/ rubber trees/ coffee/ tea.
