

NATIVE AMERICANS AND ENGLISH SETTLERS

Watch the following video on YouTube and complete the activity.

Native American History for Kids | An insightful look into the history of the Native Americans

[CLICK HERE](#)

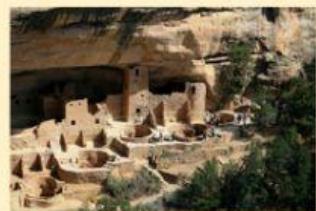


1. Who were the first people to live in America?

2. Were there many tribes?

3. Match the pictures to the names of each type of home.

Plankhouse	Teepee	Chickee	Longhouse	Pueblo	Waddle and Daub	Igloo	Wigwam
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4. Write materials used for clothes:

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5. Tick the animals hunted:

sheep	deer	cow	caribou	pig	buffalo	rabbit
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6. Did they fish?

7. Main farming crops:

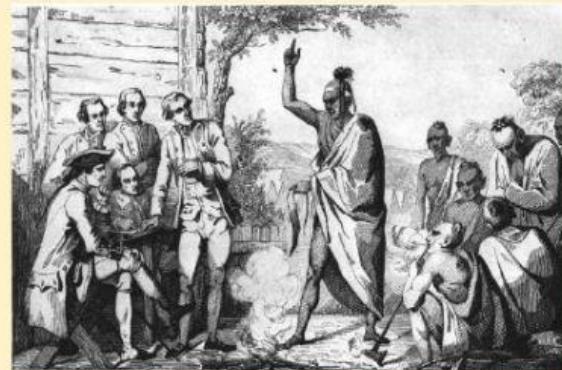
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8. Art and religion did not exist. TRUE-FALSE

Read the text and write TRUE OR FALSE for the sentences below.

The first English settlers began to arrive in what would become New England in the 1600s. At first, the two sides had conflicts over territory, but the colonists eventually built thriving colonies with the help of the Native Americans.

Trade was one of the first bridges between the colonists and Native Americans. The colonists needed to build infrastructure and relationships in order to thrive in the New World. For their part, the Native Americans were interested in building alliances. Because of the economy they built with the help of the tribes, the colony became financially independent of England within five years.



Both sides benefited from trade. The Native Americans provided skins, hides, food, knowledge, and other crucial materials and supplies. The settlers traded beads and other types of currency.

Ideas were traded alongside physical goods. Wampum, a type of currency, sometimes carried religious meaning, as well. The first Bible printed in the New World was actually in the Native American language of Algonquin. The communication between the colonists and Native Americans was not just political or practical, but also spiritual.

Over time, however, relations between the colonies and the local tribes deteriorated. One of the reasons was disease, like smallpox, that the colonists had brought over from England. The local Native American populations had no immunity to these illnesses, and many died of them.

Colonist-Native American relations worsened over the course of the 17th century, mainly because of the settlers' greed. Natives were eventually removed from their lands, and sent to reservations where they were expected to remain and not to cause trouble.

1. English settlers were the first people to live in North America.

2. Native Americans and English settlers bought and sold from each other.

3. Settlers contracted fatal illnesses in the new lands.

4. Native Americans had to move to new places imposed by the settlers.

TEXT ADAPTED FROM:

<https://www.nationalgeographic.org/article/new-england-colonies-and-native-americans/6th-grade/>