

LO: To read Roman numerals.

Ancient Romans used numbers that look different from ours.

Roman Numerals	I	V	X	L	C
Arabic Numbers	1	5	10	50	100



To convert Roman numerals to Arabic numbers, you will add.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{XXVI} &= 10 + 10 + 5 + 1 \\ \text{XXVI} &= 26 \end{aligned}$$

Sometimes, if a smaller number comes before a larger number, you will subtract.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{IV} &= 5 - 1 = 4 \\ \text{XC} &= 100 - 10 = 90 \end{aligned}$$

Here's an example of a number where you add and subtract.

$$\text{CCIV} = 100 + 100 + 5 - 1 = 204$$

Write our numbers.

1. XI =

2. VII =

3. XX =

4. III =

5. IX =

6. XXII =

7. XXIV =

8. XXXV =

9. XXVIII =

Write Roman numerals.

10. 6 =

11. 10 =

12. 4 =

13. 19 =

14. 12 =

15. 25 =

16. 21 =

17. 8 =

18. 34 =

Write Arabic numbers. Use addition for these.

1. XI =

2. VII =

3. CLV =

4. III =

5. CCX =

6. CXXVII =

Write Arabic numbers. These are special numbers that require subtraction.

7. IX =

8. XL =

9. IV =