The Generation of Computers

A. Write True or False.

1. Computer development has six generations. _____
2. Second generation computers were more than ten times faster than the first generation computers. _____
3. The whole computer's CPU except primary memory is placed on a single chip. _____
4. The mainframe computers are several times more powerful than the super computers. _____
5. Fifth generation computers are totally general purpose machines. _____

B . Write full form of the following.

1. EDVAC _____
2. EDSAC _____
3. UNIVAC _____
4. SSI _____
5. MSI _____
6. LSI _____

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C. Match the following by drawing lines.

1st Generation

2nd Generation

3rd Generation

4th Generation

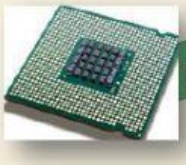
5th Generation



Transistor



Vacuum tube



Microprocessor



VLSI



IC

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