

## Review

### A Complete the text with the active or passive form of the verbs in parentheses.

There isn't much for young people to do in my community. Six months ago, the students in my school (1) \_\_\_\_\_ (get) together to discuss a solution. We (2) \_\_\_\_\_ (decide) to ask the principal for access to the school's facilities for after-school classes, but he (3) \_\_\_\_\_ (tell) us that there wasn't enough money to pay staff for that. Another meeting (4) \_\_\_\_\_ (call). This time, parents (5) \_\_\_\_\_ (invite). To our great surprise, they (6) \_\_\_\_\_ (volunteer) to supervise us using the facilities. Also, baking classes and bicycle-repair workshops (7) \_\_\_\_\_ (set up). We (8) \_\_\_\_\_ (interview) by the local TV station, and when an article about us (9) \_\_\_\_\_ (publish) in the local paper, we (10) \_\_\_\_\_ (become) famous. Now cakes (11) \_\_\_\_\_ (sell) and bicycles (12) \_\_\_\_\_ (fix) at our school in the evenings.

### B Write the numbers.

1. four thousand (and) fifty-one
2. Sixty-nine million four hundred (and) twelve
3. Twenty-eight thousand three hundred and two
4. Nine hundred thousand
5. Four hundred (and) thirteen thousand nine hundred and one
6. Sixty-two million seven hundred thirty thousand and forty-seven

### C Complete the sentences with the simple past or past perfect.

1. Mami had never spoken (never speak) English before she went (go) to New York last summer.
2. I was late for class, and the teacher had already collected (collect, already) the homework when I came (come) in.
3. The children were not hungry (not be) hungry for dinner because they had eaten (eat) a lot of candy after school.
4. Danny hated jazz (hate, always) jazz until he went to a concert (go) to a concert last year.
5. By the time the game had started (start), the rain had stopped (stop), so everyone was happy (be) happy.