

In these questions the same letter must fit into both sets of brackets, to complete the word in front of the brackets and begin the word after the brackets. Example col (?) rab bir (?) oll Answer d [cold, drab, bird, doll]

1. din (?) cho har (?) asy Answer:

2. wil (?) ram bel (?) art Answer:

3. win (?) oat gon (?) ale Answer:

4. sla (?) ear ba (?) ank Answer:

5. gus (?) rim car (?) urf Answer:

6. sho (?) ur vide (?) ne Answer:

In these questions, three of the five words are related in some way. Circle the two words that do not go with the other three.

Example red white flag blue pole Answer flag pole

7. colon apostrophe heart kidney sentence

8. ball badminton score golf rounders

9. square semi-circle pentagon rhombus rectangle

10. spade diamond garnet ring opal

11. port sailor bow ship starboard

12. lock tress key curl armour

Read the following information, then find the correct answer to the question

13. Darcy is two years younger than Tom and two years older than Jamal. Sarah is older than Lisa. Lisa and Tom are twins. Who is the oldest? _____

In each of the following sentences a four letter word is hidden between two words. The two words will always be next to each other. Write the word you have found in the space provided.

Example The dog was frightened by the noise. Answer the noise (then)

14. The new boy made friends quickly. Answer: _____
15. The children missed art class. Answer: _____
16. Mina left her purse at home. Answer: _____
17. Lunch was much nicer than dinner. Answer: _____
18. Close both eyes to sleep. Answer: _____
19. The gale advanced during the night. Answer: _____

The alphabet is here to help you with these questions. You need to work out a different code for each question. Choose the correct answer and mark it on the answer sheet.

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

Example If the code for LUCK is JSAI what does EMMB mean? Answer GOOD

20. If the code for CRY is FUB, what does ELQ mean? _____
21. If the code for SPIDER is PMFABO, what is the code for ANT?

22. If the code for GREEN is LWJJS, what is the code for ORANGE?

23. If the code for TOE is SND, what does ENNS mean? _____
24. If the code for HOUSE is FMSQC what does FMRCJ mean?

25. If the code for BATTLE is YXQQIB what is the code for ADVANCE?

Find two words from each group that are the closest in meaning. Mark BOTH words on the answer sheet.

Example: big small rest mean large Answer: big, large

26. soft loud pointy sharp pencil

27. curl snap coil snake harsh

28. intricate rapid unusual complicated slow

29. quash bullet suppress rattle juice

30. say collect permit let jump

31. vehicle cat rodent wheel feline

In the following questions, one letter from the word on the left can be moved to the word on the right, to make two new words. The letters must not be rearranged.

Example: beacon vent Answer: e (bacon and event) 32. cover tick
Answer: ____

33. wing boy Answer: ____

34. stable rim Answer: ____

35. board bred Answer: ____

36. brain clam Answer: ____

37. mend thee Answer: ____

Find the four letter word which can be added to the letters in capitals to make a new word. The new word will complete the sentence sensibly. Example: They enjoyed the BCAST Answer: ROAD, creating the new word BROADCAST

38. The IST had to ask for directions in the unfamiliar city because she was lost. Answer:

39. What a strange man he is – very ECRIC! Answer:

40. My colleague will be back in a MT if you don't mind waiting.

Answer:

41. She got an especially good deal using her BARING skills. Answer:

42. Van Gogh's DTION of the night sky tells us a lot about his state of mind. Answer:

43. I ED to my sister to say that dinner was ready. Answer:

Letters stand for numbers. Work out the correct answer to each sum. Mark the relevant letter on the answer sheet.

Example: A = 5, B = 14, C = 12, D = 13, E = 3 What is the answer to the sum, written as a letter? $A + C - E = ?$ Answer: B

44. If A = 2, B = 20, C = 12, D = 8, E = 6 What is the answer to this sum written as a letter? $E \times A + D = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

45. If A = 2, B = 6, C = 25, D = 8, E = 24 What is the answer to this sum written as a letter? $B \times D \div A = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

46. If A = 9, B = 3, C = 21, D = 18, E = 14 What is the answer to this sum written as a letter? $B \times A - A = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

47. If A = 9, B = 5, C = 45, D = 3, E = 1 What is the answer to this sum written as a letter? $D \times D \times B \div E = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

48. If A = 49, B = 14, C = 7, D = 28, E = 2 What is the answer to this sum written as a letter? $E \times B - C + D = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

49. If A = 12, B = 48, C = 84, D = 2, E = 6 What is the answer to this sum written as a letter? $D \times E \times D + A + B = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Find two words, one from each set of that will complete the sentence in the most sensible way. Circle both words (so each question will have two words as the answer).

Example: Start is to (begin end today) as end is to (less finish send)

Answer: begin finish

50. River is to (lake water sea) as field is to (farm sheep grass)
51. Lead is to (pencil wallet heavy) as bullet is to (metal war gun)
52. Raspberry is to (fruit red strawberry) as coffee is to (café drink bean)
53. Book is to (page library author) as clothes are to (cupboard hanger stitching)
54. Petal is to (love stem flower) as window is to (transparent glass house)
55. Mirror is to (reflection sand glass) as table is to (wood chair carpenter)

Find the number that continues the sequence in the most sensible way.
Write your answer in the brackets. Example: 2 4 6 8 10 (?) Answer: 12

56. 6 17 28 39 50 (___)
57. 175 205 235 265 295 (___)
58. 3 5 7 13 17 (___)
59. 27 32 39 48 59 (___)
60. 256 128 64 32 16 (___)
61. 1 3 9 27 81 (___)

Find the word that completes the second group in the same way as the first group. Mark the word on the answer sheet. You will need to consider the pattern of how letters from words outside the brackets are used to make the word inside the brackets.

Example: rags (ring) main line (?) plea Answer: lean

62. pull (play) yard stay () disc
63. trip (drip) dump surf () coil
64. stir (yard) lady sole () kelp
65. curd (read) aped vale () vain

66. dairy (radar) daring boats () boring

67. there (hear) radar crate () going

Find two words, one from each group, that make one correctly spelt word. The letters must not be rearranged. The word from the first group will always be used first. Circle two words to give your answer.
Example: (let star fruit) (tear man board) Answer: starboard

68. (finger whole try) (sum some sun)

69. (rustle toil loo) (sing bend sir)

70. (pass bank run) (act mess age)

71. (black oval blew) (cake bird tree)

72. (low bet fat) (lye crest her)

73. (bar, post, dumb) (gin, found, sign)

The alphabet is here to help you with these questions. Find the letters that complete each sentence in the best way and write them in the space provided. A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z
Example AB is to CD As PQ is to (?) Answer = RS

74. FH is to LN As RT is to _____

75. MJ is to JG As HE is to _____

76. AC is to ED As KM is to _____

77. ZA is to YB As XC is to _____

78. SQ is to VO As XV is to _____

79. IJ is to FH As TU is to _____

Find two words, one from each group, that are the most opposite in meaning. Circle both words Example: (good luck today) (wish charm bad)

80. (dawdle, wonder, pace) (realise, rush, urge)

81. (go ascend bottom) (descend mountain climb)

82. (rigid thorough rude) (careless disappointed upset)

83. (arrival entrance advance) (charge punctual departure)

84. (keen strong accomplished) (loose unskilled mean)

85. (long full lean) (tiny fat messy)