



KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SECTOR 47 B, CHANDIGARH

PERIODIC TEST I

CLASS XI- GEOGRAPHY

DATE: 04/10/21

MM: 35

Name: _____

Roll No: _____

Instructions:

- This paper contains two sections.
- Section A contains 25 multiple choice questions carrying 1 mark each.
- Section B contains 2 long answer questions of 5 marks each.
- All questions are compulsory.

Section A- 25 marks

Choose the most appropriate answer:

Q1. Which of the following is not a reason to study geography?

- To gain knowledge about sustainability of resources
- To know about all the phenomena which vary over space
- To know about the sequence of events that have occurred in the past
- To learn about diverse lands and people

Q2. Read these lines and choose the most appropriate answer they relate to:

‘You created the soil, I created the cup. You created night, I created the lamp. You created wilderness, hilly terrains and deserts; I created flower beds and gardens.

Which stage of human life is reflected in these statements?

- Stage of necessity
- Stage of freedom
- Primitive societies
- All of these

Q3. Which of the following example depicts spatial integration?

- There is variation in cropping pattern
- Cause and effect relationship can be noticed between any two phenomena
- The space got organized with the help of transportation and communication network.
- Nature has influenced different aspects of human life.

Q4. Consider the following statements and choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

(A) Dualism is one of the main characteristics of geography, introduced from the beginning.

(R) It depended on the aspect emphasized in the study

- a) Both A and R are true and R gives correct explanation of A
- b) Both A and R are true but R doesn't give correct explanation of A
- c) Both A and R are false
- d) A is true but R is false

Q5. Which of the following is not a part of systematic approach to Geography?

- a) World climate b) Lithosphere c) Soil types in Australia d) Natural Vegetation

Q6. The natural resources, vegetation, climate, and topography of territory are important factors in the livelihood of its inhabitants. This statement about geography is related to what discipline?

- a) Sociology b) History c) Economics d) Political Science

Q7. Which of the following is incorrectly matched?

a) Cartography- Maths	b) Agricultural Geography- Economics
c) Climatology- Meteorology	d) Soil Geography- Petrology

Q8. Primitive societies subsisted on natural means of subsistence. This statement reflects which of the following concepts?

a) Naturalisation of humans	b) Humanisation of nature
c) Areal Differentiation	d) Cause and effect relationship

Q9. Which of the following is NOT an example of Areal Differentiation?

- a) Equatorial regions have hot and humid climate.
- b) As we climb up the Himalayan mountain the type of vegetation varies with height.
- c) Cropping pattern of plains will differ from that of plateau regions.
- d) The lifestyle of people of USA is different from people of Africa.

Q10. Analyse the given statements and choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

A. The climatic conditions of any place varies from region to region.

B. There is variation in the natural vegetation also as we go from tropical to tundra region.

- a) Both the statements A and B are correct but there is no relation between A and B
- b) Both the statements are correct and statement A is the cause behind statement B
- c) Both the statements are correct and statement B explains the reason for A
- d) Both the statements are incorrect.

Q11. Which of the following is not a methodology to study geography?

a) Case Studies b) Field Surveys c) Cartography d) Geo-informatics

Q12. General geography refers to

a) Systematic Geography b) Regional Geography
c) Human Geography d) Physical Geography

Q13. Which among the following is the reason behind the exchange of ideas and commodities between India and the rest of the world since ancient times?

a) India has been a world leader since ancient times.
b) India enslaved other countries and forced them to adopt its ideas.
c) Other countries were afraid of India and hence adopted its ideas.
d) The passes between the mountains and the sea routes enabled trade and the spread of Indian ideas in the rest of the world.

Q14. Match the following and choose the correct answer from the code given below:

Column I

A. Lakshdweep Island
B. Sri Lanka
C. Port Blair
D. Bhutan
a) A-(iii), B-(ii), C-(iv), D-(i)
b) A-(ii), B-(iii), C-(iv), D-(i)
c) A-(i), B-(iv), C-(iii), D-(ii)
d) A-(i), B-(iii), C-(iv), D-(ii)

Column II

(i) Land locked country
(ii) Southern Neighbour
(iii) Arabian Sea
(iv) Capital of Andaman-Nicobar

Q15. Which of the following states does not share its land boundary with Bangladesh?

a) Meghalaya b) Jharkhand c) Tripura d) Assam

Q16. Which of the following is incorrectly matched? (Indian states sharing borders with its neighbouring countries):

a) Sikkim: Nepal b) Bihar: Bhutan c) Rajasthan: Pakistan d) Tamil Nadu: Sri Lanka

Q17. My friend hails from a country which does not share land boundary with India. Identify the country.

a) Nepal b) Bangladesh c) Tajikistan d) China

Q18. Name the country which is sandwiched between the states of Sikkim and Arunachal Pradesh.

a) Nepal b) Bhutan c) Myanmar d) Bangladesh

Q19. Complete the following: If Indian Ocean: South of India then, _____: North of India.

a) Tibet b) China c) Russia d) Himalayas

Q20. If you go to Daman and Diu which part of the country would you travel?

a) Northern b) Southern c) Eastern d) Western

Q21. Which of the following is NOT an implication of the latitudinal extent of India?

- a) The places situated north of Tropic of Cancer experience four distinct seasons.
- b) The difference in the duration of day and night is maximum in Jammu and Kashmir.
- c) The difference of time between Gujarat and Arunachal Pradesh is two hours.
- d) The places located south of Tropic of Cancer experiences more insolation.

Q22. Analyse the given statements and choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- A. 82 ½ ° E meridian is the Standard Meridian of India.**
- B. It passes from Hyderabad in the state of Telangana.**

- a) Both the statements A and B are correct.
- b) Statement A is correct and statement B is false.
- c) Statement B is correct and statement A is false.
- d) Both the statements are incorrect.

Q23. 'While the sun rises in the north-eastern states about 2 hrs earlier as compared to Jaisalmer, the watches in Imphal in the east and Bhopal or other parts of India show the same time'. Why is it so?

- a) The longitudinal extent of India is 30°.
- b) The watches all over India are set according to Greenwich Mean Time.
- c) The latitudinal extent of India is 29°
- d) The watches follow the time of the Standard Meridian of India.

Q24. Which of the following countries shares the longest land frontier with India?

- a) Bangladesh
- b) Pakistan
- c) China
- d) Myanmar

Q25. Strait refers to:

- a) A narrow piece of land joining two land masses
- b) A narrow portion of sea water separating two water bodies
- c) A portion of the sea surrounded by land from three sides
- d) A portion of the land surrounded by sea from three sides

Section B- 10 marks

Q 26. Discuss the importance of Physical Geography. (any five).

Q 27. What is a Sub-continent? Name the countries belonging to the Indian sub-continent. Is it right to call them a sub-continent? Give two reasons for your answer.