D) which

E) of which

D) which

E) whom

		Ï	
9	Mehmed brought about the unification of the Anatolian Beyliks was lost the Battle of Ankara in 1402.	13	The eastern border of the Ottoman Empire consisted of another empire known as the Persian Empire.
	A) whom		A) that
	B) which		B) which
	C) where		C)
	D) when		D) which
	E) in which		E) was known
10	The fall of Hungary made the Ottomans a supreme power in Eastern Europe was an important victory of Suleiman the Magnificient reign.	14	Islam the ideology united the entire Ottoman Empire was the main religion of the Empire.
	A) why		A) why
	B) which		B) what
	C) whom		C) whom
	D) who		D) which
	E) when		E) where
11	under a common religion and strong government systems, the Ottomans rapidly preached Islamic traditions and culture in most parts of the modern world.	15	1227 is the year during the Ottoman Turks were introduced to the West for the very first time.
	A) United		A) who
	B) Uniting		B) of whom
	C) Having been united		C) whose
	D) To have united		D) where
	E) Being united		E) which
12	Mongols, who were the first tribes Asia Minor and destroyed the Seljuks gave the Ottoman Empire ample scope to grow.	16	Ottoman Empire architecture move- ment the rootswere established in the sixteenth-century is among the most beautiful in the world.
	A) to have invaded		A) whose
			A) whose B) when
	B) invading C) having invaded		C) of which
	D) invaded		D) whom
	E) to be invaded		E) why
	L) to be invaded	1	L) WIIY

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