Name:_____ Date:_____

Fill in the blank with the right missing conjugated verb.

There 1. _____ federal, provincial, territorial and municipal governments in Canada. The responsibilities of the federal and provincial governments were defined in 1867 in the *British North America Act*, now known as the *Constitution Act*, 1867.

In our *federal state*, the federal government 2._____ responsibility for matters of national and international concern. These 3. _____ defence, foreign policy, interprovincial trade and communications, currency, navigation, criminal law and citizenship. The provinces 4._____ responsible for municipal government, education, health, natural resources, property and civil rights, and highways. The federal government and the provinces 5._____ jurisdiction over agriculture and immigration. Federalism 6._____ different provinces to adopt policies tailored to their own populations, and 7._____ provinces the flexibility to experiment with new ideas and policies.

Every province 8._____ its own elected Legislative Assembly, like the House of Commons in Ottawa. The three northern territories, which have small populations, do not 9._____ the status of provinces, but their governments and assemblies 10._____ _____ many of the same functions.

*Text taken from Discover Canada - Study Guide by the Government of Canada

LIVEWORKSHEETS