

Because and Because of

Complete the following sentences using because or because of.

Hints: Use “because” before a clause. Use “because of” before a noun.

1. I was late I missed the train.
2. She was angry with him he had cheated on her.
3. A lot of people lost their jobs the financial recession.
4. He retired at forty mainly ill health.
5. I couldn't phone him I hadn't got his number.
6. Everyone loves him his amiable nature.
7. They cancelled the trip bad weather.
8. she was angry with him, she didn't speak to him.
9. They fired him his rude behavior.
10. He won the first prize he worked hard.
11. We cancelled the trip the rain.
12. He sat down he was feeling dizzy.
13. He lost his job the recession.
14. I don't think I will sleep well tonight all the mosquitoes in the house.
15. the weather is warm and sunny, the Rodriguez family are planning to eat lunch outside.

TOO vs. ENOUGH

When do we use “too” vs. “enough”?

“too” = when there is more than needed

“enough” = when there is a sufficient amount

too + adjective	That dress is too big for Sara. She needs a smaller size.
too + adjective	The food was too spicy. I need some water.

adjective + enough	Dani isn't old enough to drive a car. He must wait until he's 16.
adjective + enough	He is not tired enough to go to sleep. He will watch TV first.

Directions: Complete the sentences using either “too + adjective” or “adjective + enough”.

1. (hot) The soup was _____ to eat.
2. (strong) He is not _____ to carry the box alone.
3. (fast) She didn't ran _____ to catch the bus.
4. (young) Oscar can't drive yet. He is _____.
5. (old) Are you _____ to drink alcohol?
6. (expensive) I couldn't buy the computer. It was _____.

Directions: Now create your own sentences. Write two sentences using “too + adjective” and two sentences using “adjective + enough”.

Too

1.

2.

Enough

1.

2.
