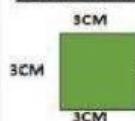


# ACTIVIDAD DE REFUERZO

## PERÍMETRO

“Es la suma de los lados de una figura geométrica, es la medida de su contorno”.

### CUADRADO

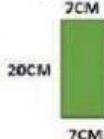


$$P = L + L + L + L$$

$$P = 3\text{cm} + 3\text{cm} + 3\text{cm} + 3\text{cm}$$

$$P = 12\text{cm}$$

### RECTÁNGULO



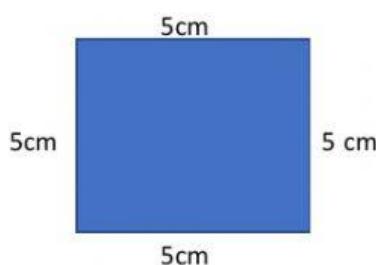
$$P = 7\text{cm} + 20\text{cm} + 7\text{cm} + 20\text{cm}$$

$$P = 54\text{cm}$$



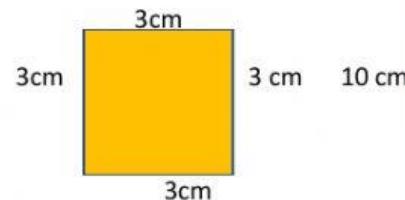
Observando atentamente la definición y los ejemplos de perímetro, te ayudaran a resolver los ejercicios.

- Calcula el perímetro de cada cuadrado:



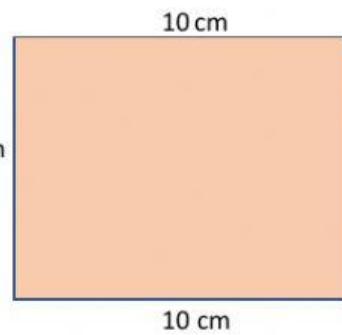
$$P = \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}}$$

$$P = \boxed{\phantom{0}}$$



$$P = \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}}$$

$$P = \boxed{\phantom{0}}$$



$$P = \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}}$$

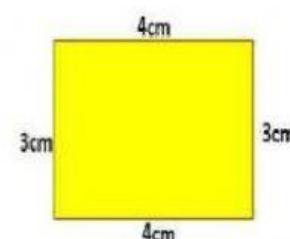
$$P = \boxed{\phantom{0}}$$

- Calcula el perímetro de cada rectángulo:



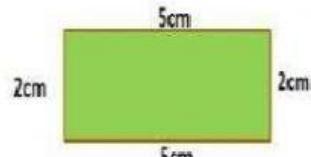
$$P = \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}}$$

$$P = \boxed{\phantom{0}}$$



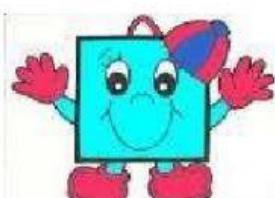
$$P = \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}}$$

$$P = \boxed{\phantom{0}}$$

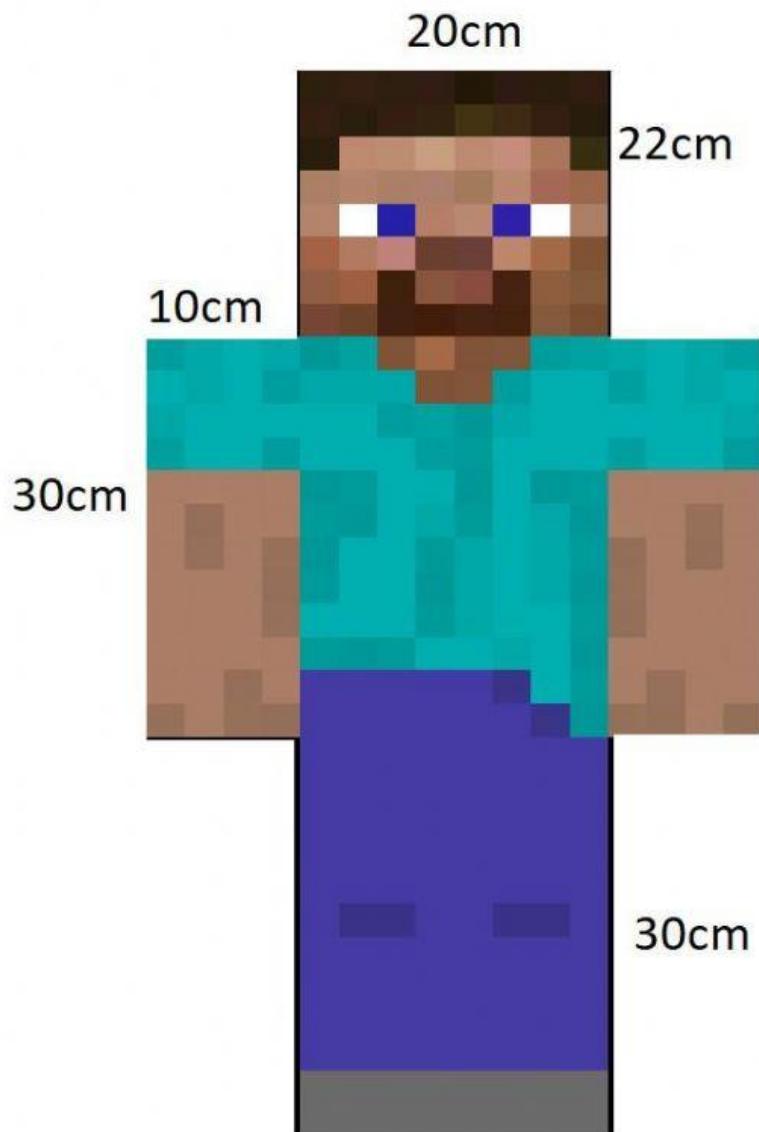


$$P = \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}}$$

$$P = \boxed{\phantom{0}}$$



- Complete las medidas que faltan y calcule el perímetro de la imagen.



$$P =$$