

PRACTICE TEST**(The 11th test)****PLACEMENT TEST FOR HIGH SCHOOL ENTRANCE****School year: 2021 -2022****Subject: English***Time allowance: 45 minutes*

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest in each of the following questions.

1. A. daily B. simply C. apply D. emergency
2. A. tough B. thought C. laugh D. cough

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

3. A. responsive B. bilingual C. attendance D. operate
4. A. deceive B. sector C. mission D. burden

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

5. The (A) number of (B) visitors to the (C) exhibition dropped (D) considerable in the second week.
6. When too (A) many firms enter (B) competitive markets, (C) their share of profits (D) will fell.
7. The term “middle class” (A) describes people (B) between the upper and (C) the low social (D) classes.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

8. Don't blame me. I _____ him only if he hadn't been driving so fast.
A. will have followed B. had followed
C. would have been able to follow D. could follow

9. The panda's _____ habitat is the bamboo forest.
A. nature B. natural C. naturalized D. naturally

10. Could you please _____ an appointment for me to see Mr. Smith?
A. do B. take C. make D. get

11. We have had the roof of our house _____.
A. replace B. replaced C. to replace D. been replaced

12. If everyone of US _____ the traffic rules, the road will be much safer.
A. obey B. obeys C. obeyed D. will obey

13. There are far _____ students in this school than in that school.
A. fewer B. less C. fewest D. least

14. Susan rarely stays up late, ____?
A. is she B. isn't she C. does she D. doesn't she

15. — “Tom wasn't there last night?” - “No, ____.”
A. I wasn't either B. either was I C. I wasn't too D. neither I was

16. Most rodents eat grain, seeds and nuts. _____.
A. but some eat almost anything B. instead a few doesn't eat grain
C. while some eat those things D. contrary few eat anything

17. - “Let me help you with the box.” - “_____”
A. Yes. That's very kind of you. B. I'm sorry. I'm busy now.
C. What can I do for you? D. No. You must not touch it.

18. - "How far is your house from here" - "_____"

A. Is there a bus from here? B. No, it isn't.
C. Yes, it's very far. D. Two kilometers, at least.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

19. After her parents' death, her chief inheritance was an old Bible, which she read and valued.

A. pursuit B. possession C. mistrust D. misery

20. They need to cut back on eating a lot of salt and sugary foods. They're not good for their health.

A. reduce B. begin C. speed up D. carry out

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

21. I find playing sports, like badminton, an exciting way to exercise.

A. stimulating B. regular C. normal D. boring

22. Population growth rates vary among regions and even among countries within the same region.

A. come up B. stay unchanged C. remain unstable D. go down

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

It has long been suspected that lack of sleep can actually lead to illness, particularly in young people. Research involving students aged 14-19 over a three-week period now appears to confirm (23) _____.

The teenagers wore devices that recorded the movements they made, without being (24) _____ of them, that indicated they were asleep. The results were then compared to the number of illnesses that they had (25) _____ from during the three weeks, in addition to the number of occasions on which they had been absent from school.

What the study showed was that students who slept (26) _____ than seven hours a night caught colds, flu and other relatively minor illnesses more often. The problem is that as children enter their teens their natural sleeping patterns change, (27) _____ in them going to sleep later and therefore wanting to wake up later - but they still have to get up in the morning to go to school.

23. A. this B. that C. these D. those
24. A. awake B. aware C. familiar D. sensitive
25. A. caught B. affected C. suffered D. experienced
26. A. more B. smaller C. longer D. fewer
27. A. resulting B. producing C. finishing D. forcing

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

In the earliest times children got their education directly from parents and other adults. They learned mainly skills for survival. Adults passed down this knowledge through spoken language. Eventually cultures around the world began inventing writing. As societies developed they set up schools to teach reading, writing, Maths and other subjects.

The first schools were usually just for boys. Most of the students came from rich and powerful families. Often the purpose of their education was religious training. In many cultures the religious leaders formed the highest level of society. Some schools had other purposes as well. Many schools focused on military training. Sometimes youths attended special schools to learn the art of public speaking. These skills were meant to help them become future leaders.

Most girls received their education at home. They learned cooking, sewing and other useful skills. Over time education became available to more people, not just the rich and powerful. The governments of some countries set up public systems of education in the 1800s. More schools opened to girls.

During the 1900s marks, or grades, became a new measure of learning. Testing became a regular part of formal education. As education became more important to people, teachers' colleges opened. The requirements for becoming a teacher became stricter. Teaching became a highly respected profession.

28. In the earliest times, children learned mainly skills so that they could _____.

- A. continue to exist
- B. pass this knowledge down
- C. invent writing
- D. make societies develop

29. The word "they" in the passage refers to _____.

- A. cultures
- B. societies
- C. schools
- D. subjects

30. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. The first schools were usually just for boys from rich and powerful families.
- B. Art of public speaking was one of the skills that help youths become future leaders.
- C. During the 1900s, testing became a regular part of formal education.
- D. In the earliest times, knowledge was passed down through written records.

31. The phrase "set up" in the passage could be best replaced by _____.

- A. made
- B. based
- C. founded
- D. built

32. The best title for the passage could be

- A. Education in the Earliest Times
- B. The Development of Education
- C. Education in Modern Times
- D. Testing - a Regular Part of Education

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

33. Because it was an interesting novel, I stayed up all night to finish it.

- A. I stayed up all night to finish the novel, therefore, it was interesting.
- B. Unless it were an interesting novel, I would stay up all night to finish it.
- C. Though it was an interesting novel, I stayed up all night to finish it.
- D. So interesting was the novel that I stayed up all night to finish it.

34. He cannot afford a new computer.

- A. The new computer is so expensive that he cannot buy it.
- B. Therefore, he would buy a new computer.
- C. So, he would buy a new computer.
- D. The new computer is so expensive but he can buy it.

35. The roads were slippery because it snowed heavily.

- A. It snowed too heavily to make the roads slippery.
- B. The heavy snow prevented the roads from being slippery.
- C. Thanks to the slip of the roads, it snowed heavily.
- D. The heavy snow made the roads slippery.

36. I did not understand what the lecturer was saying because I had not read his book.

- A. What the lecturer wrote and said was too difficult for me to understand.
- B. The lecturer's book which I had not read was difficult to understand.
- C. I found it very difficult to understand what the lecturer said in his book.
- D. I would have understood what the lecturer was saying if I had read his book.

37. Because they made too many mistakes, they failed in the exam

- A. They made very many mistakes that they failed in the exam
- B. They made too many mistake for them to fail in the exam
- C. They made so many mistakes that they failed in the exam
- D. They made such many mistakes that they failed in the exam

38. She locked the door so as not to be disturbed

- A. She locked the door in order that she wouldn't be disturbed
- B. She locked the door to be not disturbed
- C. She locked the door for her not to be disturbed
- D. She locked the door so that not to not to be disturbed

39. Fewer people came to the meeting than we had expected

- A. Too many people came to the meeting
- B. There were more people at the meeting than we had expected
- C. We had expected more people to come to the meeting
- D. There were not enough seats for all people as we had expected

40. Nancy isn't used to walking so far

- A. Nancy used to walk farther
- B. Nancy doesn't like to walk so far
- C. Nancy isn't accustomed to walking very far
- D. Nancy needed help to walk so far

-- *The end* --