Relative Pronouns

Grammar

Relative Pronouns: *who, that, which*

Relative clauses tell more about the person or thing the speaker is talking about. They begin with ***who, that,*** or ***which***.

The boy **who won the race** is my brother.

Use ***who*** and ***that*** for people. Use ***that*** and ***which*** for things and animals.

The girl lives next door. She's friendly.
The girl **who/that** lives next door is friendly.

The dog bit me. It is dangerous.
The dog **that** bit me is dangerous.
That dog, **which** belongs to my neighbors, bites.

Extra information about the person or thing is put in between commas.
Our new neighbors, who just moved in last week, seem friendly.

A Match the parts of the definition. Then complete the definitions using *who* or *that*. Use *who* for people.

1. A villain is a person	d	a. _____	is the top prize at the Olympics.
2. A mask is something	_____	b. _____	can do difficult physical exercises.
3. A gymnast is someone	_____	c. _____	tells a story in pictures.
4. A gold medal is an object	_____	d. *who*	is the bad or evil character in a story.
5. Harry Potter is a character	_____	e. _____	covers a person's face.
6. A comic book is a book	_____	f. _____	is a smart animal.
7. A dolphin is a fish	_____	g. _____	is brave or good.
8. A hero is a person	_____	h. _____	has magical powers.

B Look at the pictures, and write who said the following.

1. "I can't hear you. Speak louder." — *The man who was talking on the phone*
2. "Why didn't I bring my umbrella?" — _____
3. "How much is this necklace?" — _____
4. "I don't understand what it means." — _____







THE BOY WHO WAS STANDING AT THE BOARD.

THE WOMAN WHO WAS COVERING HERSELF WITH A NEWSPAPER.

THE WOMAN WHO WAS HOLDING THE NECKLACE.

LIVEWORKSHEETS