

Name: _____

Date: _____

Homework: Heat and the Conservation of Energy

Convert between the temperature scales below.

$75^{\circ}\text{C} = \text{_____ K}$

$295 \text{ K} = \text{_____ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

$22^{\circ}\text{C} = \text{_____ K}$

$0^{\circ}\text{C} = \text{_____ K}$

$250 \text{ K} = \text{_____ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

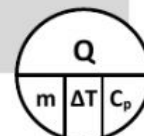
$600^{\circ}\text{C} = \text{_____ K}$

Answer the following questions about heat, mass, temperature change and specific heat.

1. A sample of copper with a mass of 50.0 grams goes from an initial temperature of 22.0°C to a final temperature of 41.6°C . Calculate the change in thermal energy, and state whether it was *gained* or *lost*.

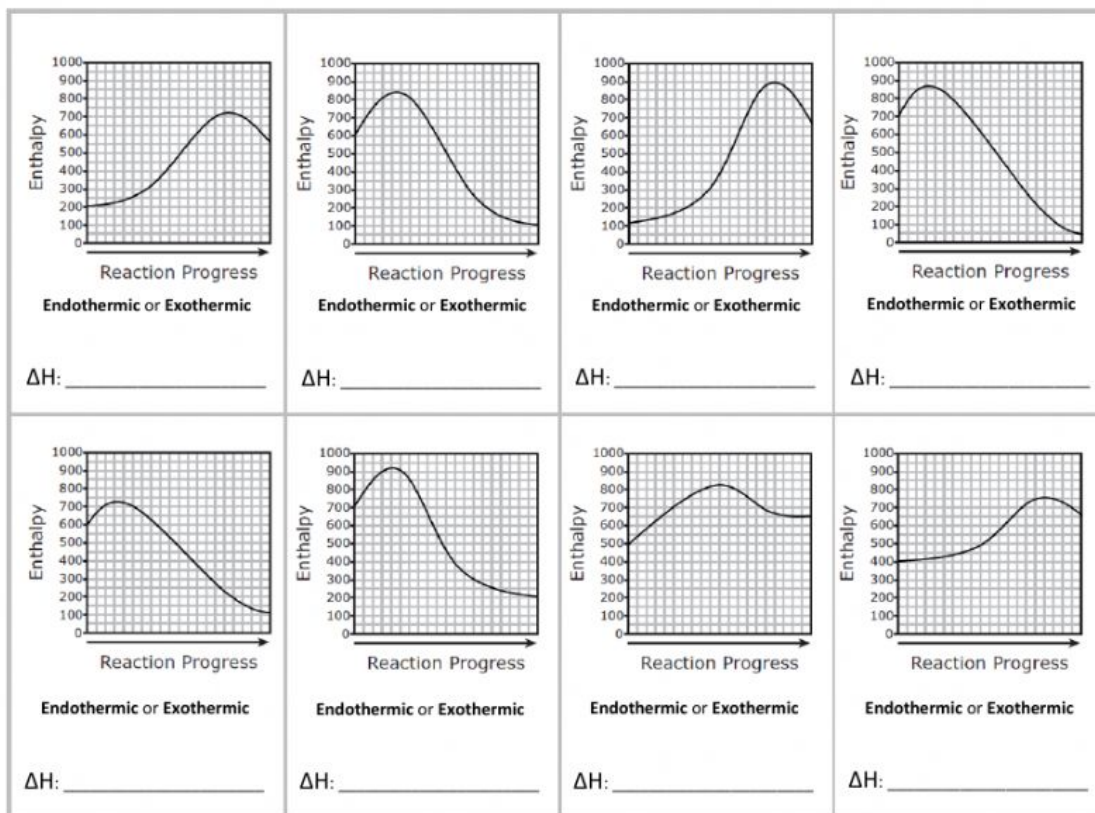
Substance	Specific Heat [$\text{J}/(\text{g}\times^{\circ}\text{C})$]
Water	4.184
Wood	1.760
Carbon (graphite)	0.710
Glass	0.664
Iron	0.450
Copper	0.385
Brass	0.380
Aluminum	0.897

2. A sample of graphite with a mass of 15.0 grams drops from an initial temperature of 22°C to a final temperature of 12°C . Calculate how much heat was transferred, and state whether it was *gained* or *lost* based on the sign of your answer.

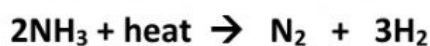


- Heat travels *through* a **solid** by what process? _____
- Heat travels *through* a **fluid** by what process? _____
- How is heat transferred *between* objects that are touching? _____
- How is heat transferred *between* objects that are **not** touching? _____

For each of the graphs below, circle whether the change in enthalpy shown is exothermic or endothermic, then calculate how many kilojoules of heat were absorbed or released (final – initial). Be sure to use the proper sign: - or +.



5. What type of reaction is shown above: *endothermic* or *exothermic*? _____



6. What type of reaction is shown above: *endothermic* or *exothermic*? _____