## Unit 1 Family life Exercise 1: Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others

| 1. A. collection | B. necessary      | C. explanation | D. reputation |
|------------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------|
| 2. A. compulsory | B. ad <u>u</u> lt | C. publish     | D. campus     |
| 3. A. official   | B. mosque         | C. optional    | D. tropical   |

## Exercise 2: Choose the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others

| 1. A. admire     | B. Internet    | C. violent   | D. website    |  |
|------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|--|
| 2. A. government | B. linguistics | C. territory | D. journalism |  |

| Exercise 3: Choose | the correct answer   | A, B, C or D |
|--------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| 1. Hung enjoys     | fishing and boating. | 0            |

- A. to go
- B. go
- C. going
- D. went
- 2. We must finish our project \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. on time
- B. in time
- C. yesterday
- D. time
- 3. \_\_\_\_ a kind of everlasting energy, solar energy may be the solution to our crisis.
- A. Because
- B. Since
- C. As
- D. With
- 4. Either John or his brothers \_\_\_\_ the money.
- A. has stolen
- B. have stolen
- C. has been stolen

**BLIVEWORKSHEETS** 

| D. have been  |
|---|
| 5. I wish you to the theater last night, but you didn't.                          |
| A. would come   |
| B. had come   |
| C. was coming   |
| D. came   |
| <ol><li>The teacher advised the children and see the dentist regularly.</li></ol> |
| A. went   |
| B. going  |
| C. go   |
| D. to go  |
| 7. Why you always over spilt milk? I am tired of what you say.                    |
| A. are - crying   |
| B. do – cry   |
| C. do - drink   |
| D. are - drinking   |
| 8. Look! That girl is very attractive Yeah, she me of an old friend of mine.      |
| A. reminds  |
| B. is reminding   |
| C. will remind  |
| D. remind   |
| <ol><li>My mother is for taking care of the home and the family.</li></ol>        |
| A. responsible  |
| B. takes the responsibility   |
| C. take the duty  |
| D. Both B & C are correct.  |
| <ol><li>Equal share of household duties helps increase</li></ol>                  |
| A. job satisfaction   |
| B. couple satisfaction  |
| C. wedding satisfaction   |
| D. marital satisfaction   |



| Exercise 4: Complete the senten     | ces using the Present Simple or Present Continuous  |                               |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| 1. She (work) in the Sale           | es Department in London, but at the moment she (do) | a training course in Bristol. |
| 2. Don't talk to me now. I (write)  | an important letter.                                |                               |
| 3. Why (they, drive)                | on the left in Britain?                             |                               |
| 4. Excuse me. I think that you (sit | ) in my seat.                                       |                               |
| 5. It usually (rain) here           | a lot, but it (not rain) now                        |                               |
| Evercise 5: Read the nassage an     | d choose the correct answer                         |                               |

While couples without a clear or equal chore division may encounter quarrels over who does what, a recent survey finds the divorce rate among couples sharing chores equally is about fifty percent higher than those in which wives do more or most of the housework, which can be a slap in the face for gender equality.

The researchers explain that modern couples organize their marriage and work out the tasks and duties, which may gradually turn their marriage into a business or contractual relationship. The woman may gradually feel less needed or happy and what's worse is that no one would care to help if something is not among their assigned chores. That seems to encourage conflicts rather than conflict resolution skills.

On the contrary, in families without equal task division women tend to be responsible for more chores than men. While they believe they can exchange their roles for their husbands', many women believe they are most naturally suited for certain tasks. They simply enjoy being involved in their children's activities, which means more chores for them. This group of women also report more marital satisfaction.

The survey also aimed to find out whether women's were happier if men shared more of the burden. In fact, they find that men report fewer family conflicts and greater well-being while women appear to be largely unmoved. This may be partly because they feel less guilty or simply learn how to have a quiet life.

- 1. What is the best title for the above reading text?
- A. The divorce rate among modern families
- B. Factors that cause conflicts between husbands and wives
- C. The share of chores and marital happiness
- 2. What may turn marriage into a contractual relationship?
- A. Too much housework
- B. The way couples organize their families and the clear-cut chore division
- C. Task and duties that are unclearly assigned
- 3. What does it mean by "unmoved"?
- A. happy



- B. disappointed
- C. unshaken
- 4. How do men feel when they do more housework than before?
- A. Happier
- B. Sympathetic towards women
- C. Reluctant
- 5. What can be inferred from the reading text?
- A. Chores themselves do not affect one's marital satisfaction.
- B. Household chores should be done by women.
- C. There should be equality in everything to gain marital happiness.
- 6. What does the word "they" in the fourth paragraph mean?
- A. Women
- B. Men
- C. Women & men

## Exercise 6: Choose the sentence which is closest in meaning with the given one.

- 1. Though he tried hard, he didn't succeed.
- A. However hard he tried, he didn't succeed.
- B. However he tried hard, he didn't succeed.
- C. However he didn't succeed, he tried hard.
- D. However he tried hard but he didn't succeed.
- 2. The newspaper has a circulation of five million.
- A. The paper is five million years old.
- B. Five million people read the newspaper.
- C. Five million newspaper are put in a circle.
- D. The newspaper is round in shape.
- 3. "When I met my long-lost brother, I was at a loss for words."
- A. When the speaker met his brother, he was puzzled about what to say.
- B. When the speaker met his brother, he had much to say.
- C. When the speaker met his brother, he refused to say anything.
- D. When the speaker met his brother, he had nothing pleasant to say.
- 4. It rained during the match, but we enjoyed it all the same.



| A. It rained during the match and we did not enjoy the match.   |
|---|
| B. It rained during the match and we enjoyed it less.   |
| C. It rained during the match and we enjoyed it in the same way as others.                                      |
| D. It rained during the match but we enjoyed it.  |
| 5. Without transportation, our modern society could not exist.  |
| A. Our modern society could not exist if there is no transportation.  |
| B. Our modern society will not exist without having traffic.  |
| C. If there were no transportation, our society would not exist.  |
| D. If transportation no longer exists, our society will not either.   |
| Exercise 7: Give the correct form of the words in CAPITAL to complete the sentence                              |
| 1. My new car is more than the one I had before. (ECONOMY)  |
| 2. How many entered the race? (COMPETE)   |
| 3. Housework has been regarded as women's work. (TRADITION)   |
| Exercise 8: Reorder the following sets of words to make meaningful sentences.                                   |
| 1. air/ am/ that/ afraid/ the/ city/ pollution/ in/ our/ getting/ worse/ and/ is/ worse/ I/.                    |
| 2. the/ way/ Internet/ we/ as/ can/ for/ use/ an/ effective/ self-study/.                                       |
| 3. shouldn't/ river/ we/ is/ swim/in/ because/ this/ water/ polluted/ highly/ its/.                             |
| Exercise 9. Write the sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the original one.                            |
| <ol> <li>I now regret spending too much money on clothes.</li> <li>→ I wish</li> </ol>                          |
| <ol> <li>People say football is the best game to play.</li> <li>→ Football</li> </ol>                           |
| <ol> <li>"It was nice of you to help me. Thank you very much Tom said to you.</li> <li>→ Tom thanked</li> </ol> |
| 4. It takes three hours to drive from Hai Phong to Ha Noi.  → It is a   |
| 5. John has never been so rude to anybody.  → Never   |



| Exercise 10. Give the correct for    | m of the vert           | os in brackets.  |                        |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| 1. I was tired when I got home. I (  | work)                   | all day.         |                        |
| 2. I want to get married, but I (not | meet)                   | the right person | n yet.                 |
| 3. Why John (not/ want)              | to play socce           | er last Sunday?  |                        |
| 4. The astronaut's clothes (make)    | from special materials. |                  |                        |
| 5 We would have caught the last      | hus if we (leav         | (e) the cinem    | a five minutes earlier |



