

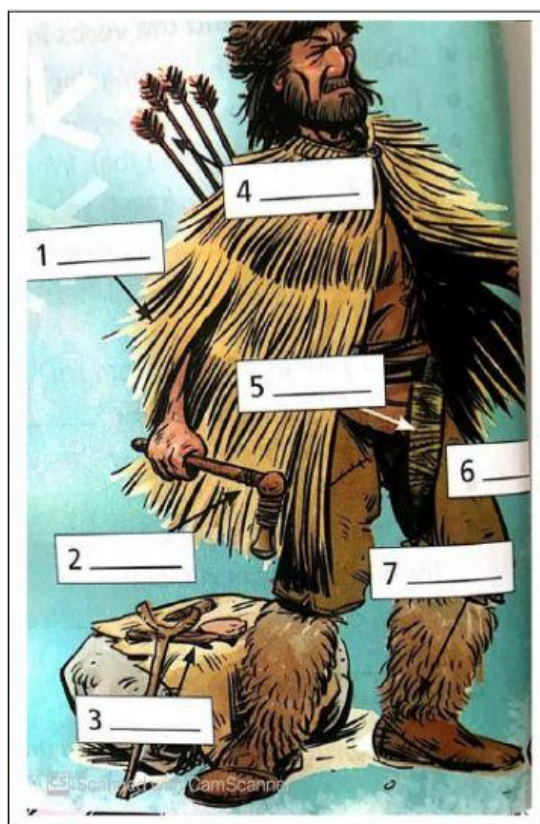
ÖTZI, THE ICEMAN

Listen to the text and fill in the words.

In September 1991, two German (1) _____ were on holiday in the Alps. One day, there were walking along a (2) _____ when they say something in the ice. They stopped and looked. It was part of a body. They thought it was a (3) _____, but they were wrong. They weren't looking at the body of a modern climber. This body was over (4) _____ years old. They were looking at a man from the (5) _____.

Who was he? What was he doing in the mountains? How did he die? Did he fall or did somebody murder him? (6) _____ from all over the world wanted to study the Iceman.

Ötzi, as the archaeologists called him, lived between 3350 BC and 3100 BC – over 600 years before the Egyptians built the pyramids. He came from northern Italy and he was about forty-six years old. That was old in the Stone Age, because people didn't live very long then. He was about 1.6 m tall, had blue eyes and long, dark brown hair. We know that he was a (7) _____, because scientists found pieces of (8) _____ in his clothes. He was probably taking his sheep and goats into the mountains when he died.



Ötzi changed our ideas about the Stone Age. Before Ötzi, archaeologists thought that copper didn't arrive in Europe until 2000 BC. However, Ötzi was carrying a (9) _____ 1,300 years earlier. He was also carrying a (10) _____ and _____, a knife and some wooden (11) _____. He was wearing warm clothes, with a (12) _____ and leather boots. These things show that Stone Age people were very (13) _____.