

Grammar Rules

CLAUSES OF RESULT

RESULT

We use **Clauses of Result** to express the result of an action or a conclusion.

so + adjective / adverb + that <i>That Maths problem was so difficult that I couldn't solve it.</i> <i>They shouted so loudly that everybody heard them.</i>	
so + much / many / little / few + that <i>I've heard this song so many times that I know it by heart now.</i>	
such + a lot of + noun + that <i>I've put on such a lot of weight that I don't fit into my clothes anymore.</i>	

CLAUSES OF CONCESSION

concession

We use **Clauses of Concession** to express contrast or opposition to the main clause.

although / though / even though + subject + verb <i>Although / Even though / Though he was starving, he didn't take any of the food they offered him.</i>	
NOTE: Though is used in spoken English and it can be placed at the beginning or at the end of the sentence.	
in spite of / despite + noun + -ing form + what... + the fact that	
<i>Despite the heavy rain, it was very hot.</i> <i>In spite of feeling afraid, Jim went on the rollercoaster.</i> <i>Despite what you may think, that's not the case.</i> <i>He went dancing in spite of the fact that he had a terrible headache.</i> <i>He went dancing despite the fact that he had a terrible headache.</i>	 

CLAUSES OF PURPOSE



STRUCTURES	USE	EXAMPLES
so as (not) to + base form in order (not) to + base form	<i>The subject of the verb and the infinitive is always the same.</i>	<i>He walked in quietly so as not to wake up his parents.</i> <i>We're saving money in order to buy a new car.</i>
so that + subject + can / may / will so that + subject + could / might / would	<i>purpose with present or future time reference</i> <i>purpose with past time reference</i>	<i>Please close the door so that the cat can't come in.</i> <i>He walked quietly so that nobody could hear his footsteps.</i>

Rewrite the sentences using the words given. Refer to the tables above.

1	There is such a lot of violence in this video game that you shouldn't buy it. (so) The video game is _____ you shouldn't buy it .
2	The children continued swimming although it was raining. (despite) The children continued swimming _____ .
3	In spite of its difficulty, we managed to solve the puzzle. (although) _____, we managed to solve it.
4	Kelly bought a new dance DVD so that she could work out at home. (so as to) Kelly bought a new dance DVD _____ .
5	Despite his illness, Billy went to school. (even though) _____ he went to school .
6	You should take up a new hobby in order not to be bored all the time. (so that) You should take up a new hobby _____ all the time.
7	Cleo is taking a few classes. She wishes to further her education. (in order to) Cleo _____ .