An Introduction to Proportions 3/3

REMEMBER:



Complete according to the example given:

$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{8}$

$1 \times 8 = 2 \times 4$

$8 = 8$

$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{6}{\square}$

$\frac{22}{11} = \frac{\square}{2}$

$\frac{16}{\square} = \frac{4}{2}$

$\frac{2}{4} = \frac{\square}{18}$

$\frac{10}{5} = \frac{\square}{3}$

$\frac{4}{36} = \frac{\square}{9}$

$\frac{5}{\square} = \frac{20}{8}$

$\frac{8}{12} = \frac{\square}{6}$

:

LIVEWORKSHEETS