

**EVALUASI
DESCRIPTIVE TEXT PERTEMUAN KE 3**

Name:

Grade:

Topic: Descriptive Text 3

A. Multiple Choice

Choose the best answer A, B, D, or E

This text for question 1 to 3

Ora Beach is located on the Island of Seram, Central Maluku. This is heaven on earth. No need to go far away to foreign countries to get a peaceful atmosphere with the natural landscape, especially for s magnificent beach.

It offers a natural beauty that is second to none, one more proof for tourists out there that Indonesia has such beautiful beaches like this. As far as we can see, the charm of the beach is worth aligned with other beautiful beaches like Boracay Beach in the Philippines or the Bora-Bora in the Pacific Ocean.

Ora beach is situated in the village of Salesman, Northern Seram District, Central Maluku. There is a resort named Ora Beach Resort which has six cottages, made of wood with thatched roofs, standing above the water.

In addition to the magnificent sightseeing, another charm of this beach is taken from its marine life. The coral reefs of this beach are diverse and colourful as well as the fish. Because the water is so clear, we can see the corals and fish directly, swimming under the water.

Ora beach is settled in a remote location and far away from crowds, which makes Ora Beach perfect for those who are craving for tranquillity, being away from the urban bustle.

Adapted from: *Detik-detik ujian nasional bahasa inggris 2020, intan pariwara*

1. What information can we get from the text?
 - A. Ora Beach is located in the Pacific Ocean.
 - B. Ora Beach Resort can only serve six people at once in its cottages.
 - C. Ora Beach is close to Boracay Beach, only one hour of sailing.
 - D. Ora Beach is the natural conservation place for the marine life in Maluku.
 - E. Ora Beach has a calm water flow that lets us stay in the cottages above the water.
2. Why does the writer compare Ora Beach to Boracay Beach in the Philippines and Bora-Bora Beach in the Pacific Ocean?
 - A. The writer thinks that the three beaches are located in tropical regions.
 - B. The three beaches are located far from the urban life.
 - C. Ora Beach has as beautiful scenery as the Boracay and Bora-Bora Beach.

D. Ora Beach has a diverse marine life, similar to Boracay and Bora-Bora beaches.

E. Staying at Ora Beach is not as expensive as staying in Boracay or Bora-Bora Beach.

3. “Ora Beach is perfect for those who are craving for tranquillity ...” (paragraph 5)
What is the best replacement for the underlined word?

- A. Peacefulness.
- B. Easiness.
- C. Safeness.
- D. Happiness.
- E. Festiveness

This text for question 4 to 6

Kediri is a name of a town. It is situated in a valley between the Kelud and Willis mountains and inhabited by about 1.3 million people. In the centre of the town there is a large hill which is called the Dathok Mountain. Because of the topography of the region, Kediri is called a chilly town by the locals. There is a big river called Brantas cutting off the centre of the town.

Beside the temples, Kediri is also famous for its products like cigarettes and a special kind of tofu or bean curd. This highly nutritious food is delicacy of Kediri and has a distinctive taste. The cigarettes factory dominates the town economy and employs the majority of the women labor force. Kediri and the cigarettes factory are inseparable and it is considered the biggest cigarette factory in Indonesia. Most of the local people work in this factory. Those who do not work here are farmers or traders.

4. What does the above text tell about?

- A. The history of Kediri
- B. The famous products of Kediri
- C. The description of Kediri
- D. The people
- E. 1.3 million people

5. Which one has a distinctive taste?

- A. The cigarette
- B. The special food
- C. The bean curd
- D. The highly nutritious food
- E. Tofu

6. “Those who do not work here ...” (last sentence). The “those” word refers to

- A. The local people
- B. The factory workers
- C. The farmers
- D. The traders
- E. Woman labour force

This text for question 7 to 9

Masjid Sultan Suriansyah is a historical mosque. Built 300 years ago, this building is the oldest mosque in South Kalimantan. The mosque is located in the North Kuin Village of Banjarmasin. It was built in the reign of Sultan Suriansyah known as Pangeran Samudera. He was the first Banjarnese King who converted into Islam. This mosque was found on the bank of the Kuin River, near Kampung Kraton, which was destroyed by the Dutch colonial.

The construction of Masjid Sultan Suriansyah was unique. The roof is layered. It took the Banjar's past architecture before Islam came. Different from any other old mosques in Banjar, the mihrab has its own roof, separated from the main building.

7. Masjid Sultan Suriansyah was constructed in the era of

- A. Banjar people
- B. Dutch colonial
- C. Kalimantan King
- D. Sultan Suriansyah
- E. Oldest king of Kalimantan

8. What is mainly discussed in the text?

- A. A king reign
- B. A palace complex
- C. An Islamic location
- D. A historical mosque
- E. A first Banjarnesee king

9. From the text we know that

- A. Some construction of the mosque takes the local style
- B. Banjar people burned down the mosque
- C. There is nothing special from this mosque
- D. The Dutch colonial built the mosque
- E. It is the oldest building in Kalimantan

This text for question 10

Bale Kambang is a small village in the Southern coast of East Java, seventy kilometers from Malang town and two hours' drive from South. It is well known for its long beautiful white sandy beach as well as the similarity of its temple to the one of Tanah Lot in Bali.

In Bale Kambang, there are three small rocky islands namely Ismaya Island, Wisanggeni Island, and Anoman Island, those names are taken from "wayang" figures (Java traditional puppets). These islands are surrounded by Indonesian Ocean which huge waves frighten most overseas cruisers

10. What makes Bale Kambang famous?

- A. Small rocky islands
- B. Long beautiful beach
- C. Huge waves of ocean
- D. Overseas cruisers
- E. three small rocky islands

B. Read the information below about Fort Vredeburg and then answer the guided question to develop an outline for making a simple descriptive text about Fort Vredeburg.

Information:

Fort Vredeburg Museum is one of the popular Yogyakarta Places of Interest. Furthermore, it is a historic museum officially Indonesian name, Museum Benteng Vredeburg Yogyakarta that was a former colonial fortress located in Yogyakarta City. This museum is collecting old photographs, historical objects as well as replicas. A diorama portraying Indonesia's journey for independence is also displayed in the museum. It is a famous place and has also appointed as a tourist destination in town. In addition, it is a good place to visit during your visit to Yogyakarta and it will encourage you to the old story of local people struggling against the colonialism in this country.

The Fort Vredeburg Museum Yogyakarta is a colonial fort built by the Dutch East Indies colonial government. This fort is located in the heart of Yogyakarta, and is located close to many important landmarks such as Malioboro Street, Yogyakarta palace, and Beringharjo market.

The Fort Vredeburg Museum not only presents historical tourism, but also a destination with a lot of wonderful photo spots. This is a great easy place to visit, since it is located in the center of the city.

The fort has a rectangular shape and features a ditch in all its sides. Not to mention a watchtower resides in all the corners. When tourists reach the south part of the fort, they may find old cannon too. As for the gate, it looks majestic with a name sign on it. According to the locals, the fort has the total size of about 2100 meters per square! As mentioned before, it was built by the Dutch. No wonder, the architecture represents their culture. The design is original, and it hasn't changed at all!

Once arriving at Vredeburg Fort Museum, they would see the majestic building right away. Not to mention numerous types of facilities and rooms reside in that area. These include an exhibition room, library, meeting room, guest room, a small mosque, audio-visual room, free internet access, etc. Thus, it is recommended to explore all parts of the fort for the best experience. Not to mention tourists should carry a camera to capture some photos during the exploration.

Aside from exploration and photography, people keep coming to Vredeburg Fort Museum to witness all collections for sure. Once entering the fort, tourists may see some miniatures, replicas, photos, and paintings. Not to mention several diorama rooms are available in that area. Each of them stores different historical items. Here is the tip. Tourists should also take photos using their camera when exploring those rooms. As long as they don't litter, they are good to go.

Most people are interested to hang out outside Vredeburg Fort Museum, instead. They simply explore all parts of the fort including the ditch, bridge, walls, gate, and Serangan Umum Monument. Tourists usually take selfies in front of these objects! In front of the fort, several street vendors gather and offer their products to tourists, as well. These include foods and souvenirs!

Outline:

Paragraph 1	What is the name of the tourism site?	
	Where is it?	
	How to get there?	
	What's special about this tourism site?	
Paragraph 2	Find an adjective that best describes the tourism site?	
	Provide supports or evidences to confirm the adjective that you choose to describe the tourism site!	

Compose of descriptive about Mount Bromo based information about it from the video and outline above!

Compose your descriptive text about Fort Vredeburg based on the information about it from the information box and the outline above!