

STUDENT'S

NAME: _____ DATE: _____

COURSE/GRADE: _____ SUBJECT: _____

TOPIC: _____

INSTRUCTION: _____

Origins of the Cold War

SELECT THE CORRECT ANSWER AND WRITE THE CORRECT ANSWERS

1.- What European country provided the first test case in the Cold War?

A) Austria

B) Germany

C) Latvia

D) Poland.

2. The _____ accords promised "free and unfettered elections" in countries liberated by the Allies.

A) Camp David

B) Casablanca

C) Dayton Peace

D) Yalta.

Meeting with Soviet Minister of Foreign Affairs Vyacheslav Molotov less than two weeks after becoming president, Truman stood firm on Polish self-determination, lecturing the Soviet diplomat about the need to implement the Yalta accords. When Molotov protested, "I have never been talked to like that in my life," Truman retorted, "Carry out your agreements and you won't get talked to like that." Relations deteriorated from that point onward.

3. Who served as the Soviet Minister of Foreign Affairs at this time?

4. Harry S. Truman showed himself to be quite flexible on the issue of Polish self-determination.

A) True

B) False

During the closing months of World War II, Soviet military forces occupied all of Central and Eastern Europe. Moscow used its military power to support the efforts of the Communist parties in Eastern Europe and crush the democratic parties. Communists took over one nation after another. The process concluded with a shocking coup d'état in Czechoslovakia in 1948.

5. How did the Soviet Union support the efforts of the Communist parties in Eastern Europe and crush the democratic parties?

6. In 1948, the Soviets backed a shocking coup d'état in what country?

- A) China
- B) Czechoslovakia
- C) Italy
- D) Vietnam.

Public statements defined the beginning of the Cold War. In 1946 Stalin declared that international peace was impossible "under the present capitalist development of the world economy." Former British Prime Minister Winston Churchill delivered a dramatic speech in Fulton, Missouri, with Truman sitting on the platform. "From Stettin in the Baltic to Trieste in the Adriatic," Churchill said, "an iron curtain has descended across the Continent." Britain and the United States, he declared, had to work together to counter the Soviet threat.

7. Who coined the phrase "iron curtain"?

The map to the left depicts Poland following World War II.

8. What body of water borders Poland to the north?



- A) Atlantic Ocean
- B) Baltic Sea
- C) Indian Ocean
- D) Mediterranean Sea

9. What three countries bordered Poland at this time?



10.- Which countries did Winston Churchill declare that had to work together to counter the Soviet threat?
