



**BILINGUAL EDUCATIVE UNIT LICEO ALBONOR**  
**SCIENCE LESSON**  
**SCHOOL YEAR 2021-2022**

<b>STUDENT'S NAME:</b>	
<b>COURSE:</b>	<b>7<sup>TH</sup> Democratic / Electoral</b>
<b>TEACHER:</b>	<b>LOURDES VELEZ</b>
<b>DATE:</b>	

**1.- LOOK AND MATCH THE ANIMAL ADAPTATIONS TO THEIR FUNCTIONS.**



Large eyes on the front of their heads can help animals gauge distance for attacking prey with precision.



Humps enable some animals to store fat for periods of time when resources are scarce.



Thick fur provides insulation for animals living in cold climates.

**2.- SELECT THE CORRECT OPTION FOR EACH KIND OF ADAPTATION.**

**1.- Physical adaptation**

- A) actions that allow the animal to respond to life needs
- B) animals go into a deep winter sleep in which their body slows down and they survive off of stored food.
- C) behaviors that are taught to an animal in order to survive
- D) something on its body that helps the animal survive in its environment

**2.- instinct**

- A) actions that allow the animal to respond to life needs
- B) animals go on a long distance journey from one place to another as seasons change
- C) behaviors that animals are born with; they need these in order to survive
- D) animals that look like other plants or animals to avoid being eaten

### **3.- hibernation**

- A) behaviors that animals are born with; they need these in order to survive
- B) animals go into a deep winter sleep in which their body slows down and they survive off of stored food
- C) something on its body that helps the animal survive in its environment
- D) animals blend into their environment in order to protect themselves from enemies, and to help predators catch their prey.

### **4.- migration**

- A) something on its body that helps the animal survive in its environment
- B) animals go on a long-distance journey from one place to another as seasons change
- C) actions that allow the animal to respond to life needs
- D) behaviors that animals are born with, they need these in order to survive

### **5.- animals that look like other plants or animals to avoid being eaten**

- A) hibernation
- B) mimicry
- C) physical adaptation
- D) behavioral adaptation

### **6.- behaviors that are taught to an animal in order to survive**

- A) learned behaviors
- B) hibernation
- C) camouflage
- D) migration

### **7. animals blend into their environment in order to protect themselves from enemies, and to help predators catch their prey**

- A) camouflage
- B) physical adaptation
- C) instinct
- D) learned behaviors

### **8.- actions that allow the animal to respond to life needs**

- A) mimicry
- B) physical adaptation
- C) behavioral adaptation
- D) camouflage