



UNIT 5 QUIZ

LISTENING

- 1**  **UT Track 5** Listen to Vicky talking to her friend Mike about her preparations for a camping trip. Choose the correct answer (A or B).
- 1 Why isn't Debbie going camping with Vicky?
A She has an injury.
B She is going away with James.
 - 2 Who is Vicky going camping with?
A Alex and Nina
B Alex, Nina and Mike
 - 3 Vicky
A feels confident about treating a twisted ankle.
B has no experience using a bandage.
 - 4 Alex and Nina
A have some experience of doing first aid.
B have never done first aid before.
- 2**  **UT Track 5** Listen again. Decide if each statement is true (T) or false (F).
- 1 Vicky goes camping frequently. **T / F**
 - 2 Mike agrees that Vicky's box is too large. **T / F**
 - 3 Vicky agrees that protection from insects is important. **T / F**
 - 4 Mike knows how to put someone in the recovery position. **T / F**
 - 5 Vicky decides to borrow Mike's camping knife. **T / F**
 - 6 Vicky thinks Mike might make her feel less stressed when she's camping. **T / F**

GRAMMAR

3 Choose the correct word or phrase to complete the sentences.

- 1 My dad doesn't **let** / **allow** me eat my dinner in front of the television.
- 2 I think you **should** / **ought** to cheer up. Being sad all day won't help.
- 3 My mum says I **allowed** / **can** go to the concert if I help my grandfather at the weekend.
- 4 Kate's mum believes that all mobile phones **should** / **must to** be switched off during meals.
- 5 I **could** / **must** remember to take my medicine three times a day. It's very important!
- 6 Our teacher **allows** / **lets** us to use our mobiles to look up words in English.
- 7 Jessica broke her leg. She **won't be able** / **can't** to walk for three months.
- 8 It gets me down sometimes when I **can't** / **won't be able** do something that I am trying to do.
- 9 At our school you **need not** / **don't have** to wear a uniform. It's not necessary.
- 10 I remember when I was little I **am able to** / **could** hide under my bed. Now I'm too big!

4 Choose the correct word or phrase to complete the sentences.

- 1 James **ought to** / **must to** be at the dentist's by now, he left a long time ago.
- 2 Jenny **must** / **can** be in pain. She fell off her bike and cut her knee.

- 3 I'm not feeling well. I **might** / **can** visit the doctor.
- 4 The doctor looks quite serious. It **may** / **can't** be because he has some bad news.
- 5 This **could** / **can't** be your prescription; it's got my name at the top!
- 6 You **must** / **might** love taking care of people if you want to work as a nurse.
- 7 Try putting some cream on your sunburn, that **ought** / **should** make it feel better.
- 8 We **may** / **must** be at the right chemist's, it's the only one on this street.
- 9 It **must** / **can't** be easy for doctors, working so hard for so many hours.
- 10 Your finger **should** / **ought** be better soon. It was only a little cut.

VOCABULARY

5 Complete the sentences with the correct alternative.

- 1 My dad went to the doctor because he felt a **pain** / **cut** in his shoulder.
- 2 Jan spent three hours playing video games and now his hands **ache** / **injure**.
- 3 The doctor has given me a **medicine** / **prescription** so I'm going to the chemist's now.
- 4 You have a bad **cough** / **flu**. Maybe you are getting a cold.
- 5 When I was playing football I **hurt** / **pain** my ankle in a tackle.
- 6 Look! I twisted my ankle and the doctor has put a/an **operation** / **bandage** on it.
- 7 James! You have **bone** / **blood** on your chin. Have you cut yourself?
- 8 I'm very anxious because my grandmother is having an **ache** / **operation** on her foot.

6 Complete the sentences with the correct word from the box.

down | on | out | over | up

- 1 I'm a bit tired, so I don't really feel ____ to going to the party.
- 2 I can't believe that I have put ____ three kilos in the last two months. I need to eat less.
- 3 My head hurts and I have a cough. I think I might be coming ____ with a cold.
- 4 It's so hot in this hospital waiting room. I think I'm going to pass.
- 5 Peter's team just lost in the final. I think it will be a while before he gets ____ it.

7 Complete the sentences with the correct form of *have*, *take*, *make* or *do*.

- 1 I can't believe I have ____ so many mistakes on this exam!
- 2 My little brother is not very well so I am going to ____ care of him.
- 3 It's not nice to ____ fun of people. You wouldn't like it if they did it to you.
- 4 Julie has been ____ her homework for three hours.
- 5 Sarah is in the bathroom. She might still be ____ her hair. It usually takes a long time.
- 6 The first thing I do when I wake up is ____ my bed.
- 7 I think I am going to lie down – I ____ a terrible headache.

LANGUAGE IN USE

8 Complete the text with the correct form of the words given.

Clowns in Hospitals

There is nothing worse than staying in hospital: unfamiliar

(1) _____ and being surrounded by hospital

(2) _____ is not exactly

(3) _____. Studies have shown that people usually laugh up to

15 times a day, but during hospital (4) _____ a patient may

not laugh at all. Since studies have shown that laughing has a

positive effect on both the body and mind, many hospitals have

taken the (5) _____ to introduce clowns to

cheer the patients up. Regular (6) _____ with clowns helps

children forget about their illnesses and leads to a huge

(7) _____ in their emotional state.

(8) _____, it's not only children who find the crazy actions

of clowns

(9) _____. Some studies suggest adults may also respond

positively to clowns. What everybody (10) _____ on is

that seeing the funny side is of benefit to patients of all ages.

1 ACCOMMODATE

2 EQUIP

3 ENJOY

4 TREAT

5 DECIDE

6 COMMUNICATE

7 IMPROVE

8 AMAZE

9 ENTERTAIN

10 AGREE

READING

ANIMALS IN NEED

Whether lost, sick or in danger of disappearing completely from our planet, animals face many challenges. Fortunately, there are organisations that are here to help. Here are three of them!

WOOD GREEN – THE ANIMALS CHARITY

This centre has a mission to provide shelter and care for animals that are unwanted or lost.

Louisa Snow opened the first centre in 1924 in North London. She was worried about the number of animals which were left on the streets of London after the First World War.

In 1933, Dr Margaret Young joined the charity and tried to find homes for the animals that were rescued. After several years, the London centre had too many animals so they bought a small pig farm in Hertfordshire so that the animals had somewhere to stay.

Today, the centre has more than one location and looks after other animals including rabbits, guinea pigs and farm animals.

YORK ANIMAL HOSPITAL

In 1992, Dr Kaye Morgan, a vet and dog owner herself, started York Animal Hospital. Today it is well known for giving high quality care for people's pets. As well as looking after and treating sick animals, the hospital also has dentists to look after the animals' teeth. The charge for this is quite small, compared to what people have to pay when they visit their dentist.

Even if your pet is not sick, you can bring it in for a wellness check-up. This is where the York Animal Hospital doctors give your pet a complete examination, looking at its eyes, ears, teeth and even its heart.

Another service they offer is to give advice about animals' diet and behaviour. According to their website, 'behaviour problems are the number one reason that owners give up a pet'.

ROYAL ZOOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF SCOTLAND (RZSS)

The Scottish lawyer Thomas Gillespie started the RZSS in 1909 to protect animals that are in danger and to educate the public about these species. RZSS operates both Edinburgh Zoo and the Highland Wildlife Park – a place which is home to over 200 animals, from local Scottish species to rare and endangered animals from other parts of the world.

The RZSS education programme for schools has taught over one million pupils from nursery school to secondary school. As well as the tours of the zoo and park, there are many courses for students from how to touch and hold animals to how to photograph and paint animals.

One of the most popular animals that the RZSS works with is the panda. RZSS

Edinburgh Zoo has the only giant pandas in the UK, a female called Tian Tian (Sweetie) and a male called Yang Guang (Sunshine). They are kept in identical, but separate accommodation because giant pandas are animals that prefer to be alone. The RZSS has teamed up with other organisations to carry out research that will hopefully help the giant panda survive.

9

Read the article and decide if the following information is stated (S) or not stated (NS).

- 1 Louisa Snow wanted to help people find their lost animals. ____
- 2 It's necessary to pay for treatment by dentists at the York Animal Hospital. ____
- 3 There are more than 200 animals kept in the Edinburgh Zoo. ____
- 4 The two pandas in the Edinburgh Zoo don't live in the same accommodation. ____

Read the text again. Decide if each statement is true (T), false (F) or notstated (NS).

- 1 In 1933, the purpose of Wood Green changed, offering more than just shelter and care for animals.
- 2 Wood Green has three centres in the UK.
- 3 In 1992 York Animal Hospital helped its first dog.
- 4 The York Animal Hospital only looks after animals who are not well.
- 5 The main work of the RZSS is to collect dangerous animals.
- 6 When investigating how to help the survival of pandas, the RZSS does not work alone.