

MAHATMA GANDHI

Complete the text with the words listed below:



The "Salt March" - one of the most famous non-violent campaigns in India against British rule. In 1930, Gandhi and his followers began to gather salt without paying taxes to the British authorities.

Gandhi Mohandas Karanchand Gandhi, 1. _____ known as Mahatma Gandhi, was born in India, in October 1869. His family belonged to the caste of traders. He 2. _____ and worked abroad for many years. He got a 3. _____ from London University. After that, he lived in South Africa for twenty years, where he fought for the civil 4. _____ of Indian emigrants and was sent to prison for his position 5 _____ apartheid.

Gandhi went back to India when 6. _____ broke out in 1914. He became 7. _____ of the Indian National Congress that was fighting for freedom and independence against the British. At this time he was given the nickname Mahatma, the 'great soul' and adopted a policy of 8. _____ resistance or Satyagraha to British rule.

From 1940 to 1944 the Mahatma was 9. _____ by the British. He was released because he had malaria. After independence in 1947, Gandhi tried in vain to avoid the 10. _____ of India into two different states: Pakistan, where most people were Muslim, and the Indian Union, where the large 11. _____ were Hindu. In January 1948 Mahatma Gandhi was murdered by a Hindu 12. _____

Use these words:

against // extremist // imprisoned // law degree // majority // partition
passive // popularly // president // rights // studied // World War I