British history chart

Fill in the names on the chart using the list at the end of the page



henge



Hadrian's



of London

These ancient stones were put up in south west England around thousand years ago. Some people think they're a kind of calendar. It is an important religious place for the Druids...

It was built around 122 AD by the Roman emperor Hadrian between what is now England and _ formed the northern border of the Roman Empire. It's 73 miles long and runs from the east to the west coast.

In 1066, William Duke of Normandy in France won a great and took over England. He started to build this fortress to control the local people. The White Tower was completed in 1100.



Victory



St Paul's



Caernarfon_

This huge building was built

to keep control of the

This famous ship was in a great battle in 1805. The captain, Nelson, is famous because he defeated Napoleon's navy at Trafalgar, but he died on this

In 1666 the Great __ of London destroyed a lot of the city, including this building. King Charles II ordered a new cathedral which was built by Christopher Wren.



Stormont

Stormont Parliament was opened in 1932. This is part of a group of buildings where the Northern Ireland __ meets.

the last Welsh prince, Llewelyn the Last, was killed in 1282.

between 1283 and 1330. Edward I

built a lot of castles around Wales,

The "Gherkin'

This building is in the centre of London. It opened in 2004 and is an iconic office block in the city. Londoners gave it the nickname 'gherkin' because of its shape.



The Forth Rail

A great bridge was opened in 1890 to carry a __ across the river Forth from Edinburgh to the north. In the Industrial Revolution, there were a lot of changes in the country and many new things were invented.

Fill in the blanks with the following words:

assembly / battle / Bridge / buildings / business / Castle / cathedral / Fire / five / HMS / Lord / railway / Scotland / skyscraper / Stone / Tower / Wall / Welsh

