Name:_____

Date:_____

UNIT 2: LIFE IN THE COUNTRYSIDE

I. PHONETICS

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the other three in each question.

1. A. **a**dore B. **a**ddict C. br**a**celet D. leis**ure**
2. A. ev**e**nt B. w**e**ird C. n**e**tlingo D. det**e**st
3. A. v**i**rtual B. un**i**que C. st**ea**l D. waterwh**ee**l

Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the other three in each question.

4. A. speciality B. activity C. satisfactory D. creativity
5. A. Internet B. cultural C. socialise D. communicate

II. VOCABULARY

Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence below.

6. Collecting honey from the _____ requires a lot of skills.
   A. beehive B. beenest C. beehouse D. beehome
7. We are very sorry for any _____ caused by our late delivery.
   A. convenient B. convenience C. inconvenient D. inconvenience
8. In some rural areas, it's difficult to find _____ in a house.
   A. electric appliances B. electricity appliances
   C. electrical appliances D. electrician appliances
9. The villager's _____ saved the travellers from starving.
   A. generosity B. generousy C. generousity D. generousness
10. Do not _____! They are doing a very important project.
    A. disturb B. annoy C. play D. make fun
11. People living a _____ life have to move a lot.
    A. moving B. stable C. nomadic D. commuting

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12. _____ fruits in a farm is one of the most popular part-time job among students studying abroad.

A. Picking B. Doing C. Taking D. Finding

13. Children in the countryside are used to _____ cattle in the field.

A. walking B. herding C. following D. raising

14. A/An _____ area of that forest – about more than 1000 hectares – was destroyed in the fire.

A. vast B. tiny C. small D. inconsiderable

15. _____ kite is one of the most popular outdoor activities among children in the countryside.

A. Doing B. Singing C. Flying D. Using

Choose the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the part in eac of the following sentences.

16. It easy ***to get on well with*** neighbourhood in the countryside. People are all friendly and willing to help each other.

A. to work together with B. to be a helpful friend of

C. to have a friendly relationship with D. to exchange goods with

17. The baby is sleeping ***sound*** in her mother's arms.

A. deeply and peacefully B. easily to wake up

C. sensibly D. safely

18. People in this village are all ***skilful*** craftsmen. Their products are qualified for the European market.

A. professional B. amateur C. intelligent D. fast

Choose the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underline part in each of the following sentences.

19. She's a ***sociable*** child who loves to talk to anyone.

A. outgoing B. anti-social C. lovely D. unfriendly

20. The King was not brave enough to protect his kingdom and let the monster take the Princess away.

A. courageous B. confident C. strong D. coward

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III. GRAMMAR

Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence below.

21. Sunny sings the song _____ than Jessie does.

A. more well B. better C. more good D. best

22. Today, Ly came to class _____ than she did yesterday.

A. earlier B. more earlily C. more early D. too earlier

23. Is living in the countryside _____ than living in the city?

A. much convenient B. more convenient

C. most convenient D. too convenient

24. The storm is becoming _____ than it was yesterday.

A. severe B. severely C. more severe D. more severely

25. The cake tastes _____ than we expected

A. delicious B. more delicious C. deliciously D. more deliciously

26. She is trying to work _____ for her upcoming exam.

A. more hardly B. hardly C. hardlier D. harder

27. It seems to be _____ idea so far

A. most brilliant B. more brilliant C. the most brilliant D. the more brilliant

28. Tiffany dances so _____ that nobody thinks that she's actually a vocalist.

A. well B. good C. badly D. bad

29. Girls' Generation is considered one of the _____ Asian girl groups in the 21st century.

A. successful B. more successful C. most successful D. the most successful

30. Goldfish band looks cute but they sing live much _____ than I thought.

A. bad B. badly C. worse D. more badly

Choose the underlined part that needs correcting in each sentence below.

31. The stage was **lighted (A)** **brighter (B)** than it **was (C)** **according (D)** to the plan

32. Farmers nowadays **apply (A)** **more(B)** modern techniques on the farm so that their work becomes **less (C)** **harder (D)** than before.

33. My dad has **been (A)** **a(B)** stamp **collection(C)** for **more (D)** than 20 years.

34. **Traditional (A)** people in this **mountainous (B)** area **live (C)** a **nomadic (D)** life.

35. After the **harvesting (A)** time, the farmers **load (B)** the **drawn-buffalo (C)** cart **with (D)** hay.

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IV. READING

Read the passage and then decide whether the sentences are True (T) or False (F)

City life has its advantages and disadvantages and so does country life; however, there seems to be an increased interest in the country, especially among young families. If you are thinking about moving to the country as well but are not sure if it is a good idea, it may help to look at the benefits of country life. In the country, you are woken up by the singing of the birds rather by the noise from the traffic. Homes in the countryside are surrounded by nature which has a shooting effect on both the mind and the body. Due to virtual absence of cars and factories, you will not be breathing any potentialliy toxic fumes in the country. Clean air is one of the main advantages of country life over city dwelling. In the country, everyone knows everyone and people actually say 'hello'. Communities in the country are much smaller but they are more connected and open. People in the country are really friendlier and are prepared to help without asking anything in return.

(Source: Adapted from Country life)

	T	F
36. More and more young families like living in the countryside.		
37. Communities in the city are much smaller than those in the city.		
38. In the countryside, birds' singing is very noisy.		
39. There are not many cars and factories in the countryside.		
40.In the countryside, you shouldn't pay money when being helped.		

Read the following passage and choose the option (A, B, C or B) that best answers each of the questions below.

With the habit of working in teams and being helpful to one other, villagers usually earn their living from farming, raising livestock and making handicrafts. They live in a small community with a temple or a communal cultural house where great events, such as festivals worshipping the village god and traditional games are organized. Villagers in the Southern usually live in houses lined up along central road and built on stilts to keep above flood waters. Along the

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coastal lines, fishermen depend on the sea as a means of livelihood. In the Central of Vietnam, a place suffering lots of natural disasters all the year round, citizens tend to be more ***studious*** and hard-working than those in regions with favourable conditions. People in the central highlands and the northern mountains live by growing rice, rubber trees coffee and tea as well as hunting.

(Source: Adapted from Vietnam Travel Center)

41. Which can be the topic of the passage?

A. Villagers across the country B. Villagers around the world

C. Vietnamese life in the countryside D. Vietnamese life in the city

42. Which activity is NOT MENTIONED as a way for villagers to earn their livings?

A. Farming B. Fishing C. Studying D. Hunting

43. Why do Southern villagers need to build their houses on stilt?

A. To protect the house from being attacked by wild animals

B. To protect the house from being flooded

C. To protect the house from earthquakes

D. To protect the house from evil things

44. Which sentence is NOT TRUE according to the passage?

A. There are many disasters in the Central of Vietnam

B. Houses in the Southern part of Vietnam often

C. People in the Northern Mountainous earn their livings by hunting

D. Villagers often work individually

45. Which explanation has the closest meaning to the word "studious" in the passage?

A. spending a lot of time studying B. lacking of academic knowledge

C. being lazy in studying D. being very intelligent

V. WRITING

Choose the sentence (A, B, C or D) which has closest meaning to the one given.

46. Have you got any better hat than this one?

A. Is this one the worse hat you've got?

B. Is this one the best hat you've got?

C. Is this one the better hat than this one?

D. Is that one the better hat than this one?

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47. This is the most luxurious house I've ever seen.

A. I've never seen a more luxurious than this.

B. I've never seen the most luxurious house than this.

C. I've seen a more luxurious house than this.

D. I've seen a more luxurious house than this.

48. He was the cleverest thief of all times.

A. All thieves are cleverer than him.

B. All thieves are less clever than him.

C. No thieves are clever except for him.

D. No thieves are less clever than him.

49. Nam is more attractive story teller than Mai.

A. Nam tells stories more attractively than Mai.

B. Nam tells more attractive stories than Mai does.

C. Mai tells more attractive stories than Nam does.

D. Mai tells stories less attractively than Nam does.

50. Ronaldo plays better than anybody in the team.

A. Ronaldo is good at playing in team.

B. Ronaldo is the best player in the team.

C. No one plays worse than Ronaldo in the team.

D. Everybody plays better than Ronaldo in the team.

_____The end_____

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