

## 7.2 COMBUSTION

1. Please state THREE conditions needed for combustion:

- a)
- b)
- c)

2. Match the right pairs of types of fire extinguisher and example of material for each sources of fire.

Material on fire	Example of material	Type of fire extinguisher
Solid		
Liquid	-	-
Gas		-
Metal		-

Wood, cloth, paper

Foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide

Oil, varnish, paint

Potassium, sodium, magnesium, calcium

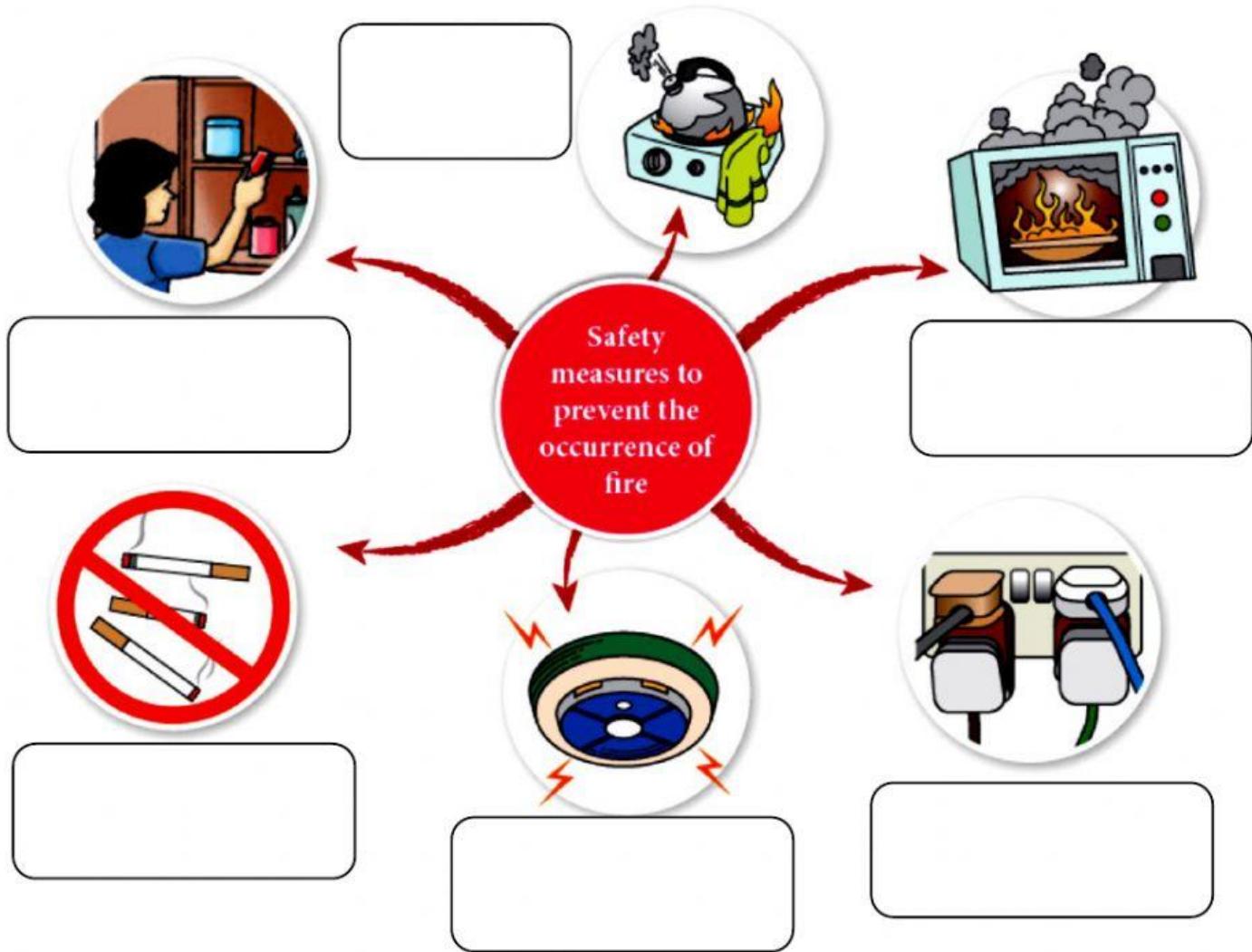
Water, dry powder

Foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide

Dry powder, dry sand

Propane, acetylene, methane

3. Match the safety measures to prevent the occurrence of fire with the right pictures.



Install fire alarm and smoke detector at home

Do not throw away cigarette butts when they are still burning

Keep matches and lighters in a safe place

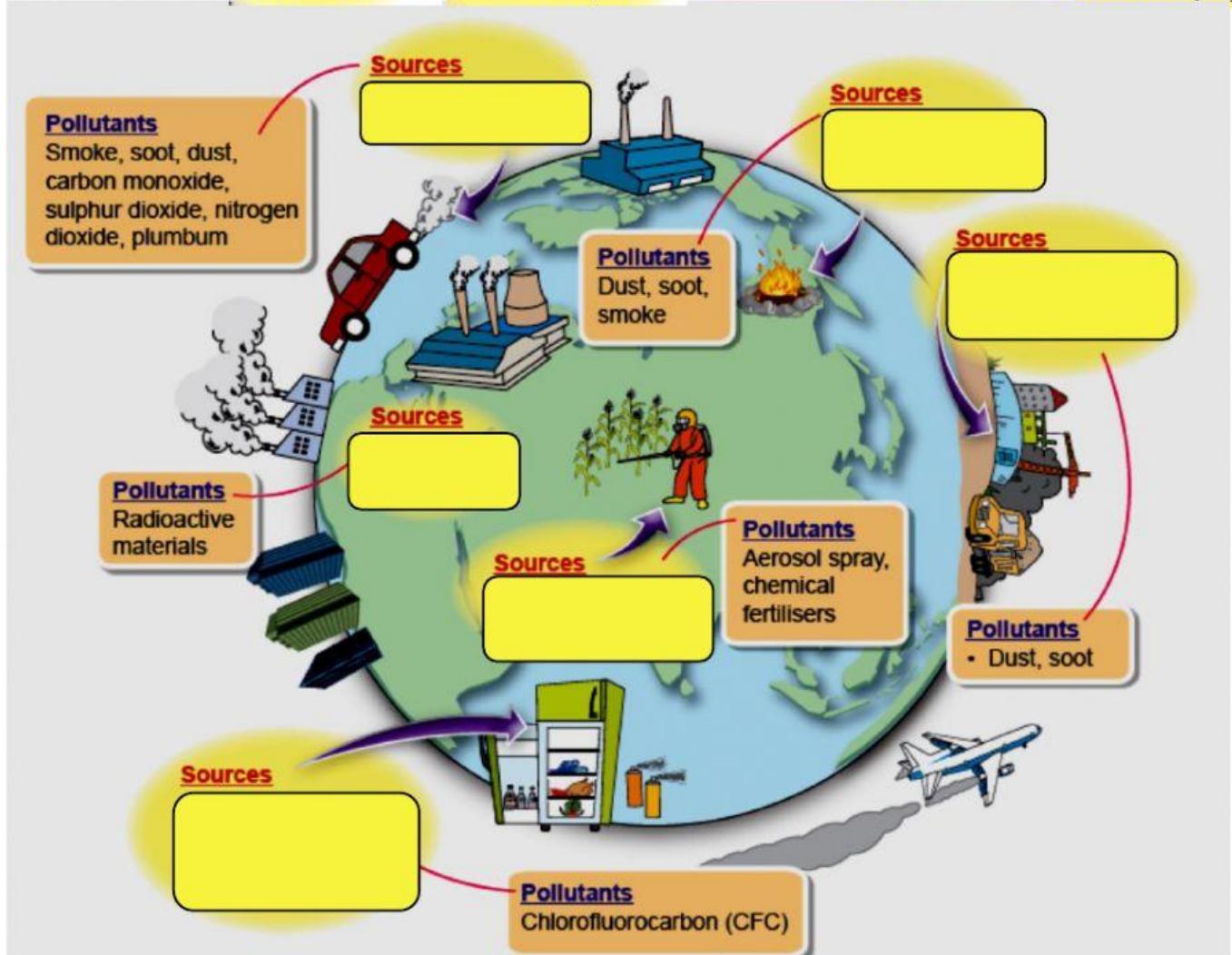
Do not plug in too many electrical appliances to a single electrical source

Keep away flammable substances from fire

Always be aware of your electrical appliances

## 7.3 AIR POLLUTION

- Exhaust of vehicles
- Factories
- Open burning
- Cigarettes
- Forest fires
- Construction sites
- Asbestos factories
- Limestone quarries
- Agriculture and plantation activities
- Nuclear power plants
- Air-conditioners
- Refrigerators
- Aerosol sprays



**Figure 7.12 Sources of air pollutants**

Match each pollutant to its effect.

Pollutant
Carbon dioxide
Nitrogen dioxide
Chlorofluorocarbons

Effect
Acid rain
Greenhouse effect
Thinning of the ozone layer

Tick (✓) the correct statement on how to control and reduce air pollution.

- (a) Use materials free of chlorofluorocarbons (CFC).
- (b) Use public transport.
- (c) Conduct open burning.
- (d) Practise reusing and recycling items.
- (e) Use petrol and diesel that contain lead.