

Use of English

Name: _____ Date: __/__/__

1. Look at the vocabulary in the chart, drag and drop the words to complete the sentences below.

drawer	corridor	stubborn	utterly	path
wheezy	approach	rattled	aisle	swamp

- a) Would you like an seat or would you prefer to be by the window?
- b) He was too to admit that he was wrong.
- c) You should slow down as you the junction.
- d) He's got a very chest which hasn't been helped by a recent cold
- e) Sometimes the right is not the easiest one.
- f) The box when Tina shook it.
- g) The town is built on a malodorous .
- h) He walked down the long .
- i) We were unprepared for the number of applications we received.
- j) I searched the thoroughly, but I couldn't find the letter.

2. Fill in the blanks with the *Present Simple* or *Present Continuous*.

a) How often (you / review) your lessons?

b) I (not / go) on holiday this summer.

Can you speak slowly please, I (not / understand) you.

c) She (work) as a secretary in a big company.

d) Miss Clara (take) a violin class every Wednesday.

e) It (be) usually so humid here in summer time.

f) Don't forget to take your coat, it (be) cold outside.

g) This flower (smell) so good.

h) That coat over there (not / belong) to me.

i) Where (you / live)?

3. Choose the correct answer complete the text below with the appropriate tenses, *Future Simple* or *Future Continuous*

Florence: Oh, look at that mountain of dirty dishes! Who all of those? (wash)

Jack: I promise I them when I get home from work. (do)

Florence: Thanks.

Jack: When you get home this evening, that mountain will be gone and nice stacks of sparkling clean dishes in the cabinets. (sit)

Doug: If you need to contact me next week, I at the Hoffman Hotel. (stay)

Nancy: I you if there are any problems. (call)

Doug: This is the first time I have ever been away from the kids.

Nancy: Don't worry, they fine. (be)

Samantha: Just think, next week at this time, I on a tropical beach in Maui drinking Mai Tais and eating pineapple. (**lie**)

Darren: While you are luxuriating on the beach, I out over this marketing project. How are you going to enjoy yourself knowing that I am working so hard? (**stress**)

Samantha: I 'll manage somehow.

Darren: You're terrible. Can't you take me with you?

Samantha: No. But I you a postcard of a beautiful, white sand beach. (**send**)

Darren: Great, that me feel much better. (**make**)

4. Match column A to the correct answer in column B.

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| 1) picking at | a) Don't ... me! I just need a little more encouragement. |
| 2) gives out | b) Did you ... back the pen I lent you? |
| 3) give up on | c) He had been ill for so long that his will to live finally |
| 4) pick on | d) Please don't ... me because I'm small! |
| 5) give away | e) She put her old clothes in a bag and ... them |
| 6) give back | f) I ... on trying to find a good example. |
| 7) pick out | g) The teacher ... the notes to the students. |
| 8) give away | h) She is trying to avoid sweets, but if you tempt her with chocolate, she always |
| 9) pick up | i) When you tell a joke, you can't ... the punch line until the end |
| 10) gives in | j) Could you ... my prescription on your way past the chemist? |
| 11) gave out | k) Her mother was always ... her about her appearance. |
| 12) give up on | l) They've gone to ... her engagement ring. |

5. Choose the correct answer (to or -ing).

- a) I remember **TO PLAY / PLAYING** football with my friends after school when I was a child.
- b) She forgot **TO DO / DOING** her homework.
- c) I regret **TO BUY / BUYING** such an expensive car.
- d) We stopped **TO LOOK / LOOKING** at the map because we were lost.
- e) My brother tried **TO OPEN / OPENING** the door but in the end he had to call the locksmith.
- f) Did you remember **TO CALL / CALLING** your mum for her birthday?
- g) I forgot **TO SEE / SEEING** you at the party.
- h) I regret **TO INFORM / INFORMING** you that the course has been cancelled.
- i) Could you stop **TO TALK / TALKING** ?
- j) If your computer isn't working, you should try **TO TURN / TURNING** it off and on again.

6. Click on the correct answer for each of the following

1. This newspaper is a BIWEEKLY.

- A. The newspaper is published once a week ☐
- B. The newspaper is published three times a week ☐
- C. The newspaper is published twice a week ☐

2. This medicine is a nasal DECONGESTANT.

- A. The medicine helps to reduce nasal congestion ☐
- B. The medicine causes nasal congestion ☐
- C. The medicine makes your nose bigger ☐

3. That shopping bag is REUSABLE.

- A. Throw the shopping bag away, we won't need it again ☐
- B. Don't throw away the shopping bag because we can use it again ☐
- C. If you throw the shopping bag we cannot use it again.

4. I'm sorry i MISREAD the notice and therefore MISUNDERSTOOD the message.

- A. Did not read the notice correctly and therefore did not understand correctly. ☐
- B. Read the notice and understood the message correctly. ☐
- C. Did not read the notice and therefore did not understand the message. ☐

5. We usually don't publish articles we don't PREVIEW.

- A. We usually read articles before publication ☐
- B. We do not read articles after publication ☐
- C. We read articles the day we publish them ☐

6. REFORESTATION will help to RESTORE our environment.

- A. Planting trees again will REPLENISH our environment ☐
- B. Cutting down trees will further help to worsen our environment ☐
- C. Forests should be cut to improve the worsening environmental pollution. ☐

7. DEFORESTATION will cause environmental DEPLETION.

- A. Means planting trees will help our environment from DEPLETION ☐
- B. Means cutting down trees will cause further environmental DEPLETION ☐
- C. Means too many forests will cause environmental DEPLETION ☐

8. Why is it called "OCTOBER" when it is not the eighth month of the year?

- A. Because this is an exception with the OCTO prefix. ☐
- B. There is no reason why. ☐
- C. Because October used to be the eighth month of the Roman Calendar. ☐

7. Use the verbs in brackets in the correct future tenses - will-future, going to-future, Simple Present or Present Progressive.

a) The train at 11:45. (to leave)

b) We dinner at a nice restaurant on Saturday, but we haven't booked a table yet. (to have)

c) My ski instructor believes it in the mountains tomorrow evening. (to snow)

d) On Sunday at 8 o'clock I my friend. (to meet)

e) They to London on Friday evening at 8:15. (to fly)

f) Wait! I you to the station. (to drive)

g) The English lesson at 8:45. (to start)

h) I my sister in April. (to see)

8. Put into the correct active or passive form.

a. She promised him a book.

He

b. They will take her to hospital tomorrow.

She

c. You cannot expect children to understand these problems.

Children

d. No-one has climbed this mountain before.

This mountain

e. He disappeared and no-one has seen him again.

He disappeared and

f. I was told the latest news by a friend this morning.

A friend

g. Have you ever been called a fool before?

Has

h. She was recommended a new doctor by her friend.

Her friend

i. Were you offered the job I told you about?

Did

j. Were you given enough sugar?

Did

9. Do the exercise below on reported speech

a. John said, "I love this town."

John said

b. "Do you like soccer?" He asked me.

He asked me

c. "I can't drive a lorry," he said.

He said

d. "Be nice to your brother," he said.

He asked me

e. "Don't be nasty," he said.

He urged me

f. "Don't waste your money" she said.

She told the boys

g. "What have you decided to do?" she asked him.

She asked him

h. "I always wake up early," he said.

He said

i. "You should revise your lessons," he said.

He advised the students

j. "Where have you been?" he asked me.

He wanted to know

10. Choose the best answer to fill the gap in each of the following.

1. When I started to work here I needed a lot of help, but now I ___ all the work on my own.

- a. am used to doing b. used to do c. get used to doing

2. He _____ several books a month, but he doesn't have time any more.

- a. was used to reading b. got used to reading c. used to read

3. We were surprised to see her driving - she _____ when we first met her.

- a. didn't use to drive b. got used to driving c. was used to driving

4. Don't worry, it's a simple program to use. You _____ it in no time, I'm sure.

- a. used to use b. are used to c. will get used to

5. When I had to commute to work every day I _____ very early.

- a. used to getting up b. used to get up

6. I'm afraid I'll never _____ in this place. I simply don't like it and never will.

- a. got used to living b. used to live c. get used to living

7. Whenever we came to Coventry we always _____ in the Central Hotel. We loved it.

- a. used to stay b. got used to staying

8. When Pete Smith was the head of our office everything _____ well organized. Now it's total chaos here.

- a. got used to be b. was used to being c. used to be

9. Mr Lazy was shocked when he joined our busy company because he _____ doing much work everyday.

- a. wasn't used to b. didn't use to

10. At first the employees didn't like the new open-space office, but in the end they _____ it.

- a. got used to b. get used to c. are used to

11. Write the comparative and superlative forms of the adverbs below.

Adverb Comparative Superlative

Ex. fast

faster

the fastest

1. hard

2. carefully

3. early

4. quickly

5. slowly

6. beautifully

7. well

8. clearly

9. late

10. far
