



Students' Worksheet



Name

No

Class

ENGLISH FOR GRADE IX

SMP NEGERI 3 CEPU

LIVEWORKSHEETS

ACTIVITY 1

Subject : ENGLISH

Class/Semester : IX/I

Text Type : Narrative Text

A. Basic Competency

- 3.7. Comparing the social function, generic structure and language features of several oral and written narrative texts by giving and asking for information related to fairytales, short and simple, according to the context.
- 4.7. Finding contextual meaning related to the social function, generic structure and language features of oral and written narrative texts, short and simple, related to fairytales.

B. Learning Objectives

- to identify the social function of narrative text
- 2. to identify the generic structure of narrative text
- 3. to identify the language feature of narrative text

C. Learning Material

NARRATIVE TEXT

Narrative text is a story that tells a sequence of events.

Social function of narrative text

The main purpose of narrative text is to amuse, entertain, and engage the reader in an imaginative experience. However, it can teach the audience something, such as moral value, warning, or advice.

Generic Structures of Narrative Text

1. Orientation

Sets the scene about where and when the story happened.

Introduces the participants of the story such as who and what is involved in the story.

2. Complication

Tells the beginning of the problems which leads to the crisis (climax) of the main participants.

3. Resolution

The problem (the crisis) is resolved, either in a happy ending or a sad (tragic) ending

4. Re-orientation/Coda

This is a closing remark to the story and it is optional.

It consists of a moral lesson or a piece of advice from the writer.

The Language Feature of Narrative Text:

- 1. Past tense (She ate a bowl of porridge, they went to backyard, etc)
- 2. Adverb of time (Once upon a time, one day, etc)
- 3. Time conjunction (when, then, suddenly, etc)
- Specific character.

The character of the story is specific, not general. (Cinderella, Snow White, Alibaba, etc)

5. Action verbs.

A verb that shows an action. (climbed, dug, walked, etc)

6. Direct speech.

It is to make the story lively. (Snow White said, "My name is Snow White"). The direct speech uses present tense.

Example of narrative text

The Magic Candle

One day, a young wanderer got lost in the wood. Suddenly, he saw a light from an old hut. He knocked on the door, and old woman opened it. She was crying. She said that a devil had stolen her magic candle. The candle could grant anything she asked. The wanderer asked her where the devil lived.

orientation

The wanderer went to the castle near the old woman's hut. There he found the devil, but he was old and weak. Therefore, when the wanderer grabbed the magic candle from the devil's table and ran away, he couldn't chase him. However, the wanderer was an unkind man. He didn't return the candle to the old woman, but kept it for himself. He lit the candle and made a wish, "I want to go far away from here." Suddenly, a genie appeared and took him to a beautiful palace. The wanderer wanted to make some money. So, he lit the candle again and wished for some jewelry. He sold them to the guests and was soon making a lot of money. Then, a princess came to buy some jewelry, but there was nothing left. The wanderer fell in love with her and asked her to marry him. The kind princess accepted his proposal and they got married in the next day.

complication



In his happiness, the wanderer told the princess about his adventure and the magic candle. Hearing that, the princess got very angry. At night, she lit the candle and wished the wanderer disappeared. In the morning the wanderer awoke and found himself back in his ugly house in the village.

resolution

Watch the following video to understand the material:

D. Assessment

* Fill the blank based on "The Magic Candle" text

- 1. The text is about ...
- 2. The main character in the story is ...
- 3. The time of the story is ...

Choose the correct answer based on "The Magic Candle" text

- 1. What is the purpose of the text above?
 - a. to entertain the reader
 - b. to explain how to be rich
 - c. to describe the magic candle
 - d. to show the unkind wanderer's experience



2.	"In	his happine	ess, the wan	derer <u>tol</u>	ld the princes	s about his	adventure	and the magic
	cai	ndle" (paragi	raph 3). The	bold un	derline is			
	a.	time conjuc	tion					
	b.	adverb of ti	me					
	c.	direct speed	ch					
	d.	action verb						
Cor	mn	lote the nar	agraph by	draggin	g the correct	vorbe in t	ho hov and	l dropping to
	-27-3	ank sentend		ui aggiii	g the correct	verus in t	ne box and	i di opping to
			3.3.3					
Wh	en	the man			and saw tha	t the monk	ey had stol	en his hats, he
got	an	gry. He			some stones	s at the mo	nkeys, hopi	ng they would
ret	urn	his hats. Su	prisingly, th	ne monk	eys		what	he did. They
thr	ew	fruits at him	. The man			an idea.	He dumped	his hat on the
gro	un	d. The monk	eys did the	same th	ning, too. They	dumped t	their hats o	n the ground.
The	e m	an quickly			the hats and	l went on h	is way.	
Г	co	llected		ĺ	got	1	г	threw
	CO	mecteu		5	got	1		unew
			imitated			1		
			imitated	8		wok	e up	



woke up

Draw a line from the box on the left to the matching box on the right

When two farmers, working in a field nearby, saw hom drowning, they jumped into the river and rescued him. He was grateful and thanked them by giving each farmer one wish.

Orientation

The first farmer asked for a pair of water buffaloes. The king gladly agreed to his request. Then the king asked the second man about his wish. The second farmer, a wise old man, thought for a while. Finally, he said, "Do not tell anyone that I helped to save your life."

Complication

Once upon a time, there was a very bad king who was hated by all his people. One day he was taking a walk by the river and decided to go for a swim. When he got into the water, he suddenly got a cramp and started to drown.

Resolution