

DEMOSTRANDO LO APRENDIDO

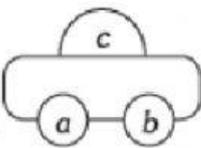
Nota:



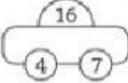
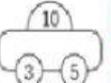
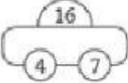
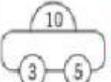
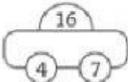
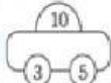
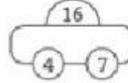
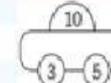
Nombres y apellidos:



Fecha:

1. Si  = $ab + c$, calcula

$$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ \hline 4 \quad 7 \end{array} - \begin{array}{c} 10 \\ \hline 3 \quad 5 \end{array}$$

	= $ab + c$		= $ab + c$	a = <input type="text"/>
	= <input type="text"/> x <input type="text"/> + <input type="text"/>		= <input type="text"/> x <input type="text"/> + <input type="text"/>	b = <input type="text"/>
	= <input type="text"/> + <input type="text"/>		= <input type="text"/> + <input type="text"/>	c = <input type="text"/>
	= <input type="text"/>		= <input type="text"/>	

$$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ \hline 4 \quad 7 \end{array} - \begin{array}{c} 10 \\ \hline 3 \quad 5 \end{array}$$

↓ ↓

$$\begin{array}{c} \square \\ \hline \square \end{array} - \begin{array}{c} \square \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

}

$$\square$$

2. Si $\triangle n = n^3 - 4$ y $\textcircled{p} = 3a - 2$, calcula $\triangle 7 + \textcircled{6}$.

$\triangle 7 = n^3 - 4$	$\textcircled{6} = 3a - 2$	$\triangle 7 + \textcircled{6}$
$\triangle 7 = \square - 4$	$\textcircled{6} = 3 \times \square - 2$	$\square + \square$
$\triangle 7 = \square - 4$	$\textcircled{6} = \square - 2$	\square
$\triangle 7 = \square$	$\textcircled{6} = \square$	



3. Si tenemos

♠	0	1	2	3
3	3	4	9	6
2	2	8	4	5
1	1	2	3	4
0	0	1	2	3

calcula $(2 \spadesuit 1) + (3 \spadesuit 2) - (2 \spadesuit 2)$.

$(2 \spadesuit 1) + (3 \spadesuit 2) - (2 \spadesuit 2)$

$\square + \square - \square$

$\square - \square$

\square
