

I. Uzupełnij zdania nazwami miejsc w mieście.

1. You can watch a film at the
2. You can send a postcard at the
3. Doctors and nurses work there.
4. You can borrow books from the
5. You can eat dinner at the
6. You can swim in the
7. You can sleep there when you travel
8. You can get money from the
9. You can watch real actors at the
10. You can drink a cup of coffee with your friend there -
11. You can see old things and learn about history there -
12. You can watch a football match there. -
13. You can buy food, clothes, pencils, toys there. -
14. You can sit and relax in the

Places in the city



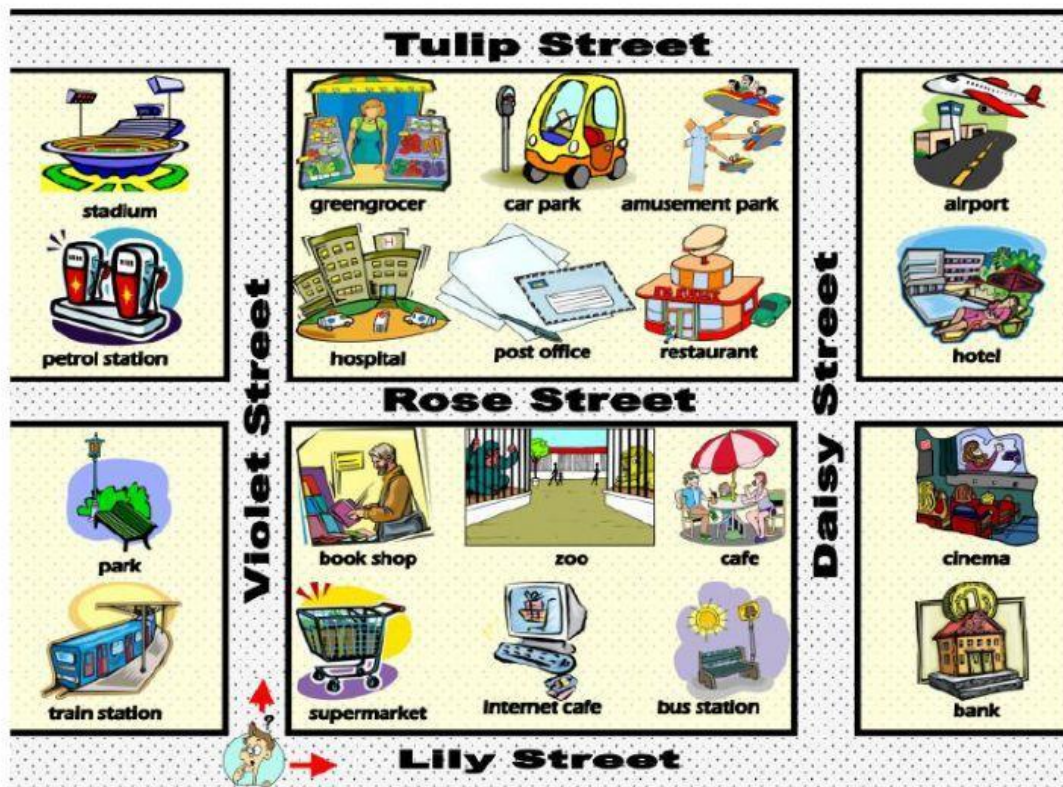
II. Uzupełnij zdania przymiotnikami o znaczeniu przeciwnym do podkreślonych słów.

- 1 My dad doesn't like m_____ houses. He likes old houses.
- 2 On Saturday morning the streets are busy but they are q_____ on Sunday morning.
- 3 The History Museum is boring but the Science Museum is i_____.
- 4 The living room is d_____ but my bedroom is clean.
- 5 We don't live in a big city. We live in a s_____ town.
- 6 The forest isn't a safe place. There are a lot of d_____ animals there.

III. Napisz daty słowami.

- 1700 -
- 2011 -
- 1834 -
- 2006 -
- 1912 -
- 2015 -

IV. Popatrz na mapę i uzupełnij zdania odpowiednimi wyrazami.



-between - opposite - next to - behind - in front of

1. The bank is the cinema.
2. The bus station is the bank.
3. The zoo is the book shop and the cafe.
4. The internet cafe is the bus station.
5. The hotel is the restaurant.
6. The airport is the hotel.
7. The petrol station is stadium.
8. The post office is the hospital and the restaurant.

V. Przetłumacz fragment zdań.

1. The forest (nie jest bezpiecznym)..... place.
2. My dad (nie lubi nowoczesnych) houses.
3. On Sunday morning the (ulice były ciche)
4. My room (jest czysty) but my brother's bedroom is..... (brudna)
5. He (nie mieszka w dużym) city.
6. His town (jest ruchliwe i niebezpieczne)
7. My grandparents (mieszkają w starym) house in the countryside.
8. This film (nie był interesujący)
9. Twenty years ago this town (był mały) but now it's big.

VI. Uzupełnij dialog, wpisując jedno słowo w każdą lukę.

- straight - left on- - excuse - turn - looking - far - past

A: _____ me. I'm _____ for the church.

B: Oh yes. I know where that is. It's _____ North Street.

A: Is it _____?

B: No, it isn't. Go _____ on, then _____ right. Go _____ the supermarket and the church is on the _____.

A: Thank you.

VII. Przetłumacz dialog.

A: Przepraszam. Jak dostanę się do kina?

B: Idź prosto. Potem skreć w lewo. Idź aż miniesz supermarket. To jest po prawej.

A: Dziękuję.

Places of the city

