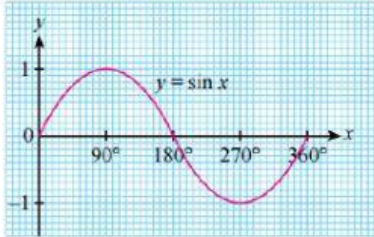
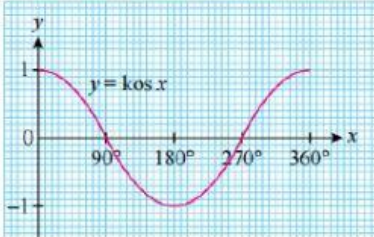
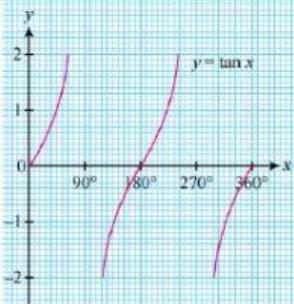


GRAF FUNGSI SINUS, KOSINUS DAN TANGEN

FUNGSI	$y = \sin x$	$y = \cos x$	$y = \tan x$
Graf	 The graph of the sine function, y = sin x, is plotted on a coordinate plane. The x-axis is labeled with angles in degrees: 90°, 180°, 270°, and 360°. The y-axis is labeled with values -1, 0, and 1. The curve starts at the origin (0,0), reaches a maximum of 1 at 90°, crosses the x-axis at 180°, reaches a minimum of -1 at 270°, and returns to the x-axis at 360°.	 The graph of the cosine function, y = cos x, is plotted on a coordinate plane. The x-axis is labeled with angles in degrees: 90°, 180°, 270°, and 360°. The y-axis is labeled with values -1, 0, and 1. The curve starts at (0,1), crosses the x-axis at 90°, reaches a minimum of -1 at 180°, crosses the x-axis again at 270°, and returns to (360,1).	 The graph of the tangent function, y = tan x, is plotted on a coordinate plane. The x-axis is labeled with angles in degrees: 90°, 180°, 270°, and 360°. The y-axis is labeled with values -2, -1, 0, 1, and 2. The graph consists of several branches separated by vertical asymptotes at 90° and 270°. The curve passes through the origin (0,0) and 180°, and crosses the x-axis again at 360°.
Nilai Maksimum			
Nilai Minimum			
Pintasan-x			
Pintasan-y			