



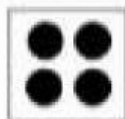
Mudahnya Matematik

[Konsep darab - Tambah berulang]

Nama: _____

Lengkapkan ayat Matematik berikut:

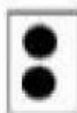
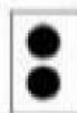
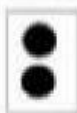
Contoh:



$$4 + 4 + 4 = 12$$

$$3 \times 4 = 12$$

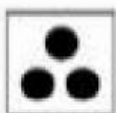
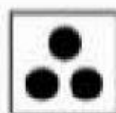
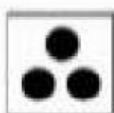
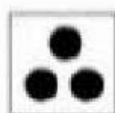
1)



$$2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = \square$$

$$\square \times \square = \square$$

2)



$$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = \square$$

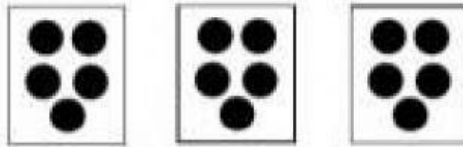
$$\square \times \square = \square$$

3)



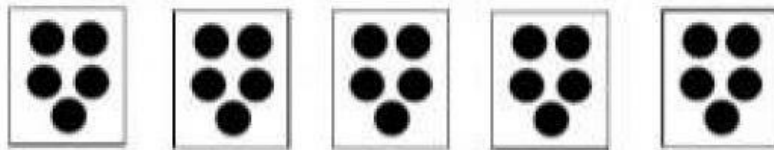
$$\square \times \square = \square$$

4)



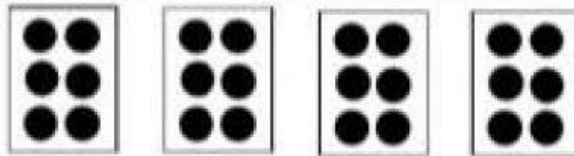
$$\square \times \square = \square$$

5)



$$\square \times \square = \square$$

6)



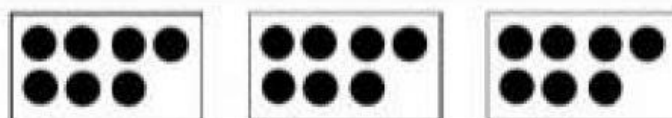
$$\square \times \square = \square$$

7)



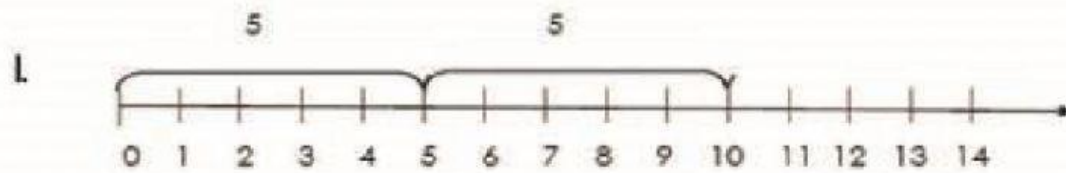
$$\square \times \square = \square$$

8)



$$\square \times \square = \square$$

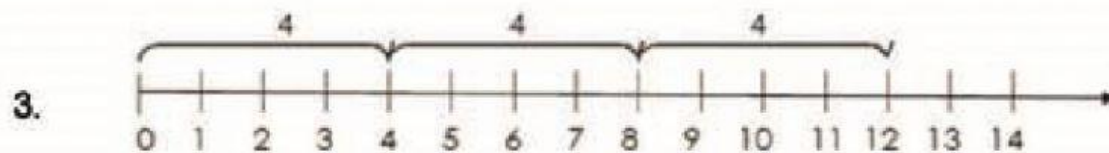
Lengkapi ayat matematik berikut.



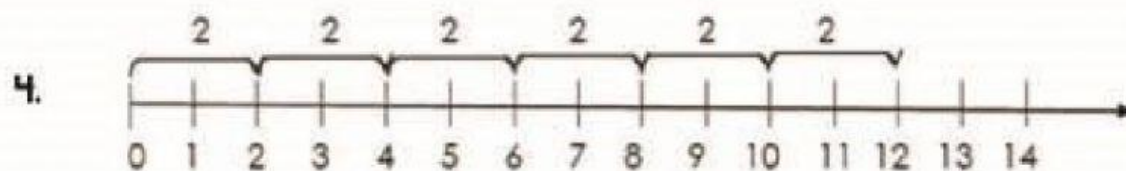
$$\square \times \square = \square$$



$$\square \times \square = \square$$



$$\square \times \square = \square$$



$$\square \times \square = \square$$

1.



Ada kumpulan gula-gula.

$$2 + 2 + 2 = 6$$

$$\square \times 2 = 6$$

2.



Ada kumpulan titik biru.

$$3 + 3 = 6$$

$$\square \times 3 = 6$$

$$\square \times 2 = \square \times 3$$

3.



Ada kumpulan botol air.

$$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = \square$$

$$\square \times 3 = \square$$

4.



Ada kumpulan gula-gula.

$$2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = \square$$

$$\square \times 2 = \square$$