

## Possessive Nouns

- A possessive noun shows who or what owns something.

Examples:

The boy's bike is missing.

The boys' bike is missing.

Both boy's and boys' are possessive nouns. In the first sentence, the bike belongs to one boy. In the second sentence, the bike belongs to more than one boy.

A noun that shows ownership is a possessive noun.

- To turn a singular noun into a possessive noun, add an apostrophe (‘) and an - s.

Example:

1. The boy's bike is missing.

- To turn a plural noun into a possessive noun, add an apostrophe (‘) to the noun after the - s, but if the noun is irregular add an apostrophe and – s.

Examples:

1. The boys' bike is missing.

2. The children's bike is missing.

## Write the possessive form of each noun

|                            |                   |
|----------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. the drawers of the desk | the _____ drawers |
| 2. the dreams of a man     | the _____ dreams  |
| 3. the barks of a dog      | the _____ barks   |
| 4. the leaves of a tree    | the _____ leaves  |

|                               |                      |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| 5. the petals of a flower     | the _____ petals     |
| 6. the mane of a lion         | the _____ mane       |
| 7. the buzzing of a bee       | the _____ buzzing    |
| 8. the purr of a kitten       | the _____ purr       |
| 9. The babies of the geese    | the _____ babies     |
| 10. The hive of the bees      | the _____ hive       |
| 11. the bark of the dogs      | the _____ bark       |
| 12. The feathers of the birds | the _____ feathers   |
| 13. The suits of the men      | the _____ suits      |
| 14. The toys of the children  | the _____ toys       |
| 15. The rain boots of Sophie  | the _____ rain boots |