

CIVIC EDUCATION IN ENGLISH

CORE VALUE: MUTUAL RESPECT
TOPIC: PRESERVING MALAYSIAN HERITAGE
SUB TOPIC:

MALAYSIAN FESTIVALS

CONTEXT: SELF, FAMILY, SCHOOL, SOCIETY, COUNTRY
AND GLOBAL

KNOWLEDGE: State the diverse culture heritage among
races and ethnicities

SOCIOEMOTIONAL: Express pride in unique and rich
Malaysian cultural heritage

ACTION: Practise mutual respect

HAVE A GREAT
VACATION IN
MALAYSIA



MALAYSIAN FESTIVALS

Drag the pictures and heading to the correct text.

Hari Raya Aidil Aidha

Chinese New Year

Gawai

Pesta Kaamatan

Hari Raya Puasa

Wesak

Deepavali



It is the first day of the Islamic month of Shawwal. It marks the end of Ramadan, which is a month of fasting and prayer.

It is the most festive holiday of the year for the world's Hindus including Malaysia.

It is a form of harvest festival celebrated annually in the state of Sabah in Malaysia and celebrated and lasts for the whole of the month of May.

It is a day celebrated by Buddhists around the world. The term of celebration comes from the name of a month in the Indian calendar.

It is an annual festival celebrated by the Dayak people in Sarawak on 1 and 2 June. It is a public holiday in Sarawak.

It is an Islamic festival to commemorate the willingness of Prophet Ibrahim to obey Allah's command to sacrifice his son, Ismail.

One of the most important annual festival for Chinese communities. The event is celebrated on the first day of the Chinese Lunar Calendar.