

## SIMPLE PRESENT

### Present simple Tense

We use it to talk about:

THINGS THAT ARE TRUE IN GENERAL

Zebra are mammals.

FACTS

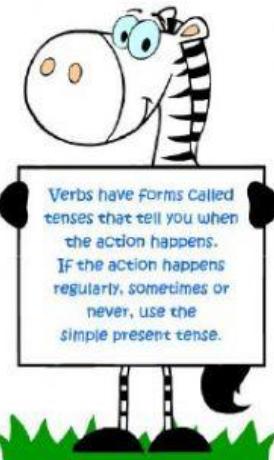
They live in Africa.

HABITS AND ROUTINES

They eat grass every day.

FEELINGS AND EMOTIONS

They feel pain just like everyone else.



Verbs have forms called tenses that tell you when the action happens. If the action happens regularly, sometimes or never, use the simple present tense.

### How often?



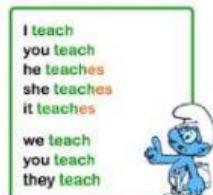
I always watch cartoons. You usually fly balloons. He generally runs from rats. She often plays with cats. It sometimes climbs on a tree. We seldom drink ice tea. They never sail on the sea.



### Present simple. POSITIVE FORM

To make the positive form of the present simple we use the base form of the verb. We add s, es or ies in the third person singular (he, she, it).

SUBJECT	VERB	OBJECT
I	like	cats
You	like	bats
He	likes	dogs
She	likes	frogs
It	likes	snails
We	like	whales
You	like	bears
They	like	hares



### Present simple. NEGATIVE FORM

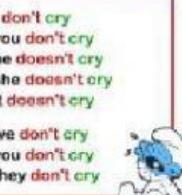
To make the negative form, you need to use do not or does not before the base form of the verb.



A contraction is a shortened form of one or two words. An apostrophe takes the place of the missing letter or letters.

I you we they he she it

do + not = don't does + not = doesn't



SUBJECT	do / does not	VERB	OBJECT
I	don't	like	cats
You	don't	like	bats
He	doesn't	like	dogs
She	doesn't	like	frogs
It	doesn't	like	snails
We	don't	like	whales
You	don't	like	bears
They	don't	like	hares

PRESENT SIMPLE. NEGATIVE FORM

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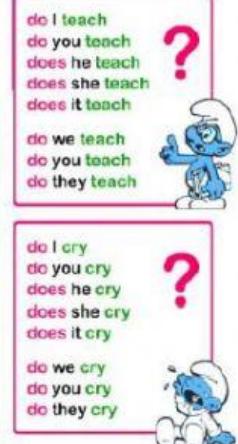
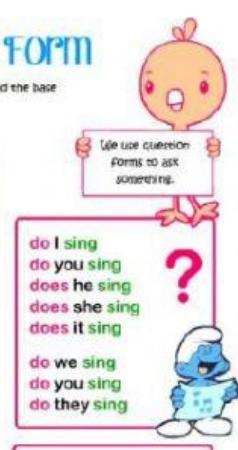
## COMPLETE THE SENTENCES

- 1) MARY \_\_\_\_\_ (PLAY) THE PIANO EVERY MONDAY.
- 2) MY FRIENDS \_\_\_\_\_ (GO) TO THE PARK IN SUMMER.
- 3) MY MOTHER \_\_\_\_\_ (COOK) PIZZA ON SUNDAYS.
- 4) I \_\_\_\_\_ (NOT WATCH) T.V. IN THE MORNING.
- 5) MY FATHER \_\_\_\_\_ (NOT WORK) AT THE WEEKEND.
- 6) JENNY \_\_\_\_\_ (NOT SWIM) IN WINTER.

## Present Simple. Question Form

To make the question forms, we use **do** or **does** before the subject and the base form of the verb.

Do / Does	SUBJECT	VERB	OBJECT
Do	I	like	cats?
Do	you	like	bats?
Does	he	like	dogs?
Does	she	like	frogs?
Does	it	like	snails?
Do	we	like	whales?
Do	you	like	bears?
Do	they	like	hares?



## ANSWER THE QUESTIONS:

- 1) DO YOU LIKE PIZZA? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2) DOES YOUR MOTHER LIKE VIDEO GAMES? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3) DO YOUR FRIENDS GO TO SCHOOL ON SUNDAYS? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) DO TIGERS EAT FRUIT? \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) DO ELEPHANTS SWIM? \_\_\_\_\_
- 6) DOES CAT JUMP? \_\_\_\_\_

## PUT IN ORDER AND MAKE SENTENCES

- 1) LIVE - IN - I - PACHECO \_\_\_\_\_ (AFFIRMATIVE)
- 2) DON'T - THEY - VEGETABLES - LIKE \_\_\_\_\_ (NEGATIVE)
- 3) YOUR - SPEAK - DOES - TEACHER - ? - FRENCH \_\_\_\_\_ (QUESTION)

# Present Continuous time expressions form

now  
at the moment  
at present  
these days  
tonight  
this week  
tomorrow, etc.

## Affirmative

Subject + verb to be + -ing form of the main verb

## Negative

Subject + negative of the verb to be + -ing form of the main verb.

## Interrogative

Verb to be + subject + -ing form of the main verb

## use

to talk about actions that are happening at the time of speaking or around now. It's also used to talk about fixed arrangements in the near future.

### 1 Put the verbs in brackets into Present Continuous.

1. Mr. Clarks is in the garden. He IS WEEDING (WEED)
2. Look! Jane and Phil ----- (dance).
3. Where ----- (your cousins/sleep) today?
4. Pam and I ----- (solve/not) a puzzle.
5. Why ----- (you/sit) on the floor?
6. The kids are sad. They ----- (smile/not).
7. Listen! The birds ----- (tweet) nicely.
8. Nigel ----- (type) his literature essay.
9. My dog ----- (lie/not) on the sofa now.
10. I ----- (study) really hard these days.

### 2 Add -ing.

peel	PEELING	eat	
stand		run	
visit		stay	
close		go	
fry		jump	
nod		tell	
wave		drink	

### 3 Change the sentences into negative and question.

1. Mr. Wallis is repairing a sink.

MR. WALLIS ISN'T REPAIRING A SINK. (-) IS MR. WALLIS REPAIRING A SINK? (?)

2. I am skating in the park right now.

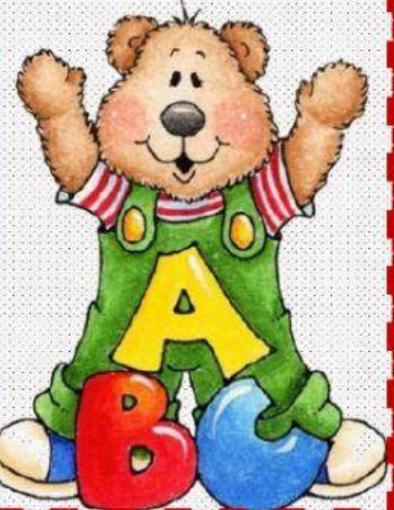
----- (-)  
----- (?)

3. The students are talking about the trip to the zoo.

----- (-)  
----- (?)

4. Mark is mowing Mrs. Johnson's lawn.

----- (-)  
----- (?)

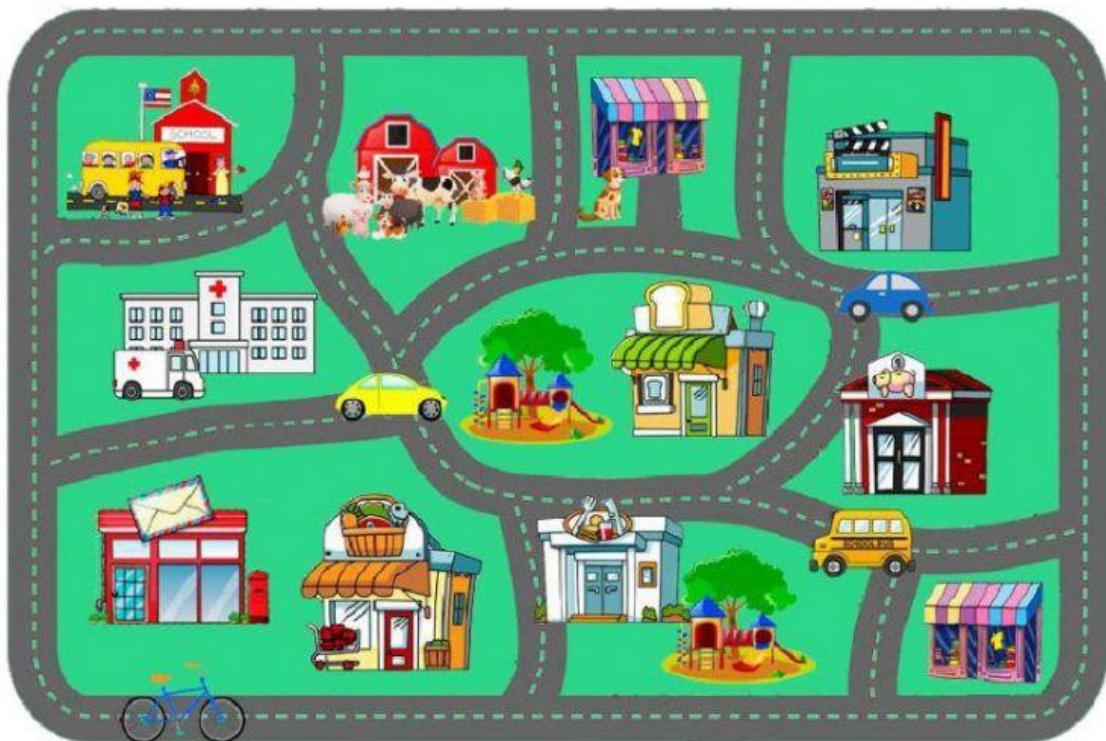


# PLACES IN A CITY

## - GRAMMAR -



1. Look at the map. Then, answer the questions.



1. Is there a supermarket? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Are there three cars? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Is there a swimming pool? \_\_\_\_\_
4. Is there a dog? \_\_\_\_\_
5. Are there two parks? \_\_\_\_\_
6. Are there two shops? \_\_\_\_\_
7. Is there a school bus? \_\_\_\_\_
8. Is there a hotel? \_\_\_\_\_
9. Are there two supermarkets? \_\_\_\_\_
10. Is there a zoo? \_\_\_\_\_



### Remember!

Is there...?

✓ Yes, there is.

✗ No, there isn't.

Are there...?

✓ Yes, there are.

✗ No, there aren't.

**COMPLETE WITH THERE IS OR THERE ARE**

- 1) \_\_\_\_\_ A LIBRARY
- 2) \_\_\_\_\_ TWO PARKS
- 3) \_\_\_\_\_ A HOTEL
- 4) \_\_\_\_\_ FOUR BAKERIES
- 5) \_\_\_\_\_ A MARKET
- 6) \_\_\_\_\_ THREE CHURCHES

**CLOTHES**

**What's she wearing?**

**pink hat**

**blue scarf**

**blue gloves**

**pink sweater**

**pink boots**



**SHE IS WEARING A PINK HAT, A BLUE SCARF, BLUE GLOVES, A PINK SWEATER AND PINK  
BOOTS.**



WHAT IS SHE WEARING?

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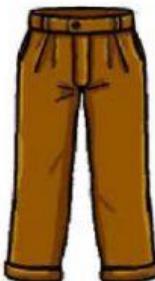
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# CLOTHES

1) Match the picture with the word



JACKET



JEANS



T-SHIRT



TROUSERS



DRESS



SHORTS



JUMPER

SHOES

To talk about possession we use  
these forms

Check the  
subject.  
The subject  
is the person  
or object in  
the  
sentence

I  
you  
We  
They  
He  
She  
It

+ Have got + books

+ Has got + A book



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# GRAMMAR

## HAVE GOT or HAS GOT

Complete the sentences using Have got or Has got

1. The clown \_\_\_\_\_ three balloons.



2. The girls \_\_\_\_\_ a band



3. Ben \_\_\_\_\_ four presents.



4. Sally \_\_\_\_\_ a teddy bear



5. The witch \_\_\_\_\_ a cat.



6. Mary, Mike and Jimmy \_\_\_\_\_ a tent



7. My family \_\_\_\_\_ a car



8. Kate and Ben \_\_\_\_\_ a book



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## HAVE GOT

### Girl

✓ She has got...



➤ She has got a fringe.

✗ She hasn't got...

➤ She hasn't got glasses.

? Has she got ...?

➤ Has she got blue eyes?

### Boy

✓ He has got...



➤ He has got blond hair.

✗ He hasn't got...

➤ He hasn't got a beard.

? Has he got ...?

➤ Has he got blue eyes?

## HAVE GOT

### Children



✓ They have got...

➤ They have got red hair.

✗ They haven't got...

➤ They haven't got small eyes.

? Have they got ...?

➤ Have they got brown eyes?

### Questions

Has she got small eyes?

Yes, she has. / No, she hasn't.

Has he got a beard?

Yes, he has. / No, he hasn't.

Have they got brown hair?

Yes, they have. / No, they haven't.

## LIVEWORKSHEETS

### ANSWER:

- 1) HAVE YOU GOT A PET?
- 2) HAS YOUR MOTHER GOT A CAR?
- 3) HAVE YOUR FRIENDS GOT A BOOK?
- 4) HAS YOUR BROTHER/SISTER GOT A PHONE?
- 5) HAS YOUR FATHER GOT A COMPUTER?
- 6) HAVE YOU GOT A TABLET?