

Nama:

Tarikh:

Kelas:

2.1.5 Menentukan nilai bagi pecahan wajar dan nombor bercampur daripada sesuatu kuantiti.

Selesaikan pecahan di bawah ini

1) $\frac{3}{7}$ daripada 35 =

$= \frac{\square}{\square} \times \square$	L1
$= \frac{\square \times \square}{\square}$	L2
$= \frac{\square}{\square}$	L3
$= \square$	

2) $\frac{5}{6}$ daripada 42 =

$= \frac{\square}{\square} \times \square$	L1
$= \frac{\square \times \square}{\square}$	L2
$= \frac{\square}{\square}$	L3
$= \square$	

3) $\frac{5}{9}$ daripada 45 =

$= \frac{\square}{\square} \times \square$	L1
$= \frac{\square \times \square}{\square}$	L2
$= \frac{\square}{\square}$	L3
$= \square$	

4) $\frac{1}{3}$ daripada 42 =

$= \frac{\square}{\square} \times \square$	L1
$= \frac{\square \times \square}{\square}$	L2
$= \frac{\square}{\square}$	L3
$= \square$	

5) $\frac{2}{5}$ daripada 175 =

$= \frac{\square}{\square} \times \square$	L1
$= \frac{\square \times \square}{\square}$	L2
$= \frac{\square}{\square}$	L3
$= \square$	

6) $3\frac{2}{7}$ daripada 49 =

$= \square \times \square + \frac{\square}{\square} \times \square$	L1
$= \square + \frac{\square \times \square}{\square}$	L2
$= \square + \frac{\square}{\square}$	L3
$= \square + \square = \square$	

7) $2\frac{3}{4}$ daripada 36 =

$= \square \times \square + \frac{\square}{\square} \times \square$	L1
$= \square + \frac{\square \times \square}{\square}$	L2
$= \square + \frac{\square}{\square}$	L3
$= \square + \square = \square$	

8) $3\frac{1}{7}$ daripada 112 =

$= \square \times \square + \frac{\square}{\square} \times \square$	L1
$= \square + \frac{\square \times \square}{\square}$	L2
$= \square + \frac{\square}{\square}$	L3
$= \square + \square = \square$	

9) $2\frac{5}{9}$ daripada 207 =

$= \square \times \square + \frac{\square}{\square} \times \square$	L1
$= \square + \frac{\square \times \square}{\square}$	L2
$= \square + \frac{\square}{\square}$	L3
$= \square + \square = \square$	

"Saya suka Matematik"