

Name: _____ Group: _____
Teacher: _____ Date: ____ / ____ / ____EM3
PROVA

VOCABULARY

Personal qualities

1 Unscramble the words to form the opposites of the adjectives.

tactful	att s l sec	tactless _____
1 complimentary	l c i r c i a t	_____
2 faithful	i e l k c f	_____
3 sincere	c i t c r a s s a	_____
4 reserved	s g o e r g i u a r	_____

2 Complete the sentences with adjectives from exercise 1.

Tim loves being with crowds of people. He's a very gregarious person.

- 1 "Do you prefer cats or dogs?" "I prefer dogs because they are more _____ to their owners."
- 2 Annie is always changing her mind. She's an incredibly _____ person.
- 3 Don't be _____! Why can't you say what you really think?
- 4 I'll try and be _____ when I tell her the news. But she'll be upset however I tell her.
- 5 My brother is very _____ and he doesn't really like to show his feelings.
- 6 It's OK to be _____, but it would be more helpful if you suggested improvements.

Focus on phrasal verbs

3 Complete the sentences with the phrasal verbs below.

break off follow through show up speak up

- 1 Now you've told Grandma that you'll take her shopping, you'll have to _____ on your promise.
- 2 We were expecting Tim at 2:30 p.m., but he didn't _____ until five o'clock.
- 3 Sarah decided to _____ her engagement with Dan when he was seen with another girl.
- 4 We can't hear you at the back. Can you _____, please?

Idioms

4 Rewrite the sentences. Replace the underlined words with an idiom formed with the words in parentheses.

Don't say anything about Katie's school results because you'll upset her. She did very badly. (nerve)Don't say anything about Katie's school results because you'll hit a nerve. She did very badly.

- 1 I found her decision difficult to accept at first, but now I feel better about things. (swallow)

- 2 They have had good and bad times in their marriage, but they seem happy now. (ups)

3 You're just going to have to **deal with the situation** and make the best of it. (bullet)

4 He didn't have to **be nasty** about her weight. Sarah's very sensitive about it. (knife)

5 I'm stuck between **two unpleasant things** – either I have to work in the vacation or get a weekend job. (rock)

GRAMMAR

4 Modals

1. If you don't use an agent, you _____ not be able to find an apartment in the city.

- a. ought to
- b. must
- c. should
- d. might
- e. can

2. I couldn't sign a lease before I reached age 18, but she _____ now. I'm 21.

- a. able
- b. can
- c. can able
- d. can know
- e. speak

3. When I was in college, I _____ manage a job and my studies at the same time.

- a. must not
- b. might not
- c. don't
- d. couldn't
- e. couldn't be able to

4. My friend said, 'Next week, I will _____ help you move.'

- a. am able to
- b. can
- c. could
- d. going to
- e. be able to

5. My friend has a lot of books on his shelves. He _____ like to read. (conclusion)

- a. must
- b. will
- c. can
- d. ought to
- e) has to

6. He told me that he _____ and help me move, but he never did.

- a. would came
- b. would have come
- c. will come
- d. would come
- e. will have come

7. After trying for two years, yesterday, I _____ to lease a good apartment with a view of the city.

- a. am able
- b. can
- c. could
- d. was able
- e. could have

8. My mother said, 'In the city, you _____ go out alone at night.' I told her I wouldn't.

- a. should not
- b. don't have to
- c. couldn't
- d. aren't able to
- e. would not

9. In the city, everyone _____ use public transportation to help ease traffic and save energy.

- a. shouldn't
- b. ought to
- c. has to
- d. is able to
- e. could have

10. When I rented a room in college, I _____ my parents co-sign the lease.
a. must have
b. had to have
c. must have had
d. have to have
e. would have

Past Modals

5 Rewrite the sentences using the correct bold modal verb in the PAST.

I wanted to take part in last year's New York Marathon, but I didn't. (**should**)

I should have taken part in the last year's New York Marathon.

1 It was wrong of you to speak so rudely to the teacher. (**should**)

You should not speak so rudely to the teacher.

2 I tried calling you yesterday but nobody answered the phone. (**might**)

You might have called you yesterday but nobody answered the phone.

3 That woman was Richard's sister. She looked like him and had the same last name. (**must**)

She must be Richard's sister.

4 That woman wasn't Richard's sister. She didn't look like him and didn't have the same last name. (**can't**)

You can't be Richard's sister.

5 Maybe she applied for a new job. (**may**)

She may have applied for a new job.

6 This is wrong. I explained yesterday. I think you weren't paying attention. (**could**)

You could not have been paying attention.

Phrasal modals

6 Rewrite the sentences replacing the bold words with the correct form of a phrasal modal.

I **couldn't** call my parents because I didn't have my cell phone.

I wasn't able to call my parents because I didn't have my cell phone.

1 You **must not** ride a motorcycle without a helmet. It's illegal.

You must not ride a motorcycle without a helmet.

2 It **isn't necessary** to stay if you don't want to.

You isn't necessary to stay if you don't want to.

3 I **should** go on a diet because I'm overweight. The doctor has told me to.

I should go on a diet because I'm overweight.

4 We **couldn't** see anything because two tall men were sitting in front of us.

We couldn't see anything because two tall men were sitting in front of us.

5 It's possible that **my parents will let me** go to the music festival next month.

I might my parents will let me go to the music festival next month.

GOOD LUCK! ☺